#### **FALKIRK COUNCIL**

Subject: POLICE SCOTLAND – FALKIRK AREA COMMAND

PERFORMANCE REPORT

Meeting: SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

Date: 1 DECEMBER 2014

Author: DIRECTOR OF CORPORATE AND NEIGHBOURHOOD SERVICES

#### 1. INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

- 1.1 Following the establishment of Police Scotland on 1 April 2013 under the provisions of the Police and Fire Reform (Scotland) Act 2012, local commanders are required to report on performance with regard to the local policing plan A new local Police Plan covering the period 2014 2017 was considered and approved by Falkirk Council on 25 June 2014. The Local Plan is noted as background to this report.
- 1.2 This report covers the period April 2014 to September 2014, and highlights the performance of local policing across the Falkirk Council area, in accordance with the local policing plan. The reports will be presented by David Flynn, Chief Superintendent, Forth Valley Area Division who will also answer any questions Members may have on the attached reports.
- 1.3 A summary report is provided by Police Scotland at Appendix 1. The detailed performance report is attached at appendix 2. This provides performance on a number of different indicators as well as trend analysis. In addition to this the report also covers current risks and threats associated with the Local Policing Plan. The implementation of the new local Police Plan has resulted in a change in the indicators the police will report performance on. The report style is consistent with that provided for Clackmannanshire and Stirling Councils.

#### 1.4 Additional information on:

• Road traffic collisions has been provided at appendices 3 and 4;

#### 2. CONCLUSION

2.1 This report provides an opportunity for Members to fulfil their scrutiny role on local policing as set out in the Police and Fire Reform (Scotland) Act 2012.

#### 3. **RECOMMENDATIONS**

It is recommended that the Scrutiny Committee note

- 3.1 Performance on the local policing plan and supporting appendix; and
- 3.2 The additional information provided on road traffic collisions.

#### DIRECTOR OF CORPORATE & NEIGHBOURHOOD SERVICES

Date: 7 November 2014

Ref: ABC1114AW – Police Scotland – Falkirk Area Command Performance Report

Contact Name: Andrew Wilson

#### LIST OF BACKGROUND PAPERS

1. Police Scotland Local Plan 2014 - 2017

Any person wishing to inspect the background papers listed above should telephone Falkirk 01324 506046 and ask for Andrew Wilson.



Subject PERFORMANCE FALKIRK COUNCIL AREA APRIL- SEPT 2014

Date: 1 DECEMBER 2014

Author: LOCAL POLICE COMMANDER

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 The purpose of this report is to highlight matters in the Area Command such as emerging trends, threats and issues or particular successes and difficulties.
- 1.2 The Falkirk Policing Performance Scrutiny Report table contains the current information on performance against selected performance indicators. This covering report provides complementary information to that in the table to present a rounded picture of issues affecting policing in Falkirk Council area.
- 1.3 The data provided in the table and report is for information purposes to allow Board Members to conduct their scrutiny responsibilities. It should be noted that the timing of this meeting of the Committee allows the reporting of preliminary year to date 2014/15 statistics covering Quarters 1 & 2. There may be minor amendments between the information in this report and the final 2014/15 statistics for example due to delayed reporting or recording of crimes, road crashes or incidents. It would not therefore be accurate or appropriate to refer to, quote or use the data in this report as official statistics. 5 year average figures are not available for all measures. For Road Traffic Collision measures, the 3 year average will be used as 5 year averages are not available.
- 1.4 The format of this report reflects the Falkirk Local Policing Plan priorities (i.e. Protecting People and Places, Dealing with Antisocial Behaviour, Violent Crime, Disrupting Organised Crime, Crimes of Dishonesty and Making Roads Safer). There is also a further category of Cross Cutting Themes which are relevant to all the foregoing priorities.
- 1.5 The format of this report is based on a Covalent report which it is hoped will be the reporting tool once training has been undertaken. A key to the icons precedes the table.
- 1.6 There will be contextual information provided on current performance. For a small number of indicators only the Forth Valley Division figure is available at this time, and this is identified in the contextual comments.

#### 2. INFORMATION

- 2.1 The first two quarters of 2014/15 sees the long-term trend of reducing crime rates continuing in crime groups 1 to 4 with a drop of 13.9% (419 crimes less) from the figure at this time last year. Reductions in the number of crimes of dishonesty (337 crimes less, down by 17%) and of damage to property (116 fewer crimes, down 13.5%) have contributed to the overall fall in groups 1 4 Crime. However, these are offset by an increase in serious violence (21 more crimes, up by 29.2%) accompanied by an increase in crimes of indecency (13 more crimes, up by 13.1%).
- 2.2 The performance indicators currently used in the table reflect the aspirations of Forth Valley Division to achieve continuous improvement in service delivery to the communities in this area.
- 2.3 The table contains information produced by Police Scotland which is relevant to national priorities and also reflects the objectives in the Falkirk Local Policing Plan. The 39 new local plan indicators are shown as *italics* in the table. Where indicators link to more than one of the six policing priorities they have been collated under the heading of Cross Cutting Themes.
- 2.4 Together, they help to provide information on trends in performance which is expanded by the contextual information and actions shown in the final column. Thirty-five of the local plan indicators currently contain data which allow long term comparisons to be made. Of these, 15 show positive performance, 3 remain static whilst 17 show reduced levels. Forty-eight of the local plan indicators currently contain data which allow short term comparisons to be made. Of these, 27 show positive performance, 3 remain static whilst 18 show reduced levels. The scrutiny table provides detail of how significant the variations in performance were, and whether it varied in respect of the previous year or the 3/5 year average or both.
- 2.5 One of the objectives under the priority of **Protecting the Public** is to reduce the levels of **crimes of indecency**. The increase in the crime group over the first quarter continues to impact on the year to date figures which show a rise from 99 during the reporting period last year to 112 in this year. Last year's figure was particularly low compared with the preceding 4 years and this quarter's figures are now showing a level of consistency with long term average figures. Crimes are recorded according to the date they are **reported** regardless of when they occurred, and 28 (25%) of the crimes reported since 1 April 2014 occurred before that date. Levels of offending by individuals who are strangers to the victim remain very low.
- 2.6 Another objective under the preceding priority is to respond to **hate crimes** and offences. There has been a reduction in reported hate crimes down from 137 to 124 for the current reporting period. The largest single characteristic of victims continues to be based on race with over two thirds of all such crimes falling within this category. The rates for detecting offenders remains high at

