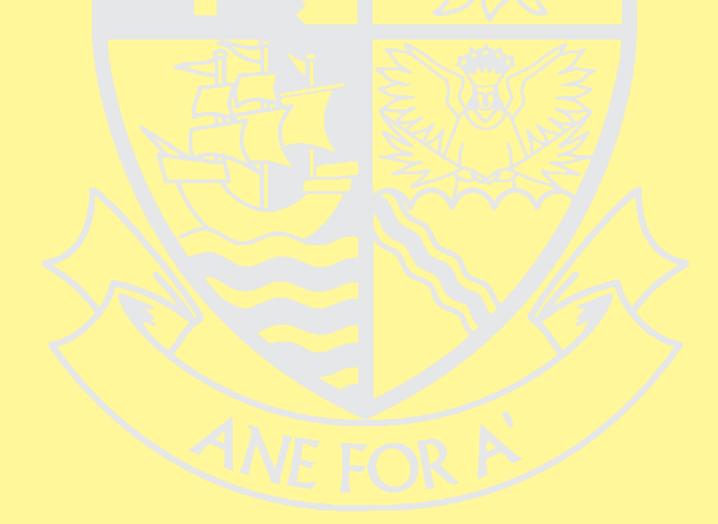
# AGENDA ITEM 5

## Historic Environment Strategy for Falkirk 2017



#### Agenda Item 5

#### Falkirk Council

Title: Historic Environment Strategy for Falkirk 2017

Meeting: Executive

Date: 13 February 2018

Submitted By: Director of Development Services

#### 1. Purpose of Report

1.1 The purpose of the report is to seek approval of the finalised Historic Environment Strategy for Falkirk.

#### 2. Recommendation

### 2.1 It is recommended that the Executive approves the finalised Historic Environment Strategy for Falkirk.

#### 3. Background

- 3.1 On 21<sup>st</sup> March 2017 the Executive agreed:
- 1) the consultative draft Historic Environment Strategy for Falkirk for external consultation; and
- 2) that a finalised report be reported back to the Executive for approval and adoption following external consultation.

#### 4. Consultation

4.1 Consultation on the draft strategy took place between 19<sup>th</sup> April and 31<sup>st</sup> May 2017. Over 300 consultees including elected members; Community Councils; key agencies; national, regional and local organisations; businesses; landowners; and charities were contacted and an online survey was posted on the Council's consultation hub.

#### 4.2 Responses were received from:

- Scottish Natural Heritage;
- Historic Environment Scotland;
- The Falkirk Townscape Heritage Initiative;
- Reddingmuirhead and Wallacestone Community Council;
- Falkirk Community Trust; and
- 18 members of the public

#### 5. Considerations

- 5.1 Roughly 90% of respondents to the online survey agreed or strongly agreed with the Strategy's vision and priority actions.
- 5.2 A number of the consultation responses suggested ways in which the Strategy could be improved. Appendix 1 of this report sets out a summary of the responses received; a proposed response to these comments and consequential changes to the draft Strategy.
- 5.3 Since producing the draft Strategy additional changes have been made to:
  - improve its overall clarity;
  - recognise the importance of two of Scotland's most significant battlefields: the Battle of Falkirk in 1298 during the First War of Scottish Independence and the Battle of Falkirk Muir during the Jacobite rising in 1746; and
  - reflect the Falkirk Great Places Partnership's success in securing funding from the Heritage Lottery Fund for the Falkirk: Landscape, Industry and Work project.

Appendix 2 of this report sets out these proposed changes.

5.4 Where appropriate, the draft Strategy has been amended to take on board suggestions for improvement. A finalised Strategy is presented at Appendix 3 which clearly sets out where changes to the draft Strategy are necessary.

#### 6. Implications

#### Financial

6.1 No additional financial obligations are expected to result from this amended strategy. Any resources will be met from within existing budgets. Partnership working and external funding opportunities will be maximised where possible.

#### Resources

6.2 None for Falkirk Council.

Legal

6.3 None

Risk

6.4 None

#### Equalities

6.5 None.

#### Sustainability/Environmental Impact

6.6 A screening report for Strategic Environmental Assessment of the draft strategy was submitted in October 2016 to the Scottish Government who co-ordinated assessment of the report by consultation authorities, Historic Environment Scotland, Scottish Natural Heritage and Scottish Environment Protection Agency. The recommendation from all consultant authorities that a full Strategic Environment Assessment was not required in the circumstances was then accepted.

