



AGENDA ITEM

4

**Performance Report: Scottish Fire &
Rescue Service**

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Falkirk Council

Title: Performance Report: Scottish Fire and Rescue Service

Meeting: Scrutiny Committee (External)

Date: 6 October 2016

Submitted By: Director of Corporate and Housing Services

1. Purpose of Report

- 1.1 The purpose of this report is to present to Committee the local performance of the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service, for the period 1 April 2016 to 30 June 2016.

2. Recommendation

- 2.1 **It is recommended that the Committee notes the performance report and supporting information**

3. Background

- 3.1 Following the establishment of the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service on 1 April 2013 under the provisions of the Police and Fire Reform (Scotland) Act 2012, local senior officers are required to report on performance with regard to progress being made on the local fire and rescue plan as well as the provision of local services. A new local Fire and Rescue Plan covering the period 2014 – 2017 was considered and approved by Falkirk Council on 14 May 2014.
- 3.2 The local fire and rescue plan sets out a framework of local priorities for the Falkirk Council area. This is a statutory requirement of the Police and Fire Reform (Scotland) Act 2012. The plan takes account of the following:
- The Scottish Government's overarching vision for public services;
 - Strategic priorities set by Scottish Ministers;
 - National outcomes within the National Performance Framework; and
 - The Fire and Rescue Framework for Scotland 2013. This sets out 4 strategic aims for the service and 7 national equalities outcomes.

3.3 In addition to this the plan sets out 7 local priorities. The following sets out a list of these priorities and what will be achieved as a result:

- **Priority 1 - Local Risk Management and Preparedness**
 - Ensuring training, staff development and equipment is fit for purpose to meet the current risk profile and adaptable to changing circumstances;
 - Ensuring all known risk information is obtained, communicated and tested;
 - Working locally with partner organisations and agencies to ensure effective response plans are developed for identified risks; and
 - Fulfilling statutory duties in relation to the Civil Contingencies Act 2004.
- **Priority 2 - Reduction of Accidental Dwelling Fires**
 - Active participation in Falkirk Community Planning arrangements and adopting a partnership approach to risk reduction;
 - Leading the Safety Work-stream of the Falkirk Community Safety Partnership;
 - Contributing to the monthly/fortnightly Tasking & Coordinating process;
 - Sharing information with Health Care, Social Work and relevant partners to help protect the most vulnerable, young and elderly;
 - Developing new partnerships to identify and support at risk groups;
 - Identifying opportunities for engagement with all members of the community to promote fire safety and good citizenship; and
 - Delivery of fire safety related educational programmes and community engagement activities.
- **Priority 3 - Reduction in Fire Fatalities and Casualties**
 - Active participation in Falkirk Council Community Planning arrangements and adopting a partnership approach to risk reduction;
 - Continued delivery of the Home Fire Safety Visit programme to households within the Falkirk Council area, with particular emphasis on the most vulnerable in our community;
 - Targeted Home Fire Safety Visit referrals from partner agencies;
 - Promoting healthier lifestyles through encouraging a reduction in alcohol, drugs and cigarette use;
 - Ensuring our Community Safety Strategy considers all persons at risk from fire; and
 - Citizens and communities shall be encouraged to take responsibility for their own health and well-being.
- **Priority 4 - Reduction of Deliberate Fire Setting**
 - Engaging in a multi-agency approach to tackle deliberate fire setting and fire related anti-social behaviour by the targeting resources to areas of demand;

- Leading the Safety Work-stream of the Falkirk Community Safety Partnership;
 - Contributing to the monthly/fortnightly Tasking & Coordinating process;
 - Deliver youth engagement programmes to reduce anti-social behaviour through diversionary activities and education;
 - Identify and develop partnerships with organisations who engage with young people; and
 - Providing an enhanced level of fire Investigation within the Falkirk area.
- **Priority 5 - Reduction of Fires in Non-Domestic Property**
 - The audit of business and commercial premises by Fire Safety Enforcement Officers using a risk based approach;
 - Work with the Falkirk Council licensing department to ensure all multiple occupation houses comply with the required standards in relation to Fire Safety;
 - Carrying out Post Fire Audits following any fire within a relevant premise;
 - Work in partnership with the Falkirk Business Panel, through the Falkirk Council's Economic Development Service;
 - Consultation with Falkirk Council Building Standards Officers and architects; and
 - Participation in major incident preparedness and exercising.
- **Priority 6 - Reduction in Casualties from Non-Fire Emergencies**
 - Continuing educational programmes, such as Safe Drive Stay Alive, particularly aimed at high risk groups within local communities;
 - Develop innovative ways of reducing accidents in collaboration with partners; and
 - Working with partners within the Falkirk Council area to ensure that all agencies are aware of road incident hotspots.
- **Priority 7 - Reduction of Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals**
 - Working with the business and commercial sector to provide advice and guidance in relation to the management of unwanted fire alarm signals.
 - Ensure premises with unwanted fire alarm signal occurrences comply with the British Standard 5839 Part 1 & 6 current edition.

4. Considerations

4.1 The Senior Local Officer has provided the following reports and appendices for Committee to consider, and which report on progress and performance towards the attainment of local priorities within the local fire plan, as follows:

- Falkirk local plan performance report, covering the period 1 April 2016 to 30 June 2016 – appendix 1;

- Contextual data and information, supporting the performance report – appendix 2;
- 4.2 A local officer from the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service will attend Committee to present these reports and answer questions from Members.

5. Consultation

Nil

6. Implications

Financial

6.1 Nil

Resources

6.2 Nil

Legal

6.3 The Police and Fire Reform (Scotland) 2012 requires the Local Senior Officer to report on progress and performance with regard to the local fire and rescue plan

Risk

6.4 Non fulfilment of a statutory requirement.

Equalities

6.5 Nil.

Sustainability/Environmental Impact

6.6 Nil.

7. Conclusions

- 7.1 This report provides an opportunity for Members to fulfil their scrutiny role on local fire and rescue services as set out in the Police and Fire Reform (Scotland) Act 2012, and take a view on the submitted reports.