- over 80% and reflects the importance placed on addressing this issue. Effort in detecting offenders is complemented by the provision of assistance, advice and guidance to victims.
- 2.7 The number of **domestic abuse incidents** (938) shows an increase against the same period last year (885). This issue has been given particular emphasis within Forth Valley Division and measures including intervention, enforcement and target profiling have been applied successfully.
- 2.8 The long-term downward trend in crimes and offences involving **anti-social behaviour**, **disorder and vandalism** has continued over the reporting period. There was a significant decrease of just over 21.1% (-1288) in complaints of disorder from the previous year, and a similar picture with vandalism which showed reductions of about 15.4% (-121).
- 2.9 In respect of **violent crime**, there was a rise (+16) in the number of serious assaults which goes against the longer term trend seen to date of steady reductions in this type of crime. The number of attempted murders has fallen from 2 to 1 with a number of Qtr 1 crimes reclassified as serious assaults following a review. Minor assaults have reduced during April September, down 2.9% (-28) from last year. Overall this category is following a downward trend as the current level is still 10.4% lower than the 5 year average. Detection rates in all of these categories remain at high levels. In the majority of assaults no weapon was used. The number of robberies from April to September 2014 (14) remained static on the previous year's figure and overall this crime type remains a rare incident. Most robberies involve the taking of items such as mobile phones and small sums of money and are carried out by way of threat of violence rather than acts of violence.
- 2.10 A focused effort against the **misuse of drugs** has seen a rise from last year in the number of persons charged with the supply, production or cultivation of illegal substances (86 to 95) which is in line with recent upward trends taking performance back towards the levels seen in previous years.
- 2.11 **Crimes of dishonesty (group 3)** shows an overall reduction of 17% against the same period last year and is at its lowest level seen in the preceding 5 years. One of the most significant increases has been in thefts by housebreaking (277 to 293), but this can be attributed to an increase in crimes involving thefts from sheds and garages rather than break-ins to houses. Reports of theft by shoplifting have reduced significantly by 25.7% (-98) against the previous year and is at its lowest level in the last 5 years. The detection rate for acquisitive crime stands at 41.1%.
- 2.12 **Road Policing and Road Crime** is being addressed within the new structure of a local Forth Valley Divisional Road Policing Unit supplemented by the national Trunks Road Policing Group which covers activity on key main routes. The number of injury road collisions has reduced (140 to 109) and people killed or seriously injured has increased slightly (20 to 21), both are below the three year averages. Focused efforts on addressing the potential causes of collision such as speeding continue and although there has been in increase in

detection in the number of speeders, despite proactivity, the number of drivers not wearing seat belts and using mobile phones while driving have reduced. More detail on collisions is shown in the attached table, and locations and severity of injuries are highlighted on the maps provided.

2.13 Community Confidence and Engagement remains at the heart of local policing, and the number of complaints about the police and the nature of such complaints can be a measure of how well this is being achieved. The number for this reporting period is 35. There were a total of 56 allegations contained within the 35 complaints, of which 52 were in relation to the actions of staff whilst on duty, 0 for off-duty incidents and 4 in respect of the quality of service delivered by the organisation. No significant trends in respect of individuals or particular locations are currently discernible. The results of the service user survey shown in sections 72 - 78 of the table relate to Forth Valley Division as a whole, although it is anticipated that future figures will be broken down to local authority areas. There is generally a high level of satisfaction with the various elements of service delivery.

#### 3. RISKS AND THREATS

- 3.1 Some of the risks and threats which continue to present are:
  - Metal theft although this has seen a drop locally
  - Skimming devices in Automated Teller Machines
  - o Bogus collection/theft of "charity" clothing –although sporadic
  - o Child neglect (including the level of care and hygiene in the home)
  - Local impact of serious organised crime groups viz Operation Flameberry
  - Lack of awareness surrounding so called "legal highs".

By their nature, these remain longer-term threats and Forth Valley Division continues to focus on intervention and enforcement to address them.

- 3.2 No significant new operational issues emerged during the last reporting period.
- 3.3 During the current reporting period, officers from a national unit worked with local officers on **Operation RAC** which targeted the crime of Theft by Housebreaking, but also extended into other crimes of dishonesty. These categories of dishonesties accounted for about half of all detections under the operation to date. There were also successes in charging individuals involved in violent or threatening behaviour, in misusing drugs and in the commission of other offences including vandalism. Officers also detected a significant number of road traffic offences including three disqualified drivers.

#### 4. UPDATES

4.1 This section of the report provides brief details of any matters within Falkirk Area Command which present a challenge for Forth Valley Division or which are of particular interest. Information on recent issues which emerged since the production of this report will be provided by way of a verbal report at the meeting.

#### 5. Appendices

- 5.1 Appendix 2 Falkirk Policing Performance Scrutiny Board Report
- 5.2 Appendix 3 Road Collisions Statistics Falkirk Area Command
- 5.3 Appendix 4 Road Collision Mapping Falkirk Area Command

LOCAL COMMANDER, FORTH VALLEY DIVISION

Date: 13 November 2014

Contact Name: PC Amy McGregor (01324 678855)

### Appendix 1

Appendix 2

Key		
PI Status	Five Year trend	Comparison to previous period
Alert		
Warning	1mproving	Improving
<b>⊘</b> ok	No change	No change
Unknown	Getting worse	Getting worse
Data only		

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17 : Performance Reporting

Pro	tecting People						
No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response
1	Number of Group 2 Crimes  – Crimes of Indecency	110.2	99	Reduce	112	*	Context: In the great majority of crimes of indecency, the perpetrator is known to the victim – the number carried out by strangers remains extremely low. All such crimes are investigated with the same thoroughness regardless of when they were committed. The CID oversees every sexual offences case and these are scrutinised daily to ensure prompt progress of the investigation. In recent years there has been a growing confidence among victims to report these crimes. Third party reporting through other organisations is also being promoted through a portal on the Police Scotland website on which details of participating bodies are available.  Update: The review period April to September 2014 shows an increase of 13 additional crimes recorded under Group 2 Crimes of Indecency. Previously there has-been

NDA = no data available

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

Pro	tecting People						
No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response
							a trend of gradual reduction from a peak of offences in 2011 following the introduction of new legislation which increased the number of offences which could be reported under this category, however the number of crimes has increased against both those reported last year and the 5 year average.  A rise in the number of historic offences explains the increase in the current reporting period.  Of the 112 crimes reported since 1 April 2014, 28 (25%) were committed before that date with 15 of those having occurred before 1 April 2013.  Excessive alcohol consumption increases victim vulnerability to this type of crime, and police and partners are developing ways to highlight this to potential victims and to others who would be able to intervene.
2	Number of Rapes	15.2	18	Reduce	26	*	Context: A dedicated Rape Investigation Unit has been established in Forth Valley Division. Their remit is to oversee the investigation into these crimes to ensure a common standard of investigation is followed in accordance with the force's Rape Investigation Protocol.  Update: Although reported within the reporting period only 13 crimes were committed during that time and the other 13 were committed pre 1 April 2014, 7 of these occurred prior to 1 April 2013 and have been reported to police as historic crimes.
3	Group 2 Crimes - Detection Rate	<b>1</b> 72.1%	97%	Increase	92%	*	Context: There are Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) to direct investigations into these crimes. Enquiries can be protracted and detection rates can fluctuate month

