Appendix 2

Reduction of 'All accidental dwelling fires (ADFs)' & Reduction of 'All fire casualties (fatal & non-fatal (incl. precautionary check ups))'

A primary activity related to improving the safety of our communities is the carrying out of home fire safety visits. Evidence identifies that dwelling fires occur more frequently in those premises that are occupied by those who are most vulnerable such as the elderly and those with drug and alcohol dependencies.

As such, the focus of our Home Fire Safety Programme continues to focus on those premises identified as 'high' or 'medium' risk.

Home Fire Safety Programme visits completed (Year to date).

Year to Date Activity	Low	Medium	High	TOTAL
Total HFSVs	101	346	405	852

During this reporting period, SFRS continue to work with multi-agency partners including social work, housing and MECS Telecare in order to target those most vulnerable within our communities

As part of the SFRS commitment to safeguarding individuals, frontline SFRS staff submitted a number of 'Adult Protection' forms to our partners within the Social Work Department.

Reduction of 'All deliberate fires'

Tasking and Coordinating Group

During this reporting period SFRS along with multiagency partners, implemented a twice weekly 'Tasking and Coordinating Group'. This groups primary focus is on addressing tactical level issues using information sharing, problem profiling and the implementation of measures to reduce both fire related and other anti-social behaviour issues. This process greatly assists with addressing areas of high operational demand and with the proactive targeting of those most vulnerable within our communities.

Early indications are that this group has already delivered improved outcomes and a full evaluation will be undertaken in due course.

During this reporting period, SFRS undertook a number of events across the Falkirk area. This includes a number of Fire Safety Road show events, the 'Falkirk Fire Day' and the ongoing delivery of Youth Engagement activities within Polmont Young Offenders Institute.

Summer Season Thematic Plan

In order to minimise seasonal operational demand and in ensure the safety of people who live, work and visit Scotland during the peak Summer period a local 'Summer Season Thematic Action Plan' (TAP) was devised and delivered from Monday 30th June – Friday 29th August 2014.

This process relied on effective multi-agency partnership working and primarily focussed on reducing deliberate fire setting and fire related anti-social behaviour. This included initiatives aimed at preventing fires within derelict properties, grassland fires and fires involving refuse and wheelie-bins.

Fire Safety Enforcement Activity

A Pre-Programmed Audit is an audit programmed at the commencement of the fiscal year, selected from premises held within the Service's database, based on a risk assessment as defined in the Service's Enforcement Framework.

A Non-Programmed Audit is an audit that can occur throughout the year. This type of audit would be undertaken as a result of the following: fire safety complaints, requests from partner agencies or joint initiatives with partners, following any fire within a relevant premise and the targeting of specific premises type in line with the Service's Enforcement Framework.

Audits activity Year to Date 2014

FSEC Code	Premises Type	Number of premises in Local Authority area as of 31 March 2014	Number of premises subject to preplanned audit 2014*	Number of premises audited 2014 YTD	% of Target Premises achieved YTD**
Α	Hospital	6	6	3	50%
В	Care Home	49	49	22	45%
С	House of multiple occupation (HMD) Tenement	64	39	9	23%
E	Hostels	1	1	0	0
F	Hotels	68	50	6	9%
Н	Other sleeping accommodation	1	1	0	0
J	Further Education	2	0	0	0
K	Public Building	32	2	5	250%
L	Licenced Premises	307	10	13	130%
М	Schools	127	5	7	140%
N	Shops	1064	12	5	42%
Р	Other premises open to public	167	6	6	100%
R	Factories & Warehouses	330	9	16	177%
S	Offices	635	2	4	200%
T	Other Workplace	52	0	5	-
	Total	2901	197	101	

^{*}Pre-planned targets are only set for Hospitals, Care Homes, HMO's classed as 'high' risk or in line with licence renewals and other premises classed as 'high' or 'very high' risk.

Enforcement/Prohibition Notices

No enforcement or prohibition notices have been served this year within the Falkirk area.

^{**}Where target is exceeded this is due to non-programmed auditing such as thematic auditing, fire safety complaints or post fire audits.

Thematic Auditing carried out in reporting period

During this period, local Fire Safety Enforcement Officers supported the Falkirk 'Best Bar None' initiative by undertaking fire safety audits of licenced premises.

Reduction of 'Special Service - casualties (fatal & non-fatal)'

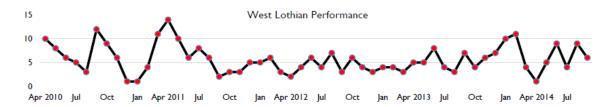
Members of the local Community Action Team delivered 'Make it or break it' events within Polmont Young Offenders Institute.

Due to the prolonged period of warm weather, and in response to concerns around the number of people swimming in areas of open water and canals, SFRS along with multi-agency partners, organised a high profile exercise and awareness raising session within the Helix Park.

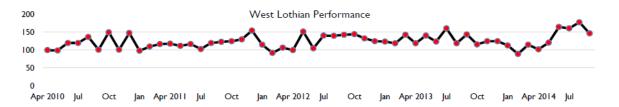
Reduction of 'False Alarm - Equipment failure'

UFAS fall into a range of categories that include. Malicious, Failure of Equipment and Good Intent. The graphs below provide a breakdown of UFAS incidents the SFRS attended by category.

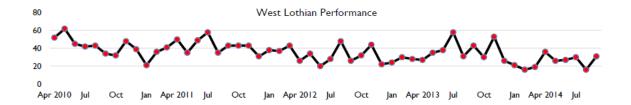
Malicious



Equipment Failure



Good intent



Glossary

Primary Fire

Primary fires include all fires in non-derelict buildings and outdoor structures or any fires involving casualties or rescues or any fires attended by five or more appliances.

Secondary Fires

Secondary fires are the majority of outdoor fires including grassland and refuse fires unless they involve casualties or rescues, property loss or if five or more appliances attend. They include fires in derelict buildings but not chimney fires.

Accidental Dwelling Fires

Building occupied by households, excluding hotels, hostels and residential institutions. In 2000, the definition of a dwelling was widened to include any non-permanent structure used solely as a dwelling, such as caravans, houseboats etc. Caravans, boats etc. not used as a permanent dwelling are shown according to the type of property. Accidental includes fires where the cause was not known or unspecified.

Fire Fatality

A person whose death is attributed to a fire is counted as a fatality even if the death occurred weeks or months later.

Fire Casualty

Non-fatal casualties, injured as a direct result of a fire attended by the service. Includes those who received first aid at the scene and those who were recommended to go for a precautionary check. Does not include injuries to fire service personnel.

Deliberate Fire

Fires where deliberate ignition is suspected

Special Services

Special Services are non-fire incidents requiring the attendance of an appliance or officer. The Fire (Scotland) Act 2005 placed a statutory duty on FRS to attend fires and road traffic accidents. It also included an additional function order that covers non-fire incidents such as rescues from collapsed buildings or serious flooding

CPP

Community Planning Partnership.

SOA

Single Outcome Agreement.

Year to Date (YTD)

Year to date is calculated from 1st April on the reporting year

RTC

Road Traffic Collision

UFAS

Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals

Seasonal Community Safety Calendar

The seasonal calendar depicts a range of initiatives and activities that the SFRS and CPP partners will undertake throughout the year as part of our preventative strategies.