Director of Corporate and Housing Services

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Date - 27 September 2016

APPENDICES

Appendix 1 – Falkirk local plan performance report, covering the period 1 April 2016 to 30 June 2016

Appendix 2 – Contextual data and information, supporting the performance report

List of Background Papers:

The following papers were relied on in the preparation of this report in terms of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973:



LOCAL PLAN PERFORMANCE REPORT FOR FALKIRK



SCOTTISH
FIRE AND RESCUE SERVICE
Working together for a safer Scotland

Q1 Report, 1st April – 30th June 2016/17

**Working together
for a safer Scotland**



Falkirk Council

DISCLAIMER

The figures included in this report are provisional and subject to change as a result of quality assurance and review. The statistics quoted are internal management information published in the interests of transparency and openness.

The Scottish government publishes Official Statistics each year which allow for comparisons to be made over longer periods of time.

Please ensure any external partners in receipt of these reports are aware of this.

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Introduction

This performance report provides information on our prevention, protection and operational response activities within the Falkirk Council area over the year to-date period 1st April – 30th June 2016.

The Scottish Government provides an overarching vision for public services. This vision is supported by 16 National Outcomes which demonstrate commitment to creating a more successful country, with opportunities for all of Scotland to flourish, through increasing sustainable growth. The Scottish Fire and Rescue Service (SFRS) can make a significant contribution to improving these outcomes in the Falkirk Council area by contributing to the Community Planning Partnership arrangements across the area.

The national priorities for the SFRS are set out in the Fire and Rescue Framework for Scotland. The SFRS Strategic Plan outlines how the SFRS will deliver against these priorities and the outcomes against which this delivery can be measured.

The priorities contained within the Local Fire and Rescue Plan for the Falkirk Council area reflects the Falkirk Council Strategic Community Plan 2010-2015, the Falkirk Council Community Safety Partnership Strategic Assessment 2011-2014 and the Falkirk Council Community Planning Partnership, Single Outcome Agreement 2014-17. The Single Outcome Agreement includes a range of key themes focused on delivering improved outcomes for communities of the Falkirk Council area. The key themes that this plan contributes to are;

- Economic Recovery and Growth,
- Early Years, Children and Young People,
- Safer, Stronger Communities and Reducing Reoffending,
- Health Inequalities and Physical Activity,
- Outcomes for Older People,
- Poverty and Welfare Reform.

The aims of the local Fire & Rescue Service in the Falkirk Council area are to reduce deaths, injuries and damage to property from fires and other emergency events. We aim to achieve this by working in partnership, being pro-active and targeting our prevention and protection activities to where they are most required, based on evidence.

Within the Local Fire and Rescue Plan for Falkirk Council 2014 - 2017, 7 priorities for the local Fire and Rescue Service have been identified;

- Priority 1. Local Risk Management and Preparedness,
- Priority 2. Reduction of Accidental Dwelling Fires,
- Priority 3. Reduction in Fire Casualties and Fatalities,
- Priority 4. Reduction of Deliberate Fire Setting,
- Priority 5. Reduction of Fires in Non Domestic Property,
- Priority 6. Reduction in Casualties from Non Fire Emergencies,
- Priority 7. Reduction of Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals.

Area Manager Gary Laing

Local Senior Officer for Falkirk & West Lothian

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Performance Summary

We measure how well we are meeting our priorities using 6 key indicators, depicted below

	Apr to (& incl.) Jun					RAG rating
Key performance indicator	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	YTD
All accidental dwelling fires	21	30	22	29	25	●
All fire casualties (fatal & non-fatal (incl. p/c's))	1	6	2	5	3	●
All deliberate fires	105	155	99	101	141	◆
Non domestic fires	13	17	8	20	14	●
Special Service Casualties - All	18	8	11	23	27	◆
False Alarms - All	294	275	276	230	299	◆

RAG rating - KEY

◆	RED DIAMOND	10% higher than the previous YTD period, or local target not achieved.
▲	YELLOW TRIANGLE	Up to 9% higher than the previous YTD period, or local target not achieved.
●	GREEN CIRCLE	Equal to or improved upon the previous equivalent quarter (or YTD period), or local target achieved.

Note

Quarterly comparison RAG Rating = the reporting period compared to the average of the three previous quarterly reporting periods.

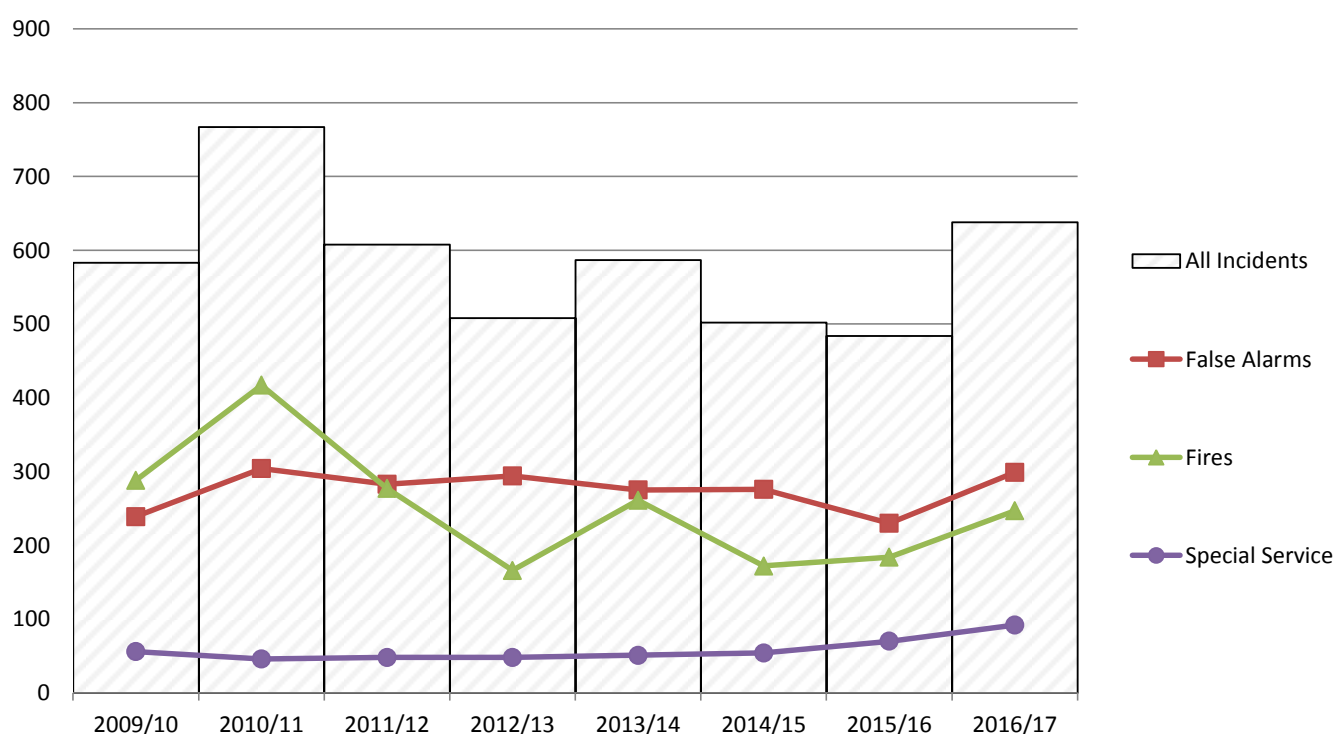
Year to Date RAG Rating = the cumulative total of all quarterly performance in current year compared to cumulative total of all quarterly performance in previous year.