NDA = no data available

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

	tecting People						
No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response
							to month, but on average over the longer term are about 80%.
							<b>Update:</b> The current detection rate has dropped by 5 points compared to April 2013 to September 2013 but is up 19.8 points when compared to the 5 year average.
4	Rape Detection Rate	80%	111.1%	Increase	73.1%	*	Context: In common with other crimes of indecency, detection of rapes often happens months after they are reported. So crimes recorded in any month may not be the same as crimes detected. This makes detection rates fluctuate considerably between months and may sometimes result in rates of over 100%. Forensic investigation is important, but is obviously less applicable for "historic" crimes.  Update: The current period shows the level of detected crimes has dropped when compared with the previous year to date and the 5 year average. Enquiries are ongoing in relation to the outstanding undetected crimes.
5	Sexual Offences Liaison Officer deployed within 24 hours for all rapes	NDA	NDA	Maintain	100%	<b>&gt;</b>	Context: A Sexual Offences Liaison Officer (SOLO) is specially trained to provide support to victims of rape and early deployment has proven to be of great benefit to victims. The Target is a Forth Valley wide target to achieve 100% Sexual Offences Liaison Officer (SOLO) deployment within 24hrs of such a crime being reported. There is no previous comparative data available.  Update: This target has been achieved for this reporting

NDA = no data available

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response
							period.
6	Level of repeat offending – Registered Sex Offender committing sexual offences / other offences (Forth Valley Div figures)	NDA	NDA		3 / 35		Context: Management of offenders under the Multi Agency Public Protection Arrangements (MAPPA) is intended to limit the risk posed to the community. The leve of management applied is commensurate with the perceived risk. There are currently 203 registered offender – of these there is one in the highest category (level 3) with 30(14.7%) at level 2 and 172 at the lowest level 1 (84.7%)  Update: 35 of the 203 offenders registered in Forth Valley Division re-offended after inclusion on the sex offenders register, with a total of 3 of these persons having committed offences which involved a sexual element.
7	Number of young people who offend	NDA	844		418	<u></u>	Context: This figure is for the whole of Forth valley Division. The population of 8 to 17 year olds is estimated at 34,307 and the number of young people who offend per 10k population is calculated at 122. In context, the percentage of 8 to 17 year olds that offend is 1.2%.  Update: This 50.5% reduction may be as a result of the whole systems approach being successful.
8	Number of young people issued with Formal Warnings	NDA	87		75	<u></u>	Context: These figures are for the whole of Forth Valley.  Update: The number of 8-15 year olds is 52 and the number of 16&17 year olds is 23. This reduction of 13.8% is linked to the number of young people who commit crime which as shown above has fallen significantly over the

NDA = no data available

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

Pro	tecting People						
No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response
							reporting period.
9	Number of young people who are referred to an Early & Effective Interventions co-ordinator.	NDA	318	Increase	149	*	Context: These figures are for the whole of Forth Valley. 112 offenders were aged between 8 and 15 years, whilst 37 were aged 16 or 17 years.  Update: This reduction is linked to the number of young people who commit crimes which as shown above has fallen significantly over the reporting period.
10	Number of proactive internet based Child Protection investigations	NDA	NDA		15	<u></u>	Context: This figure is for the whole of Forth Valley Division and is a new measure therefore no comparative data is available. Over time this will provide an indication of pro-active work in this area.  Update:
11	Number of children referred to partner agencies	NDA	NDA		247	<u></u>	Context: This figure relates to the number of children 15 years and under (or 16-17 yrs if under a supervision order) reported to Scottish Children's Reporter Administration or to the Procurator Fiscal across the Forth Valley Division.  Update: There is no baseline data with which to compare performance. The referrals can be broken down as follows: SCRA = 81 SCRA/PF = 34 PF only = 132
12	% of police attendance at	NDA	NDA		86.4%		Context: This figure relates to % of Police attendance as

NDA = no data available

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

Pro	tecting People						
No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response
	Child Protection case conferences						a result of invitations to partner agency child protection case conferences and is for the whole of the Forth Valley Division. These meetings include Pre-birth meetings, initial meetings and review meetings
							<b>Update:</b> There were 264 meetings held during the reporting period, 228 of which were attended by Police. Of those attended 18 were pre-birth, 53 initial and 159 were review meetings. Police reports are provided to all meetings not personally attended by officers.
13	E-Safety Partnership - No of persons engaged with	NDA	NDA		102		Context: The partnership comprises Police, Education, Child Protection, Social Work, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Sector Agencies and private technology industries and works with the Scottish Govt Child Internet Safety Stake Holders Group. This measure indicates the total number of persons engaged with at E-Safety Partnership events and presentations in the Falkirk area. Children are placed into 3 age groups – 5-7yrs, 8-10yrs & 11-16yrs with a separate category for parents.
10	at talks/events	NDA	NDA		102		<b>Update:</b> Between April & June 2014 events were delivered in the Falkirk area to 0 x 5-7 year olds, 0 x 8-10 year olds, 49 x 11-16 year olds and 30 parents. In addition to the above figures basic Child Online Protection Centre (CEOP) training for professionals was delivered to 23 professionals from across Forth Valley from Education, Social work and Health services with a view to enabling them to cascade this to piers and service users. No further training has been delivered in the Falkirk area in

NDA = no data available

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

Pro	tecting People						
No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response
							the 2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter however there are events for young people planned to be delivered over the 3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter.
14	Number of adult at risk referrals made to partner agencies	NDA	NDA		963		Context: This figure relates to the Forth Valley Division and captures the number of adults identified by police to meet the Three point test under the Adult Support and protection (Scotland) Act 2007. Adults at Risk are defined as those over 16 yrs who are unable to safeguard their own well being, property, rights or other interest and are at risk and because they are affected by disability, mental disorder, illness or mental infirmity, are more vulnerable to being harmed than adults not so affected.  Update: There is no baseline data with which to compare performance.
15	Number of hate crimes	NDA	137	Reduce	124		Context: Police now specifically identify all categories of hate crime committed in respect of personal characteristics such as disability and sexual orientation as well as race. However, race remains the single largest category. Additional support to victims of such crime is often an important element of the response.  Update: There has been a 9.5% reduction in reported Hate crimes, from 137 reported in the first two Qtrs last year to 124 for the same period this year. Of these incidents 67% (85 charges) had a racial element. 29 incidents had a Police Officer as the victim with 13 of these being race related.  No specific minority ethnic group is being targeted re Race

NDA = no data available

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

Pro	tecting People						
No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response
							crimes as victims are from countries including Spain, Poland, Pakistan, India and South Africa.
16	Hate crimes and offences  – detection rate	NDA	89.9%	Increase	80%	•	Context: Police now specify all categories of hate crime committed in respect of personal characteristics such as disability and sexual orientation as well as race. Victims of hate crime can be amongst the most vulnerable persons in the community, and investigation of such crime receives particular focus  Update: As a result of the priority these crimes are given 80% of crimes this year have been detected so far. This is 9.9 points lower than the same period last year.  Race hate crimes are still the highest proportion of hate motivated crimes
17	Total domestic abuse incidents	NDA	885		938		Context: The targeting of repeat offenders and strong levels of support for victims are both key to addressing the issue of domestic abuse.  Update: This has increased by 6% compared with last year. Over three quarters of incidents reported resulted in a crime being recorded, with assault/threatening behaviour the most common. The peak days for offending were Sunday, Saturday and Friday which together accounted for over 50% of incidents. This might suggest a link to the increased consumption of alcohol normally associated with weekends.