#### 7. Conclusions

7.1 Consultation on the draft Historic Environment Strategy for Falkirk has revealed a high level of support for the vision of the document and the priority actions contained within. A number of changes to the draft Strategy are recommended in an attempt to improve its clarity and as a result of comments received during consultation. Executive is asked to agree the finalised draft Strategy shown at appendix 3.

Director of Development Services

Author – Danny Thallon, Environment Co-ordinator – 01324 504927, <u>danny.thallon@falkirk.gov.uk</u> Date: 31 January 2018

#### APPENDICES

Appendix 1: Summary of responses on Consultative Draft Historic Environment Strategy for Falkirk 2017 and proposed changes. Appendix 2: Summary of additional proposed changes Appendix 3: Finalised draft Historic Environment Strategy for Falkirk 2017

#### List of Background Papers:

Consultative Draft: Historic Environment Strategy for Falkirk – Report to the Executive – 7 March 2017

Appendix 1 - Summary of responses on Consultative Draft Historic Environment Strategy for Falkirk 2017 and Proposed Changes

Section of Strategy	Comment	Proposed Response and Changes to Document	Respondent
Whole document	"SNH welcomes the range of themes and actions that include several points also relevant to the natural heritage, to access and enjoyment, better and more distinctive places, health and well-being, volunteering and outdoor learning."	Comment noted. No change	Scottish Natural Heritage
Whole document	"We welcome this Historic Environment Strategy update and particularly support where the Council have collaboratively worked with partners, communities and stakeholders in the development of the document. We also consider that the document responds well to the changing context for the historic environment in the area, as well as the updated legal, strategy and policy framework for the management of the historic environment in Scotland. "	Comment noted. No change	Historic Environment Scotland
Section 5.2	Suggestion for the bullet points about the CARS	The 3 <sup>rd</sup> paragraph of Section	Julia Ng, THI
Townscape	schemes, which is based on your text and HES' own text	5.2 Townscape Heritage	Project Officer,
Heritage	on their website about	Initiatives will be removed and	Falkirk Town
Initiatives	CARS https://www.historicenvironment.scot/grants-and-	replaced with the following	Centre
	funding/our-grants/conservation-area-regeneration-	paragraph :	Townscape
	scheme-cars/ : This could read:	"Conservation Area	Heritage Initiative
	"The aims of the scheme complement those of the THI	Regeneration Scheme (CARS)	
	and include:	The aims of the scheme	
	- A traditional buildings repair programme for large and	complement those of the THI	

small projects, for homeowners, tenants and retailers;	and include:
small projects, for homeowners, tenants and retailers;	
- Restoration of original architectural detail and re-	- A traditional buildings
introduction of traditional materials and designs for	repair programme for large and
windows, gutters, roofs and stonework;	small projects, for homeowners,
- Reinstatement of traditional shop fronts and	tenants and retailers;
improvements or repairs to existing traditional shop fronts.	- Restoration of original
- As a by-product of improvements to the exterior of	architectural detail and re- introduction of traditional
buildings, increased likelihood of bringing	materials and designs for
vacant floorspace back into use by attracting new occupants;	windows, gutters, roofs and
	stonework;
- Public realm conservation and restoration;	- Reinstatement of
- Training opportunities for traditional craftspeople;	traditional shop fronts and
	improvements or repairs to
- Community engagement through training opportunities	existing traditional shop fronts.
in traditional skills and through education programmes;	- As a by-product of
- Administration costs of the scheme."	improvements to the exterior of
	buildings, increased likelihood of
	bringing vacant floorspace back
	into use by attracting new
	occupants;
	- Public realm conservation and
	restoration;
	- Training opportunities for

		<ul> <li>traditional craftspeople;</li> <li>Community engagement through training opportunities in traditional skills and through education programmes;</li> <li>Administration costs of the scheme."</li> </ul>	
Section 5.3 The Falkirk Townscape Heritage Initiative	<ul> <li>Page 16, final sentence: change 'THI training programmes' to 'THI community engagement and training programmes'</li> <li>Where is table 1? Is this the bullet point list which follows? If so perhaps it should reference the list rather than a table.</li> <li>Sentence immediately before the bullets points should read:</li> <li>Info for table 1 is based on available data at August 2017 and includes projected awards.'</li> <li>No change to the figures given.</li> </ul>	The last sentence of the first paragraph of Section 5.3 The Falkirk Townscape Heritage Initiative on page 16 and the following two paragraphs on page 17 will be removed and replaced with the following : "Full details of the THI community engagement and training programmes from 2013 - 2018 are provided in 10.4. The economic as well as educational benefits brought to the local and wider area, to date, by this scheme are demonstrated by the list below. Information for the list below is based on available data at	Julia Ng, THI Project Officer, Falkirk Town Centre Townscape Heritage Initiative