Incident Overview

Year to date, SFRS have responded to a total of 638 incidents within Falkirk.

This is a 32% increase compared to year to date 2015 - 16

The chart below illustrates incidents YTD attended within Falkirk council over the last 6 fiscal years



Progress on local fire & rescue plan priorities
Local Risk Management and Preparedness
<p>The Service must identify, prioritise and plan to meet the risks in each local community.</p> <p>We said we would:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • train our staff to deal with our local risks • gather and analyse risk information • work with partners to mitigate risks • deal with major events.
<u>Train our staff to deal with our local risks</u>
<p>Our operational staff continue to undertake routine and risk specific skill acquisition and maintenance training.</p> <p>All firefighters have participated in the modular 'Training For Operational Competence' programme. In Q1 to date, the modules covered are: Driving, Electricity, Hazardous Materials, Incident Command, Wildfire, Safe working at Height and vehicle casualty extrication methods. Firefighter safety is always a priority and is embedded within all activities. Theoretical inputs are confirmed with practical sessions and exercises. Regular exercising at the Grangemouth complex is also a priority and is ongoing.</p>
<u>Gather and analyse risk information</u>
<p>Our operational staff continue to gather and analyse local risk information and operational intelligence which is used in our preparations to resolve incidents.</p> <p>We conduct 'Post Incident Debriefs' through the use of a Structured Debriefing process. This identifies any lessons that can be learned from our preparedness and response to emergency events.</p> <p>We use Urgent Operational Intelligence Briefings to inform our operational staff of any safety critical information.</p>
<u>Work with partners to mitigate risks</u>
<p>We continue to be an active member of the Forth Valley Local Resilience Partnership.</p> <p>We share information with local authority partners and other key stakeholders (e.g. Police Scotland) to ensure emergency event risks are mitigated.</p>
<u>Deal with major events</u>
<p>During this reporting period, the SFRS did not respond to any major fire or significant emergency events.</p>

Reduction of 'All accidental dwelling fires'

Accidental dwelling fires can have devastating effects on our community. The SFRS is committed to keeping people safe in their homes. We share information with partners to make sure that the right people get the right information they need, particularly those who are vulnerable due to age, isolation or addiction. Reduction of Accidental Dwelling Fires contributes to the Falkirk Council CPP Single Outcome Agreement of; Early Years, Children and Young People, Safer, Stronger Communities and Reducing Reoffending, Health Inequalities and Physical Activity, Outcomes for Older People, and Poverty and Welfare Reform.

Results

Against a local target of continually reducing Accidental Dwelling Fires on a year on year basis that contributes towards the SFRS target of a 10% reduction over a three-year rolling period, we have seen a decrease of 4 incidents compared to the same year to date period in 2015/16. This is a decrease of 14%. The trendline over the previous 5 years shows a slight increase but still remains below the Scottish average.

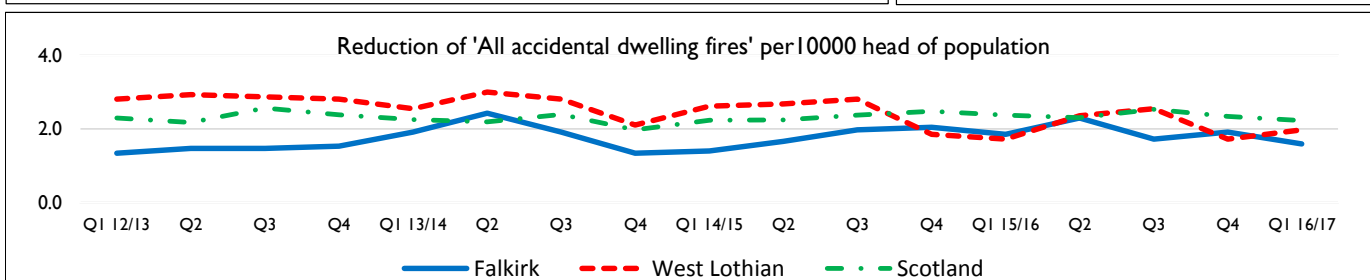
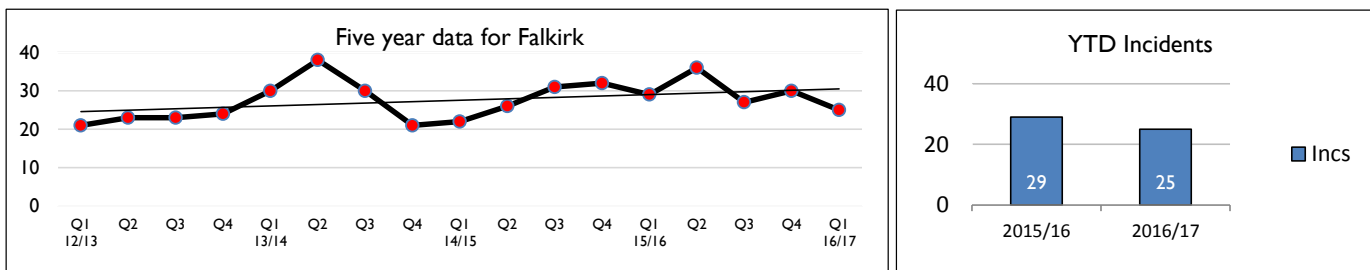
Reasons

The majority of incidents attended relate to cooking, with burning foodstuff being the main cause of the fire. The majority of incidents were caused by a person over pensionable age living alone.