NDA = no data available

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

Pro	tecting People						
No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response
18	Total crimes and offences in domestic abuse incidents	NDA	788		794	<u></u>	Context: This figure relates to the total number of crimes recorded that are attributed to domestic abuse.  Update: The current figures show a marginal increase of 0.8% compared with the same period last year.
19	% of Domestic abuse incidents that result in a crime being recorded	NDA	48.5%		62.8%	<u></u>	Context: This figure relates to the number of Domestic Abuse incidents reported that are subsequently investigated as crimes. All domestic abuse incidents are subjected to a high level of scrutiny to ensure a victim oriented approach. NB this figures relates to number of incidents not number of crimes.  Update: There has been an increase of 14.3 points when compared with the same period last year.
20	Total crimes and offences in domestic abuse incidents detection rate	NDA	80.8%	Increase	79%	-	Context: High detection rates arising from thorough investigation may contribute to reductions in the incidence of domestic abuse by highlighting to the perpetrator the likelihood of arrest and subsequent criminal proceedings as a consequence of their action.  Update: There is no significant change in this figure with a drop of 1.8%.
21	Number of detections for domestic abuse bail offences.	NDA	45		52	<u> </u>	<b>Context:</b> This figure provides an indication of how many offenders have breached bail conditions imposed at court following incidents of a domestic nature.

NDA = no data available

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

Pro	tecting People						
No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response
							<b>Update:</b> The figures show an increase of 15.6% compared with last year.
22	Ensure 95% of domestic abuse initial bail checks are conducted within a prescribed timeframe (24hrs)	NDA	NDA	Increase	94.9%	_	Context: This KPI relates to when a perpetrator of domestic abuse has been held in custody and released on bail from court. Once Police are notified they thereafter have 24hrs to trace the victim and notify them of the release to prevent further crime and reduce risk and harm to the victim and wider society.  Update: This area is given a high degree of priority with all possible effort made to deliver these messages within the target time.
23	No of individuals subject of Multi Agency Tasking and Coordinating - MATAC referrals (High risk perpetrators of domestic abuse)	NDA	NDA		13	<u></u>	Context: This process started in June 2013 and therefore no previous comparative data is available.
24	No of individuals subject of Multi Agency Risk Assessment Conferences - MARAC referrals (High risk victims of domestic abuse)	NDA	NDA		38	<u></u>	Context: This process started in August 2013 and therefore no previous comparative data is available.
25	CONTEST – measures to	This	measure	is being	developed.		Context: CONTEST is the UK Government's Counter Terrorism Strategy which is organised around 4 work

NDA = no data available

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

Pro	Protecting People									
No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response			
	be developed locally						streams, each comprising a number of key objectives:  Pursue: to stop terrorist attacks  Prevent: to stop people becoming terrorists or supporting terrorism  Protect: to strengthen our protection against a terrorist attack  Prepare: to mitigate the impact of a terrorist attack  Update:			

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response
26	Total number of Group 4 crimes	1062.4	858	Reduce	742		Context: Group 4 Crimes include Fireraising, Vandalism. Reckless Conduct (with a Firearm) and Culpable and Reckless Conduct (not firearms). Vandalism typically makes up 91% of this crime type.  Update: There has been a 13.5% reduction in the total number of reported Group 4 crimes year to date and a further reduction of 30.2% crimes compared with the 5 year average.

NDA = no data available

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

Pro	tecting Places						
No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response
27	Group 4 crimes detection rate	36.6%	35.4%	Increase	33.2%	*	Context: Perpetrators are normally local to the community in which crimes are committed, and community officers focus on identifying them.  Update: The detection rate for Group 4 Crimes has fallen by 2.3 points compared with last year and is down 3.4 points compared with the 5 year average.
28	Number of vandalisms	<b>1</b> 962	785	Reduce	664	٠	Context: Most common types of damage are to house windows and to vehicles.  Update: There has been a 15.4% reduction in the number of reported vandalisms and a fall of 31% when compared with the 5 year average.
29	Vandalism detection rate	35.1%	33%	Increase	30%	3	<b>Update:</b> The detection rate for vandalism has fallen by 3 points compared with last year's figures and is 5.1 points lower than the 5 year average.
30	Number of Fireraisings	<b>1</b> 61.2	35	Reduce	35	-	<b>Update:</b> Reported crimes of Fireraising are down 42.8% on the 5 year average whilst there is no change when compared with the same period last year.
31	Fireraising detection rate	32%	34.3%	Increase	28.6%	*	<b>Update:</b> The detection rate for crimes of Fireraising is down 5.7 points compared with the same period last year and down 3.4 points on the 5 year average.

**NDA** = no data available

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and circulation of daily tactical reports.

## Falkirk Policing Performance Scrutiny Report Performance Indicators – 1 April 2014 to 30 September 2014

#### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting **Dealing with Antisocial Behaviour** Performance Indicator Apr- Sep Apr- Sep **Context and Actions/Response** 5 Year **Target** Short 2013 2014 **Trend** Average **Context:** As incidents of disorder often feature noise/neighbour disputes, work is being undertaken to identify locations where there are repeat occurrences to allow preventive /intervention strategies to be developed by partner agencies. High visibility patrols are directed in accordance with intelligence and information about incidents of recurring disorder involving particular locations or individuals. This includes local community Number of complaints information which identifies any recurring disorder 32 NDA 6109 Reduce 4821 regarding disorder **Update:** There has been a continued reduction in incidents of disorder against last year which follows the long term trend over the past few years. The number of incidents of disorder reported for the first two quarters of 2014 have fallen by 1288 (21.1%) when compared with the same period last year. Joint TT&CG with Falkirk Council is continuing involving regular partnership liaison

	Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17 : Performance Reporting  Violent Crime									
No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response			
33	Total number of Group 1: Crimes of Violence	87.8	72	Reduce	93	*	Context: There has been a rise over the first two quarters of 2014 in the overall level of violent crime which is up 29.2% compared with the same period last			

**NDA** = no data available

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

#### **Violent Crime** Performance Indicator 5 Year Apr- Sep Apr- Sep **Context and Actions/Response Target** Short **Average** 2013 2014 **Trend** year, and levels are also 5.9% higher than the 5 year average. There are no notable patterns in respect of location or perpetrator, although consumption of alcohol is a common feature in the majority of incidents. The Criminal Investigation Department has primary responsibility for the investigation of such incidents. **Update:** Group1 crimes of violence are scrutinised on a daily basis and at present there are no clear trends of concern. Serious Assaults account for 41.9% of Group 1 crime. A rise in the numbers reported during the current period has contributed to the overall rise in this group. **Context:** The overall trend for this crime type is downward compared with the 5 year average however generally numbers are low therefore there may be fluctuations. Number of reported 34 2 Reduce Attempted Murder 0.4**Update:** There has been one instance of this type of crime year to date which is one less victim than for the same period last year. **Context:** Due to low numbers of these crimes detection rates appear as a high percentage. Attempted Murder 35 100% 100% Maintain 100%

NDA = no data available

detection rate

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**Update:** All instances of this crime type reported within

this period were detected.

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

#### **Violent Crime** Performance Indicator 5 Year Apr- Sep Apr- Sep **Context and Actions/Response Target** Short **Average** 2013 2014 Trend **Context:** The weekend period is the peak period for serious assaults, often linked to the consumption of alcohol. Most offenders are male. Most assaults are carried out by kicks and punches rather than by use of a weapon. Number of reported **Update:** During the first two quarters of 2014 there has 23 Reduce 39 Serious Assault been an increase of 16 crimes (69.9%) compared with 34.8 the same period last year, up 12.1% on the 5 year average. This rise is attributed to a spike in June, as previously reported, which may contribute to negatively impact on the year to date performance figures for this crime type. **Context:** Crimes are recorded on the date they are reported regardless of when they occurred. Detections are recorded on the date a perpetrator is charged, regardless of when the crime was committed. This can mean that in any given month more detections are recorded than the number of crimes that are reported in a particular category. As detection rate is calculated as Serious Assault the proportion of crimes detected against those recorded 37 87% **Increase** 94.9% detection rate 98% over a specific period, this can result in detection rates of more than 100% as in this report. **Update:** Group1 crimes of violence are scrutinised on a daily basis and at present there are no trends in respect of perpetrators, victims or locations. The current

NDA = no data available

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detection rate remains high and is up 7.9 points

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

#### **Violent Crime** Performance Indicator 5 Year Apr- Sep Apr- Sep **Context and Actions/Response Target** Short **Average** 2013 2014 **Trend** compared to the same period last year but down 3.1 points on the 5 year average. Operation Tetra ran between the 1<sup>st</sup> July & 8<sup>th</sup> Sept 2014 and was aimed at increasing detections relating to serious violent crime. CI Patterson will provide an update briefing to the meeting in relation to this work which has contributed to the rise in the detection rate for these crimes. **Context:** This category also includes assault with intent to rob. Most crimes involve theft of items from individuals such as mobile phones and small amounts of cash. All cases, regardless of the property taken, are given the priority afforded to crimes of violence and are overseen by the Criminal Investigation Department. Numbers are generally low in this category and fluctuations can be seen from month to month **Update:** There is no discernable pattern in terms of Number of reported 14 Reduce 14 M/O, victim or offender. The number of robberies Robbery 11.2 averages at just over two per month over the longer term however the 1<sup>st</sup> Qtr saw an increase in this number, the impact of which is reflected in this quarter's year to date figure. No patterns or trends have emerged which might inform proactive strategies. Most incidents involve the taking of items such as mobile phones and small sums of money, and are often committed by individuals living a chaotic lifestyle. The majority of incidents involve threats of violence rather than acts of violence.

NDA = no data available

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

#### **Violent Crime** Performance Indicator 5 Year Apr- Sep Apr- Sep **Context and Actions/Response Target** Short **Average** 2013 2014 **Trend Context:** The CID have primary responsibility for investigation of robberies which are closely scrutinized to discern any emerging trends in respect of location. victim or perpetrator. Robbery detection rate 78.6% **Increase** 85.7% 70.4% **Update:** The current detection rate is up 7.1 points compared with the same period last year and up 15.3 points compared with the 5 year average. Context: A large number of these assaults occur in residential property or in gardens or nearby streets and involve people known to each other. Alcohol is often a contributory factor. Incidents also occur regularly within the night-time economy of town centres. Patrol plans and staffing profiles are designed to have staff available Number of reported at the times and locations where incidents in public are Petty (common) 975 947 40 Reduce 1056.8 likely to occur. Assault **Update:** Levels of assaults continue to reduce with a drop of 2.9% on last year and down 10.4% on the 5 year average. **Update:** The detection rate for petty assault has Petty (Common) assault increased, up 3.8 points on last year and up 0.3 points 41 77.8% Increase 81.6% on the 5 year average. detection rate 81.3% Context: This crime type is normally as a result of pro-Number of detections 1 42 73 Increase 61 active police work and is linked to stop and search for Carrying Knives etc 69.2

NDA = no data available

Fal	Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17 : Performance Reporting											
Vio	lent Crime											
No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response					
	& Possession of Offensive Weapons						activity (See KPIs 82 & 83).					
							<b>Update:</b> The general trend is that detections for this crime type have reduced in this area.					

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17 : Performance Reporting

Dis	rupting Organised C	Crime					
No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response
43	Number of indentified Serious and Organised Crime Groups (SOCGs)	NDA			2	<u></u>	<b>Context</b> : This figure is for the number of Serious and Organised Crime Groups for the whole of the Forth Valley Division and cannot be broken down to Area Command Level.
44	Number of arrests of Serious and Organised Crime Group members	NDA	50	Increase	32	3	Context: This figure is for the whole of the Forth Valley Division and cannot be broken down to Area Command Level.  Update: The number of arrests has dropped by 36% when compared with the same period last year. CI Patterson will provide an update briefing to the meeting in relation to the work under Operation Flameberry.
45	Number of detections for drugs supply, drugs productions, drugs	95.8	86	Increase	95		<b>Context:</b> Detections for this type of crime is usually as a result of community derived information. Community Teams have an important role in disrupting drug dealing at a local level.

NDA = no data available

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

**Disrupting Organised Crime** Performance Indicator 5 Year Apr- Sep **Target** Apr- Sep **Context and Actions/Response** Short 2014 **Average** 2013 **Trend** cultivation **Update:** Performance is up compared with the same period last year and there is no significant change when compared with the long term 5 year average.. Work is ongoing to develop intelligence with the aim of continuing to identify and tackle drug dealers in our communities. **Context:** Arrest Referral targets drug and alcohol related offenders at the point of arrest and links individuals with addiction needs into Addiction Services Signpost Custody via the Single Point of Referral across Forth Valley. **NDA** 28 39 Referrals **Update:** Contextual data being developed for future reports. Context: This measure is part of the Police Scotland "Letting our Communities Flourish" strategy. It is used as a disruption tactic to deter and prevent the operation **Prevent Serious** of quasi-legitimate businesses associated with Serious **Organised Crime** and Organised Crime Groups. These figures relate to Groups from Forth Valley Division and are not broken down to Local £623.150 £1,500,000 involvement in NDA £176,000 Authority Level. (Y to D) legitimate enterprise **Update:** The annual target has already been (Forth Valley Div exceeded by 120.4% however work will continue to figures) identify and pursue other OCG's who seek to exploit business opportunities in this area.

NDA = no data available

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response
48	Applications for confiscation of assets under Proceeds of Crime legislation (Forth Valley Div figures)	NDA	£236,920	£1,530,000 (Y to D)	£591,983		Context: This measure quantifies the cash or value of assets or income seized by Police under the Proceeds of Crime Act legislation in order to disrupt the criminal activities of members of organised crime groups. These figures are calculated for the whole of Forth Valley Division and are not broken down to Local Authority Level.  Update: So far 19.3% of the annual target has been reached. The breakdown of asset confiscation so far is £585,110 = restraints and £6,873 cash.

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17 : Performance Reporting

Cri	Crimes of Dishonesty											
No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response					
49	Total Number Group 3 Acquisitive Crime	1891.2	1982	Reduce	1645	•	Context: Group 3 crime is known as acquisitive crime and includes Housebreaking, Opening Lockfast Places (OLP), Motor Vehicle crime, Common Theft, Shoplifting and Fraud.  Update: The current period, in line with the recent trend, sees an overall reduction in the reported level of these crimes which has reduced by 17% compared with the previous year and is down 13% compared with the 5 year average.					