Actions

The Post Domestic Incident Response (PDIR) target areas where accidental dwelling fires have occurred with the intention of reassuring the local neighbourhood and prevent further incidents occurring in the surrounding area. We continue to deliver our Home Safety Visit programme to reduce the number of accidental dwelling fires.

Appendix I provides further details on our prevention activities in relation to this priority.



YTD ward ave. for Falkirk - 3	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	Sparklines
Falkirk	21	30	22	29	25	
Bo'ness and Blackness	1	3	4	3	3	
Grangemouth	2	6	4	2	3	
Denny and Banknock	2	4	1	4	5	
Carse, Kinnaird and Tryst	2	4	2	3	3	
Bonnybridge and Larbert	1	2	1	4	1	
Falkirk North	5	5	4	3	4	
Falkirk South	4	1	3	4	4	
Lower Braes	3	1	2	2	1	
Upper Braes	1	4	1	4	1	

Reduction of 'All fire casualties (fatal & non-fatal (incl. p/c's))'

Fire casualty and fatality rates provide an indication of the amount of serious, life-threatening injuries that occur due to fire. This can indicate not only the success of SFRS in reducing the number of life risk fires through community fire safety and similar activities, but also their success in response activity in saving lives.

Results

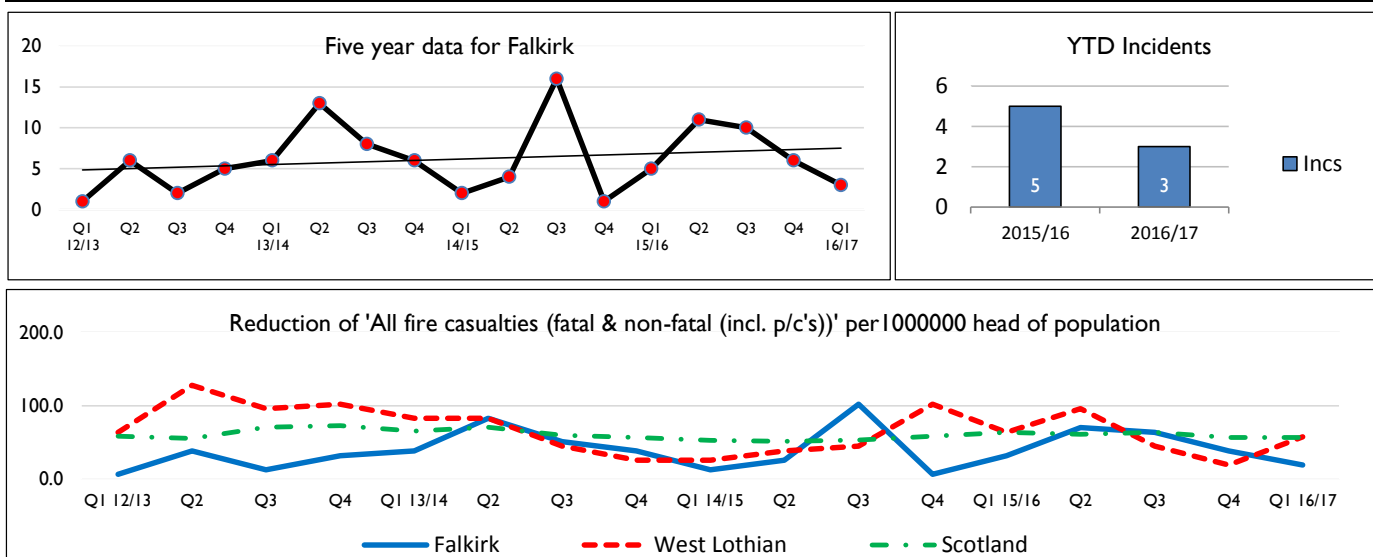
Against a local target of continually reducing Fire Casualties on a year on year basis that contributes towards the SFRS target of 5% reduction, per year over a three-year rolling period, we have seen a 40% decrease in casualties reported from the same period last year. There are no fire related fatalities in this reporting period. The five year trendline in number of fire casualties has risen slightly but it is noted that the number of casualties per 1000000 population is almost identical to that of a comparator local authority and Scotland.

Reasons

The number of persons reported as sustaining injury due to fire remains small. Of the three casualties one went to hospital for a precautionary check up suffering from slight smoke inhalation with the other two treated at the scene. Three casualties from 25 incidents in this quarter is an indication that smoke detection in dwellings is alerting residents to react to the fire quicker which ensures that fewer people are become casualties.

Actions

Appendix I provides further details on this initiative and other prevention activities.



YTD ward ave. for Falkirk - 0	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	Sparklines
Falkirk	1	6	2	5	3	
Bo'ness and Blackness	0	0	2	0	1	
Grangemouth	0	0	0	1	1	
Denny and Banknock	0	3	0	0	0	
Carse, Kinnaird and Tryst	0	0	0	0	0	
Bonnybridge and Larbert	0	0	0	0	1	
Falkirk North	0	2	0	2	0	
Falkirk South	0	0	0	2	0	
Lower Braes	1	0	0	0	0	
Upper Braes	0	1	0	0	0	

Reduction of 'All deliberate fires'

Deliberate fire setting is a significant problem for communities in the Falkirk Council area. In the main, deliberate fires are secondary fires whose categories are; refuse, grassland and derelict buildings incidents. There is a close link between deliberate secondary fires and other forms of anti-social behaviour. Reduction of Deliberate Fire Setting contributes to the Falkirk Council CPP Single Outcome Agreement of; Economic Recovery, Growth and Employment, Early Years, Children and Young People, Safer, Stronger Communities and Reducing Reoffending and Outcomes for Older People.

Results

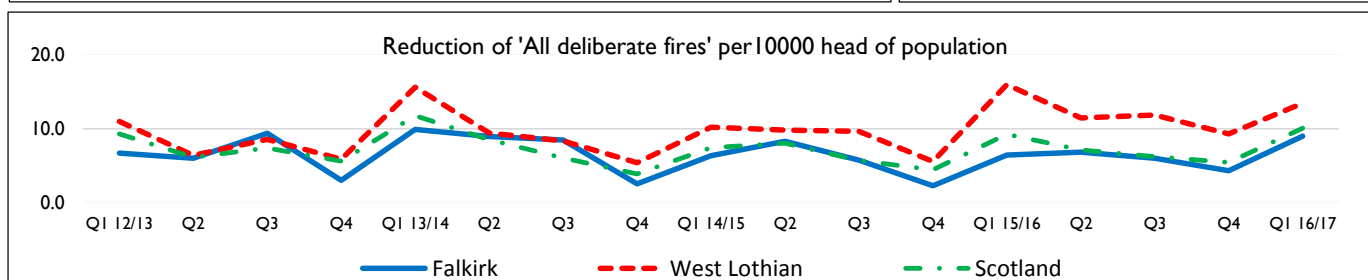
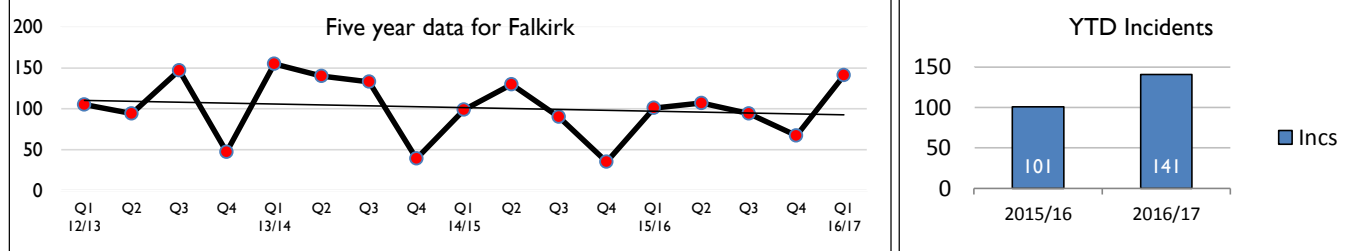
Against a local target of continually reducing Deliberate Fire Setting on a year on year basis, we have seen a 36% increase in the number of incidents in Q1 2016/17 compared to the same period last year. Whilst the five year trendline continues to show a decrease in this type of incident for the Falkirk area there has been a spike in Q1. It is noted that Deliberate Fire Setting /10,000 population trendline is below the Scottish average.

Reasons

The majority of deliberate fires continue to involve refuse or grasslands, which are recorded as deliberate secondary fires. SFRS attended 115 deliberate secondary fires which correlates to 22% of all incidents in Falkirk Council area during this period. The majority of secondary fires involved woodland and refuse.

Actions

SFRS along with multiagency partners, continue to support the twice weekly 'Task and Coordinating Group' based in the Falkirk Community Safety Hub in Falkirk Community Fire Station. SFRS and partners have undertaken a number of events across the Falkirk area in relation to educating young people in the dangers and consequences of deliberate fire setting. This includes robust knowledge input to local schools. This knowledge input includes information on preventing fires within derelict properties, grassland fires and fires involving refuse and wheelie-bins. Details of these are provided in Appendix 2.



YTD ward ave. for Falkirk - 16	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	Sparklines
Falkirk	105	155	99	101	141	
Bo'ness and Blackness	17	18	6	9	18	
Grangemouth	3	12	10	2	7	
Denny and Banknock	21	21	15	3	5	
Carse, Kinraid and Tryst	8	8	5	8	18	
Bonnybridge and Larbert	4	15	6	15	14	
Falkirk North	18	32	15	13	17	
Falkirk South	14	28	15	17	19	
Lower Braes	12	12	10	19	27	
Upper Braes	8	9	17	15	16	

Reduction of 'Non domestic fires'

Fires in Non Domestic Property can have a detrimental affect on the built environment and the prosperity of the local area. Non-domestic fires are classed as fires which took place in buildings that are not domestic households. Reduction of Non Domestic Property contributes to the Falkirk Council CPP Single Outcome Agreement of; Economic Recovery, Growth and Employment, Safer, Stronger Communities and Reducing Reoffending and Outcomes for Older People

Results

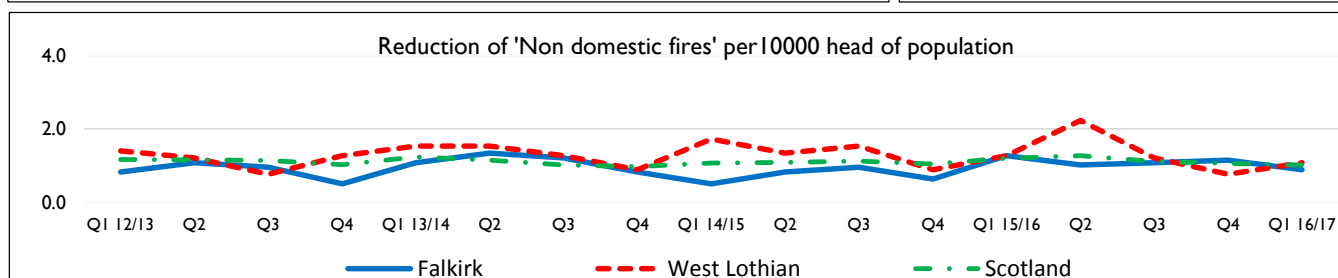
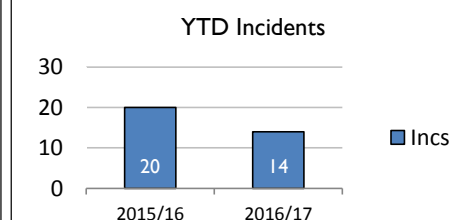
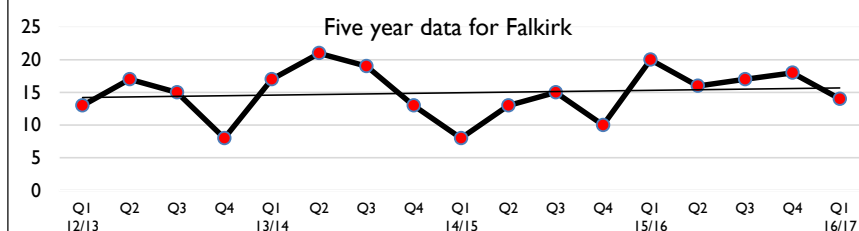
Against a local target of continually reducing Non Domestic Property fires on a year on year basis, that will contribute to the SFRS target of continually reducing the number of fires in Non Domestic Property. This is a 30% decrease in this quarter compared to the same period last year. The five year trendline remains on a downward trajectory.