NDA = no data available

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year	Apr- Sep	Target	Apr- Sep	Short	Context and Actions/Response
110.	T errormance maleator	Average	2013	rarget	2014	Trend	Context and Actions/Response
50	Fraud	122	155	Reduce	86		Context: Fraud covers a wide range of crime types including Taxi Hire Frauds, Bogus Callers committing doorstep crime on usually vulnerable people, online fraud schemes such as bogus lottery wins and inheritance scams to name but a few.  Update: There was a welcome reduction, down by 44%, in the current reporting period compared with the previous year and down 29.4% compared to the 5 year average.
51	Theft by shoplifting	<b>350.6</b>	381	Reduce	283	•	Context: The most common type of retail premises for shoplifting has been supermarket type premises, with alcohol, foodstuffs and clothing being the most common type of goods taken.  Update: Compared with the previous year there is a significant reduction of this crime type, down 25.7 % on the same time last year and down 19.3% on the 5 year average, taking it to the lowest level in the last 5 years.
52	Total No. Group 3 : Acquisitive Crime - detection rate	48.2%	44.9%	Increase	41.1%	*	Context: This measure relates to the overall detection rate for all acquisitive (Group 3) crime. The nature of investigations into this crime type often means that detections will occur over time as forensic and other enquires yield information which means this figure will be reasonable expected improve over time.

NDA = no data available

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### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

Cri	mas of Dishansatu						
No.	mes of Dishonesty Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response
							<b>Update:</b> The overall detection rate for acquisitive crimes has dropped by 3.8 percentage points compared with same period last year and is down 7.1 points compared with the 5 year average.
53	Fraud - detection rate	80.1%	63.9%	Increase	62.8%	*	Context: Due to the detailed investigation nature of fraud crimes, enquiries may be protracted and these figures may rise over time.  Update: The overall detection rate for Fraud related crimes has fallen by 1.1 percentage points compared with same period last year and is down 17.3 points compared with the 5 year average.
54	Theft by shoplifting detection rate	86.3%	86.1%	Increase	77.4%	3	Context: Police work in partnership with retailers to combat shoplifting particularly organised crime groups.  Update: The detection rate of this crime type is normally high however, is currently 8.7 percentage points lower than last year. There is potential for the current figure, to rise as lines of enquiry with named suspects are pursued.
55	Theft by housebreaking (All Types)	235.4	277	Reduce	293	-	Context: Housebreakings (HBs) or attempts are classified in three categories by police. These are
56	Theft by housebreaking (residential)	100.2	111	Reduce	106	ŵ	Commercial Property, Residential Dwellings and Other Domestic Buildings such as garages and sheds.  Many crimes are opportunistic, most occurring when

**NDA** = no data available

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

**Crimes of Dishonesty** Performance Indicator 5 Year Apr- Sep **Target** Apr- Sep **Context and Actions/Response** Short **Average** 2013 2014 **Trend** occupants are out. Police continue to provide security advice to communities to reduce such opportunities. **Update:** The number of residential housebreakings fell by 4.5% compared with the same period last year but is still 5.8% higher than the 5 year average. Context: As part of the investigation process for HB's Scenes of Crime examinations are carried out whenever possible. The results of these examinations can take time to process however positive forensic leads can lead to crimes being detected some months after they have been committed and therefore this figure may further increase in time. Theft by housebreaking (All Types) detection 57 29.6% **Increase** 43.3% **Update:** Whilst there has been a reported increase in 29.4% rate these crimes, the current reporting period shows a welcome rise in the number of detections up 13.7 percentage points from the same period last year and by about 13.9 points to a 5 year high of 46.8%. The increase in housebreaking crime detections as a result of the focus provided under Operation RAC. **Update:** It is encouraging that despite the rise in the Theft by housebreaking number of reported crimes in this group, as a result of residential detection 58 29.7% Increase 56.6% the focus provided by Operation RAC, there has also 27.2% been an increase in the number of detections for these rate crimes, up 26.9 percentage points on last year and 29.4 points on the 5 year average.

NDA = no data available

Fal	Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17 : Performance Reporting										
Cri	mes of Dishonesty										
No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response				

#### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting **Making Roads Safer** Performance Indicator 3/5 Year Apr- Sep Apr- Sep **Context and Actions/Response Target** Short **Average** 2013 2014 Trend **Context:** The figures shown provide a comparison over the first two quarters with the same period the previous year. Although there may be increases and decreases at different times in the figures, the long-term trend over the past decade shows a significant reduction in the number of injury road collisions. The review period has followed this trend with a 22.1% reduction compared with the previous year and a 19.4% reduction compared with the 3 year average. There are a number of factors which have achieved that Number of injury road 140 Reduce 109 result including improvements to vehicle safety, better collisions 135.3 roads engineering and police enforcement of provisions known to impact on the likelihood of injury collisions. The latter includes speeding and wearing of seat belts Police use analysis of collision data to highlight roads which may present a particular risk and produce a plan to address the factors which can contribute to that risk. This may include the use of static or mobile speed cameras, high visibility patrol and enhanced publicity about driver behaviour. In some instances where data identifies a particular risk group, there will be special

NDA = no data available

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

Ma	king Roads Safer						
No.	Performance Indicator	3/5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response
							initiatives to counter this.  Update: The majority of collisions resulting in serious injury occurred on rural roads with a speed limit of 60 mph. The attached table and maps provide greater detail in relation to collisions and casualties. Installation of traffic lights at the M9 slip road with A905 Glensburg Road and at the Earlsgate roundabout began at the end of 2013 became operational in July 2014, which is hoped will improve the traffic flow on that area and reduce collisions.
60	Number of people killed or seriously injured	29.7	2 Killed 18 Ser Inj Total 20	Reduce	5 Killed 16 Ser Inj Total 21	*	Context: The comments above in relation to injury collisions apply generally to casualties as well. The definition of serious injury is given in the information pack issued to members.  Update: During the reporting period there were two separate collisions resulting in fatal injuries; a family of 2 adults and 2 children were sadly killed on the A801 in July and a fatal collision where one man died in Bo'ness in August; both of these tragic incidents involved cars colliding with Heavy Goods Vehicles.
61	Number of children killed or seriously injured	1.6	1 Killed 1 Ser Inj Total 2	Reduce	2 Killed 3 Ser Inj Total 5	3	<b>Update:</b> During the reporting period a family of 2 adult and 2 children were sadly killed on the A801 in July.
62	Number of people	1	158	Reduce	127	1	Update: This also follows the longer term downward