Reasons

There are no specific trends emerging from Fires in Non-Domestic Property. Of the 14 incidents two were in a prison establishment (deliberate), one in a restaurant (electrical equipment fault) and no specific trend with the remaining 11.

Actions

Appendix 3 provides further details on our prevention activities in relation to this priority.



YTD ward ave. for Falkirk - 2	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	Sparklines
Falkirk	13	17	8	20	14	
Bo'ness and Blackness	0	2	0	2	1	
Grangemouth	1	1	1	1	1	
Denny and Banknock	3	3	1	1	1	
Carse, Kinnaird and Tryst	2	0	0	1	0	
Bonnybridge and Larbert	0	3	2	5	3	
Falkirk North	1	1	0	6	1	
Falkirk South	0	2	0	1	2	
Lower Braes	5	3	1	2	3	
Upper Braes	1	2	3	1	2	

Reduction of 'Special Service Casualties - All'

While much of this risk is outwith SFRS control, responding to Non Fire Emergencies is a key part of our activities. The SFRS is committed to working with partners and other stakeholders to drive continuous improvement in this area. Reduction of Casualties from Non Fire Emergencies contributes to the Falkirk Council CPP Single Outcome Agreement of, Safer, Stronger Communities and Reducing Reoffending, Health Inequalities and Physical Activity and Poverty and Welfare Reform.

Results

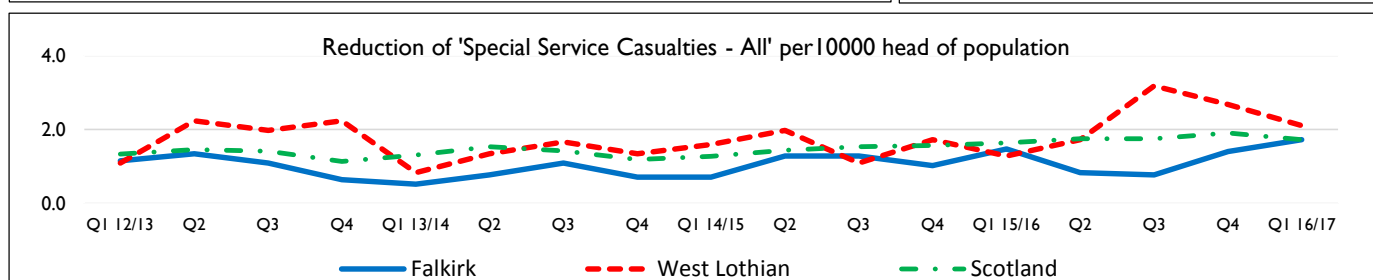
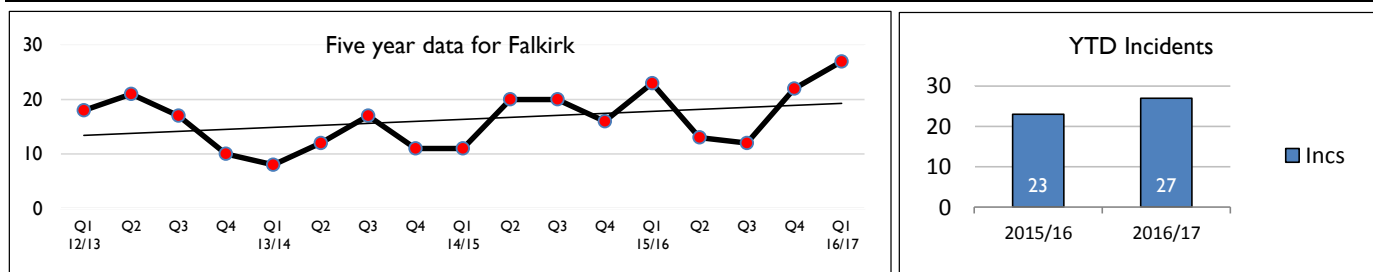
Against a local target of continually reducing Casualties from Non Fire Emergencies on a year on year basis, that will contribute to the SFRS target of continually reducing the number of Casualties from Non Fire Emergencies. There have been 21 casualties from RTCs. This is a slight increase compared to the same period last year.

Reasons

During this period, the SFRS reported 21 casualties as a result of Road Traffic Collisions (RTC's). We continue to respond to calls that involve medical emergencies, providing our support to the Scottish Ambulance Service when required. These types of call can require the use of Automatic External Defibrillators (AED) which are carried on our fire appliances. This type of call can also be attributed to a request from Police Scotland to gain entry to properties where there has been concern for the occupant(s) with our crews then discovering individuals in need of medical assistance.

Actions

Through a partnership approach we continue to target the education of young people to reduce road traffic collisions. We continue to deliver the safe Drive stay Alive to all schools across the Forth Valley. A scoping exercise is underway to deliver education to groups outwith the school age. Other initiatives have been delivered to reduce Special Service casualties. Appendix 4 provides further details on our prevention activities in relation to this priority.



YTD ward ave. for Falkirk - 3	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	Sparklines
Falkirk	18	8	11	23	27	
Bo'ness and Blackness	0	0	1	4	4	
Grangemouth	4	1	2	0	6	
Denny and Banknock	5	0	3	3	4	
Carse, Kinnaird and Tryst	0	1	1	2	3	
Bonnybridge and Larbert	2	3	0	4	4	
Falkirk North	2	1	1	3	4	
Falkirk South	0	1	0	3	1	
Lower Braes	5	0	1	4	1	
Upper Braes	0	1	2	0	0	

Reduction of 'False Alarms - All'

Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals incidents (UFAS) are those occasions when an automated fire alarm system activates and results in the mobilisation of SFRS resources, when the reason for that alarm turns out to be something other than a fire emergency. The SFRS is committed to working with partners and other stakeholders to reduce Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals which contributes to the Falkirk Council CPP Single Outcome Agreement of, Economic Recovery, Growth and Safer, Stronger Communities and Reducing Reoffending.

Results

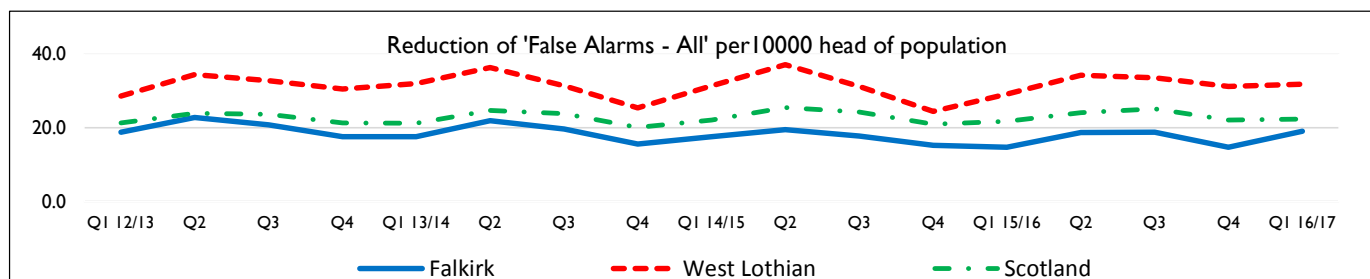
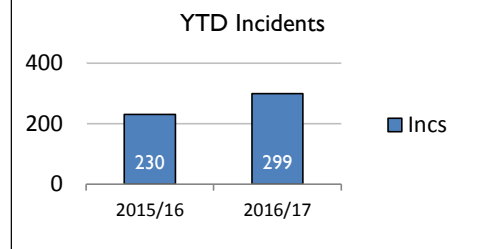
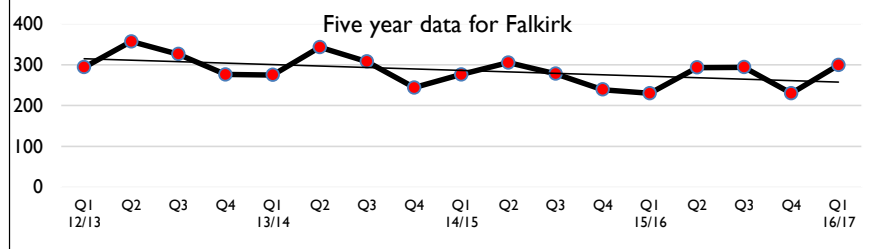
Against a local target of continually reducing UFAS incidents on a year on year basis, that will contribute to the SFRS target of continually reducing the number of UFAS incidents. In this reporting period, the SFRS attended a total of 299 false alarms with 155 of these being UFAS. Forthvalley Royal Hospital account for 10% of this activity (see appendix 5). It should be noted however that the 5 year trendline for Falkirk Council Area continues to drop with the number of false alarm incidents/10,000 population in this area lower than that of a comparator local authority and Scotland.

Reasons

Whilst the five year trend shows a reduction in false alarms, there has been a spike in Q1. False alarms differ from unwanted fire alarm signals however both incident types are incorporated into this figure.

Actions

We continue to proactively monitor UFAS incidents and our Fire Safety Enforcement Officers work closely with premises to reduce further UFAS incidents. This includes discussing technological, procedural and management solutions in order to prevent future UFAS incidents. Over the last 12 months, the SFRS has introduced a new UFAS policy, designed to promote business continuity, reduce the road risk from 'blue light' journeys and reduce the demand placed upon SFRS by these types of incidents. This should help to reduce UFAS incidents going forward. Appendix 5 provide further information.



YTD ward ave. for Falkirk - 33	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	Sparklines
Falkirk	294	275	276	230	299	
Bo'ness and Blackness	13	17	11	18	20	
Grangemouth	35	26	36	31	30	
Denny and Banknock	22	20	13	21	20	
Carse, Kinnaird and Tryst	14	19	25	16	29	
Bonnybridge and Larbert	72	73	63	59	77	
Falkirk North	52	62	67	37	55	
Falkirk South	29	26	25	20	25	
Lower Braes	37	21	17	14	22	
Upper Braes	20	11	19	14	21	

Appendix 2a

Reduction of 'All accidental dwelling fires (ADFs)' & Reduction of 'All fire casualties (fatal & non-fatal (incl. precautionary check ups)'

A primary activity related to improving the safety of our communities is the carrying out of home fire safety visits. Evidence collated identifies that dwelling fires occur more frequently in premises occupied by those who are most vulnerable, such as the elderly and those with drug and alcohol dependencies.

As such, the focus of our Home Safety Programme continues to focus on those premises identified as 'high' or 'medium' risk.

Home Safety Programme visits completed (Year to date).

Year to Date Activity	Low	Medium	High	TOTAL
Total HFSVs	170	167	75	412

During this reporting period, SFRS continued to work with multi-agency partners including Social Work, and Housing. Work is ongoing with NHS partners to develop referral processes in order to target those most vulnerable within our communities. Enhanced referral pathways have been established with the aforementioned partners and strong links have been developed with Polmont Young Offenders Institute. This 'link' enables SFRS to assist clients due for release by delivering knowledge input to inmates and nominated vulnerable groups to ensure their safety when returning to their homes. Support in the form of Home Safety is also given to the families of offenders.

As part of the SFRS commitment to safeguarding individuals, frontline SFRS staff have submitted a number of 'Adult Protection' referrals to our partners within the Social Work Department. This further enhances 'outcomes for older people' and may assist in reducing the burden on partner agencies.

SFRS continues to focus on preventative approaches with partners and continues to improve on the quality and quantity of Home Safety Visits requested and conducted. This will allow SFRS to collaborate with partners by referring vulnerable adults who may be susceptible to slips, trips and falls at home. This provides another level of Home Safety and may reduce hospital admissions, easing the burden on NHS partners.

SFRS have developed a referral process with Alcohol and Drugs agency namely, 'Signpost Recovery' and also engage with Housing Associations to attract appropriate referrals for vulnerable families.

Appendix 2b

Reduction of 'All deliberate fires'

Deliberate Fires

Whilst Deliberate Fires in the Falkirk Council Area align with the Scottish average it remains lower than a neighbouring local authority. SFRS have adopted a more targeted approach in dealing with deliberate secondary fires and anticipate that the revised approach will realise a reduction in the coming months.

Tasking and Co-ordinating Group (TAC)

During this reporting period SFRS along with multiagency partners, continue to embed the twice weekly 'Tasking and Co-ordinating Group'. This groups primary focus is on addressing tactical level issues using information sharing, problem profiling and the implementation of measures to reduce both fire related and other anti-social behaviour issues. This process greatly assists with addressing areas of high operational demand for a number of partners. SFRS have initiated a project to share facilities with our partners in the task and co-ordinating group. The formation of the Falkirk Community Safety Hub within Falkirk Community Fire Station is almost complete. It will be fully functional when a partner installs a secure IT network connection. It is anticipated, that this will enhance the initiatives to reduce anti-social behaviour already being undertaken in Falkirk Council Area.