**NDA** = no data available

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

No.	Performance Indicator	3/5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response
	slightly injured	147.4	20.0		2011	110110	trend with a 19.6% reduction compared with last year.
63	Number of Drivers under the influence of Drink or Drugs	96.9	85		85	<u></u>	Context: This measure indicates pro-activity in combating the risks posed by persons driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs.  Update: There has been no change in the number of drivers caught driving under the influence when compared with last year but the figure is inline with the 5 year average.
64	Number of dangerous driving offences	35	34		28	<u></u>	Context: Speeding and the use of mobile phones while driving are recognised as two potential contributory factors in road collisions. Regular speed checks and other initiatives provide the opportunity not only for enforcement of the legislation but also the education of drivers.
65	Number of speeding offences	749.6	806		990	<u></u>	Context: Speeding and the use of mobile phones while driving are recognised as two potential contributory factors in road collisions. Regular speed checks and other initiatives provide the opportunity not only for enforcement of the legislation but also the education of drivers. Operational campaigns against speeding, mobile phones etc are widely publicised and results reported on through various media.  Standard Actions: Analysis of accident data and other roads information highlight locations where

**NDA** = no data available

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

Ma	king Roads Safer						
	Performance Indicator	3/5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response
							enforcement and prevention might be most effective, and resources are deployed accordingly. Operational campaigns against speeding, mobile phones etc. are widely publicised and results reported on through various media.  At a local level, speeding is often identified as a local community priority through the process of Police and Communities Together (PACT) and often features in the Multi Member Ward Plans. The response will be tailored to local circumstances, and results reported through PACT.
66	Number of seat belts offences	687.2	619		284	<u></u>	Context: Not wearing a seat belt is recognised as a potential contributory factor in injury road collisions. Regular speed checks and other initiatives provide the opportunity not only for enforcement of the legislation but also the education of drivers.  Update: Despite proactive activity, the compliance rate has resulted in this reduction. Most vehicles are now fitted with audible alarms which activate when seat belts are not worn which assists in reducing instances of people forgetting to fasten them.
67	Number of mobile phone offences	379.6	355		267	<u></u>	Context: Speeding and the use of mobile phones while driving are recognised as two potential contributory factors in road collisions. Regular speed checks and other initiatives provide the opportunity not only for enforcement of the legislation but also the education of drivers. Operational campaigns against

NDA = no data available

#### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting **Making Roads Safer** Performance Indicator 3/5 Year Apr- Sep **Target** Apr- Sep **Context and Actions/Response** Short 2013 **Average** 2014 **Trend** speeding, mobile phones etc are widely publicised and results reported on through various media. **Update:** The level of driver engagement in Falkirk has been reviewed and is consistent this year with more warnings being given by way of education rather than immediate enforcement.

Fal	kirk Police Plan 2	014-17 :	Performa	ance Re	porting		
Cro	ss Cutting Themes						
No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response
Alco	hol		'		•	W	
68	Number of problematic licensed premises inspections carried out (On/Off Sales Premises)	NDA	NDA		1		Context: This area of work and the following two indicators form part of the multi agency partnership drawn together in the action plan for the Single Outcome Agreement Prevention and Intervention area around Alcohol and Antisocial Behaviour offending.  Update: Through daily management and oversight of licensed premises where crimes and intelligence exist indicating that they should be classed as a 'problematic premises', there have been no licensed premises classed as such. The definition of 'problematic premises' is:- 'Evidence exists of a licensed premises operating in

NDA = no data available

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### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

**Cross Cutting Themes** Performance Indicator 5 Year Apr- Sep Apr- Sep **Context and Actions/Response Target** Short **Average** 2013 2014 Trend a manner inconsistent with the licensing objectives or out with the conditions of a Premises Licence and where local police intervention or support has failed or is unlikely to succeed in resolving the issues'. Context: As indicator 68, however the definition of a 'monitored premises' is any licensed premises which requires additional supervision or support. Number of Monitored **Update:** There has been one premises falling into this 69 Premises subject to **NDA** NDA 1 category in the Falkirk area. Close monitoring and interventions management of licensed premises to ensure compliance with licensing regulations / policy is in place to address issues and prevent escalation. Context: As indicator 68 Number of Test **Update:** An increase in compliance has led to this 70 0 NDA 25 Purchase Operations reduction as well as very few premises being highlighted to police as non-complying. Context: This small reduction might also indicate a general reduction in such behaviour. Number of detections for Consuming Alcohol **Update:** Despite proactivity, there has been a in a designated place **NDA** 78 65 reduction of 16.7% in the number of persons caught (where appropriate

NDA = no data available

byelaws exist)

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breaching these byelaws. This reduction can be

logically linked with reductions also seen in KPI's 7, 8 (Children offending or warned) and 32 (Incidents of Anti-

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

No.	SE Cutting Themes Performance Indicator	5 Year	Apr- Sep	Target	Apr- Sep	Short	Context and Actions/Response
		Average	2013		2014	Trend	
							social Behaviour).
Com	munity Confidence and Sati	sfaction					
72	Public confidence in the police (% satisfied) (Divisional Level)	NDA			76.5%		Context: The method previously used by Central Scotland Police to gather information on public satisfaction has recently been replaced by a national
73	Treatment by staff on first contact (Divisional Level)	NDA			92.7%	<b></b>	<ul> <li>process. CSP data is no longer comparable with the national figures, hence there are no data for previous years.</li> <li>Community confidence and satisfaction remains at the</li> </ul>
74	Service received at first contact (Divisional Level)	NDA			90.1%		core of the approach in Forth Valley Division. Staff are encouraged to focus on the needs of the individual at a stages of contact across all types of situation.
75	Treatment by officers attending incident (Divisional Level)	NDA			85.9%		Update: Data is currently only available for Forth Valle Division as a whole. All indicators are positive at this
76	Fair treatment by police in dealing with incident (Divisional Level)	NDA			90.2%		time.
77	Treated with respect by police in dealing with incident (Divisional Level)	NDA			93.2%		
78	Adequately informed re progress of incident (Divisional Level)	NDA			64.6%		
79	Average length of time taken to attend at the scene of Emergency	NDA	NDA		8 mins 41 secs.	NDA	Context: The format previously used by Central Scotland Police to publish information on attendance a emergency calls has recently been replaced by a

NDA = no data available

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

No.	SS Cutting Themes Performance Indicator	5 Year	Apr- Sep	Target	Apr- Sep	Short	Context and Actions/Response
NO.	renormance mulcator	Average	2013	rarget	2014	Trend	Context and Actions/Nesponse
	(Grade 1) classified incidents (Divisional Level)						national one. The data from the new format is currently being collated, and this will be reported in due course.  Update: This figure is for the whole of Forth valley. Work is underway to try and obtain a breakdown at Area Command level.
80	Number of complaints about the police	NDA	NDA*		35		Context: In order to ensure consistency across all Divisions in the reporting of levels of complaints about the Police a common reporting format has been developed in relation to Police Complaints. The data contained in this section of the Performance Scrutiny Report now applies only to the Falkirk Area Command and reflects the categories which are currently provided from the national performance system.  *Due to the change in the way data is now collated there are no comparative figures for the previous year.  A single complaint may contain a number of allegations. These may relate to the behaviour of individual members of staff either "On Duty" or "Off Duty", or to an issue in respect of the "Quality of Service" delivered by the organisation. NB One complaint might contain a combination of the different types of Allegations.  Update: To allow some measure of proportionality, this figure is also expressed per 10,000 police incidents. This gives a result of 14.2 complaints per 10,000 Police Incidents.