Youth Engagement

During this reporting period, SFRS undertook a number of events across the Falkirk area in relation to educating young people in the dangers and consequences of deliberate fire setting. This included a visitation to all primary schools and targeted visitations to secondary schools including the on-going delivery of Youth Engagement activities within Polmont Young Offenders Institute. SFRS analyse trends and direct resources as appropriate ensuring a cohesive approach with partners in identifying solutions. The 'Friday Night Football@Bowhouse' in partnership with Falkirk Foundation has been very successful in reducing anti-social behaviour over a ten week period from 17th June. It attracted between 30-40 youths per session and culminated in youths attending a match at the Falkirk Stadium. This will be evaluated with a view to being rolled out in other wards across Falkirk as appropriate.

Appendix 2c

Reduction of 'All non-domestic fires'

Fire Safety Enforcement Activity

A Pre-Programmed Audit is an audit programmed at the commencement of the fiscal year, selected from premises held within the Service's database, based on a risk assessment as defined in the Service's Enforcement Framework.

A Non-Programmed Audits occurs throughout the year. This type of audit would be undertaken as a result of either: fire safety complaints; requests from partner agencies or joint initiatives with partners; Post Fire Audits within relevant premises and the targeting of specific premises type in line with the Service's Prevention and Protection (Enforcement) Framework.

Audits activity Year to Date Dec 2015

FSEC Code	Premises Type	Number of premises in Local Authority area as of 31 March 2014	Number of premises subject to pre-planned audit 2014*	Number of premises audited 2014 YTD	% of Target Premises achieved YTD**
A	Hospital	5	5	11	220%
B	Care Home	49	49	52	106%
C	House of multiple occupation (HMO) Tenement	35	16	16	100%
E	Hostels	1	1	1	100%
F	Hotels	57	25	25	100%
H	Other sleeping accommodation	1	1	2	200%
J	Further Education	2	0	0	-
K	Public Building	32	2	7	350%
L	Licensed Premises	307	10	26	260%
M	Schools	127	6	23	383%
N	Shops	1064	12	18	150%
P	Other premises open to public	167	9	17	188%
R	Factories & Warehouses	330	12	30	250%
S	Offices	635	3	10	333%
T	Other Workplace	52	2	10	500%
	Total	2864	153	242	158%

*Pre-planned targets are only set for Hospitals, Care Homes, HMO's classed as 'high' risk or in line with licence renewals and other premises classed as 'high' or 'very high' risk.

**Where target is exceeded this is due to non-programmed auditing such as thematic auditing, fire safety complaints or post fire audits.

Enforcement/Prohibition Notices

Whilst there have been a number of 'Action Plans' requested from Duty Holders in relevant premises, there have been no Enforcement or Prohibition Notices served within the Falkirk

Area during this reporting period. Whilst SFRS are the Enforcing Authority, the Local Falkirk Fire Safety Enforcement Officers develop good working relationships with relevant premises ensuring issues are managed using action plans to address issues.

Appendix 2d

Reduction of 'Special Service - casualties (fatal & non-fatal)'

Members of the local Community Action Team delivered 'Make it or break it' events within Polmont Young Offenders Institute. This targeted pre-release detainees, giving them the knowledge on how to remain safe and avoid injury to others on our roads.

Preparation is ongoing for “**Safe Drive Stay Alive**” road safety initiative aimed at contributing to reducing the number of road casualties and fatalities on Falkirk's roads. Over 2000 young people from within Falkirk will attend this event in January. An evening performance will also be delivered for parents and guardians of the young people to assist in reinforcing the message. Other road safety initiatives such as “biker down” and practical sessions for new car drivers are being considered at present and will be reported on in future reports.

Appendix 2e

Reduction of 'False Alarm - Equipment failure'

Fire Safety Enforcement Officers and Operational Crews address the issues of Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals (UFAS) through engagement with the appropriate duty holders and the application of the UFAS policy.

The SFRS targets premises with a high level of UFAS and Fire Safety Enforcement Officers engage with the relevant duty holders to provide information, guidance and education on the reasons for activation. This approach has been successful in reducing the UFAS incidents within the Falkirk Council Area. This reduces 'Blue Light Journeys' on local roads and reduces the disruption to local business.

Glossary

Primary Fire

Primary fires include all fires in non-derelict buildings and outdoor structures or any fires involving casualties or rescues or any fires attended by five or more appliances.

Secondary Fires

Secondary fires are the majority of outdoor fires including grassland and refuse fires unless they involve casualties or rescues, property loss or if five or more appliances attend. They include fires in derelict buildings but not chimney fires.

Accidental Dwelling Fires

Building occupied by households, excluding hotels, hostels and residential institutions. In 2000, the definition of a dwelling was widened to include any non-permanent structure used solely as a dwelling, such as caravans, houseboats etc. Caravans, boats etc. not used as a permanent dwelling are shown according to the type of property. Accidental includes fires where the cause was not known or unspecified.

Fire Fatality

A person whose death is attributed to a fire is counted as a fatality even if the death occurred weeks or months later.

Fire Casualty

Non-fatal casualties, injured as a direct result of a fire attended by the service. Includes those who received first aid at the scene and those who were recommended to go for a precautionary check. Does not include injuries to fire service personnel.

Deliberate Fire

Fires where deliberate ignition is suspected

Special Services

Special Services are non-fire incidents requiring the attendance of an appliance or officer. The Fire (Scotland) Act 2005 placed a statutory duty on FRS to attend fires and road traffic accidents. It also included an additional function order that covers non-fire incidents such as rescues from collapsed buildings or serious flooding

CPP

Community Planning Partnership.

SOA

Single Outcome Agreement.

Year to Date (YTD)

Year to date is calculated from 1st April on the reporting year

RTC

Road Traffic Collision

Biker Down

Road Safety initiative for motorcyclists

UFAS

Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals

Seasonal Community Safety Calendar

The seasonal calendar depicts a range of initiatives and activities that the SFRS and CPP partners will undertake throughout the year as part of our preventative strategies. SFRS deliver Thematic Action Plans relevant to seasonal trends.