NDA = no data available

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### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

Cro	ss Cutting Themes						
No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response
							of 56 allegations – these are classified as 52 On Duty, 0 Off duty and 4 Quality of Service.  There have been no discernible patterns or trends from the complaints in respect of individuals, police business units or locations.
Eng	agement						
81	Number and percentage of community council meetings personally attended by officer	NDA	NDA		70 97.2%	<b>Ø</b>	Context: This indicator is new and continues to be developed. The aim is to have a Community Officer attend as many meetings as possible.  Update: Out of a possible 72 meetings Apr - September 2014, police attended 70.
82	Number and percentage of community council meetings receiving standard update report	NDA	NDA		2 100%	<b>Ø</b>	Context: This indicator is new and continues to be developed. The aim is to achieve 100% report submission rates where an officer is unable to attend a community council meeting in person.  Update: Out of the 2 meetings not attended, 2 received updates.
Stop	and Search				<u> </u>		
83	Stop and searches conducted	NDA	3082		1987	<u></u>	Context: There has been a particular focus on stop and search activities to help reduce the incidence and potential severity of the outcome off violence and address the misuse of drugs and alcohol. These activities are not random but are intelligence-led and targeted.

NDA = no data available

### Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17: Performance Reporting

Cro	ss Cutting Themes						
No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response
							<b>Update:</b> This reduction, down -35.5% coincides with reductions in levels of ASB and disorder, as per section 32.
84	Number and percentage of positive stop and searches conducted	NDA	577 18.7%	Increase	507 25.5%		Context: The main types of property uncovered during search are drugs, alcohol and weapons  Update: Whilst the number of positive stop searches has reduced, a focus on intelligence led use of this as a pro-active tool has resulted in an increase in the proportion of searches yielding positive results, up from 18.7% last year to 25.5% for the same period this year. This result is evidence of using this as a tactic in the right place, at the right time, with the right people.
<b>Serv</b> 85	Percentage of planned improvement activities in Divisional Improvement Plan (DIP) achieved: Within planned timescale	NDA	NDA		NDA		A national model for Service Improvement Plans is
86	Percentage of planned improvement activities in Divisional Improvement Plan (DIP) achieved: Within one month of end of	NDA	NDA		NDA		being developed and it may be into 2015/16 before this can be reported here.

**NDA** = no data available

Appendix 1

Fal	Falkirk Police Plan 2014-17 : Performance Reporting											
Cro	ss Cutting Themes											
No.	Performance Indicator	5 Year Average	Apr- Sep 2013	Target	Apr- Sep 2014	Short Trend	Context and Actions/Response					
	timescale					110114						

**NDA** = no data available

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# ROAD COLLISION STATS Period Comparison Fiscal Years 13/14 and 14/15 1 April to 30 September FALKIRK AREA COMMAND (All Casualties)

		Fatal Casualties			Serious Casualties	1		Slight Casualties			Collisions		
Station	4/2013 - 09/2013	4/2014 - 09/2014	3 fiscalYr Avg	4/2013 - 09/2013	4/2014 - 09/2014	3 fiscalYr Avg	4/2013 - 09/2013	4/2014 - 09/2014	3 fiscalYr Avg	4/2013 - 09/2013	4/2014 - 09/2014	3 fiscalYr Avg	
Boness	0	1	0.7	2	1	1.7	13	2	9	8	4	7.3	
Camelon	0	0	0.3	1	0	5	12	11	10	9	7	10	
Denny	1	0	1.3	4	6	5.3	25	21	27.7	24	21	25	
Falkirk	0	0	0	3	3	4	40	28	43	37	22	36	
Grangemouth	1	0	0.3	1	2	2.7	21	20	19.7	21	17	20	
Maddiston	0	4	0	3	2	2.7	22	20	13.7	17	17	12.3	
Stenhousemuir	0	0	0	4	2	5.7	25	27	24.3	24	21	24.7	
Area Total	2	5	2.6	18	16	27.1	158	129	147.4	140	109	135.3	

		Drink Involved			Drink Driving	
Station	4/2013 - 09/2013	4/2014 - 09/2014	3 fiscalYr Avg	4/2013 - 09/2013	4/2014 - 09/2014	3 fiscalYr Avg
Boness	0	0	0.7	4	5	2.3
Camelon	0	0	0.3	2	0	6.3
Denny	1	0	0.7	11	6	13.3
Falkirk	1	0	1.3	31	35	38.3
Grangemouth	0	0	0.3	16	13	12.3
Maddiston	1	1	0.7	7	16	7.7
Stenhousemuir	2	0	1.7	14	10	16.7
Area Total	5	1	5.7	85	85	96.9

\*\* Casualty figures for motorcycles are only motorcycle riders and passengers and not include casualties from other classes of vehicle or pedestrian.

#### **ROAD COLLISIONS THAT INCLUDED CHILDREN**

		Fatal Casualties		,	Serious Casualties	i		Slight Casualties		Tota	al Number of Collisi	ions
Station	4/2013 - 09/2013	4/2014 - 09/2014	3 fiscalYr Avg	4/2013 - 09/2013	4/2014 - 09/2014	3 fiscalYr Avg	4/2013 - 09/2013	4/2014 - 09/2014	3 fiscalYr Avg	4/2013 - 09/2013	4/2014 - 09/2014	3 fiscalYr Avg
Boness	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1.3	0	1	1.3
Camelon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0.7	0	2	0.7
Denny	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	5	3.7	3	4	4.7
Falkirk	0	0	0	0	2	0	5	1	3.7	4	3	3
Grangemouth	1	0	0.3	0	0	0	5	4	2.3	6	4	2.7
Maddiston	0	2	0	1	0	0.3	5	0	2.3	6	1	2.7
Stenhousemuir	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	4.3	5	0	3.7
Area Total	1	2	0.3	1	3	1.3	25	12	18.3	24	15	18.8

#### ROAD COLLISIONS INVOLVING MOTORCYCLISTS

		Fatal Casualties**		5	Serious Casualties*	**		Slight Casualties**		# of Collis	sions involving Mot	orcyclists
	4/2013 - 09/2013	4/2014 - 09/2014	3 fiscalYr Avg	4/2013 - 09/2013	4/2014 - 09/2014	3 fiscalYr Avg	4/2013 - 09/2013	4/2014 - 09/2014	3 fiscalYr Avg	4/2013 - 09/2013	4/2014 - 09/2014	3 fiscalYr Avg
Boness	0	0	0.7	0	0	0.3	0	0	0	1	1	1.3
Camelon	0	0	0	0	0	0.3	1	1	0.7	0	0	1
Denny	0	0	0	2	4	1	3	0	1.3	4	4	2.3
Falkirk	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	1.7	2	3	2
Grangemouth	0	0	0	0	2	0.7	2	2	1.7	3	1	2.3
Maddiston	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	3	1	3	1	2.7
Stenhousemuir	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	0	1.3	1	4	2
Area Total	0	0	0.7	4	8	5.3	11	6	7.7	14	14	13.6

#### Fiscal Year 2014/2015 1April to 30 September Falkirk Council Area