		August 2017 and includes projected awards.	
Section 6.2 Deteriorating Condition and Erosion	"The subject of old buildings etc is often discussed, though usually informally, at our Community Council meetings. The consensus seems to be that many a property is allowed to be demolished far too readily and many are neglected for such long periods that they succumb to vandalism and fires and are then deemed unsafe, also far too readily, prior to some emergency demolition. Falkirk Council's record on this is not considered to be very good. Not enough is done. I understand that VAT rates are prohibitive to redevelopment of old buildings and that a change to focus on this rather than new builds (often following a demolition) would perhaps require VAT changes from central government. A number of properties have been subjected to dismantling or " accidental " removal, in whole or in part, and no penalties are imposed on those responsible. I will cite Rosebank tuns as an example. Enforcement is considered patchy at best and ineffective when it matters. Once it's gone, it's gone. There is a long list of missed opportunities. Ask around. Current "opportunities" might include " The Big Bar", Bainsford and La Scala Grangemouth."	<b>Comment noted – no change.</b> The draft strategy sets out a number of priority actions aimed at addressing issues raised by this respondent with the exception of VAT which requires lobbying of central government on the part of aggrieved parties or organisations. <i>Priority Action</i> <i>8.3.1</i> refers to the continued review of local planning policies to ensure that our historic environment is legally and appropriately protected. There have been no unauthorised demolitions of statutorily protected structures and buildings in the Falkirk Council area in the recent past. <i>Section1.1 The Historic</i> <i>Environment of Falkirk</i> highlights the current environment of reduced public funding and shrinking resources which contribute to the challenging circumstances which limit opportunities to save those elements of the historic environment which find themselves at risk; it also	Reddingmuirhead and Wallacestone Community Council

Section 8.1	"The vision for the historic environment of Falkirk is	suggests that partnership working with other organisations and the community will be required to achieve results. <i>Priority Action 8.3.25</i> commits to consultation with communities on a Buildings at Risk Action Plan to gather local support for the re – use of redundant and vacant historic buildings at risk in their area. On this basis, it can be confirmed that we will be "asking around" in the near future – for timescales refer to <i>Section 8.4 Action Plan.</i>	Scottish Natural
Section 8.1 Vision for the Historic Environment of Falkirk	intrinsically linked to better place making. An holistic and collaborative approach to place making where historic, cultural and natural heritage assets are integrated is likely to achieve multiple benefits and better experiences for visitors and residents alike. For example, the Strategy recognises that the aims of the Central Scotland Green Network include enhancing the 'green' elements of place, such as the canal corridor and Callendar Park. In addition, the Inner Forth Landscape Initiative has delivered successful projects integrating historic and natural aspects, for instance at Kinneil Estate and Zetland Park in Grangemouth. This inclusive working supports local economies, tourism and empowers local communities to engage. SNH, as an external stakeholder	Comment noted. No change	Scottish Natural Heritage

	to the Strategy, have the expertise and specialism to contribute to place making. For instance, in assessing landscape changes and impacts from further built development and through informing design quality for public spaces. We look forward to opportunities that might arise to engage in sustainable place making through the actions delivered by the Strategy."		
Section 8.1 Vision for the Historic Environment of Falkirk	"We do not disagree with the aspirations set out in this statement but suggest that it combines a vision statement and series of objectives. The vision for the Strategy could be: "Overall, our built heritage will be valued and promoted as an asset to a greater degree than at present"; although we would suggest that the phrase "to a greater degree than at present" could be more aspirational as well as providing a clearer definition of what improvement will look like."	<b>Comment noted. No change</b> The Local Development Plan was adopted in 2015 following a comprehensive local and national consultation process and it makes sense to incorporate the vision it sets out for place making and the historic environment within this Strategy.	Falkirk Community Trust
Section 8.1 Vision for the Historic Environment of Falkirk	"Strongly agree. In my opinion, it is not the prominent buildings which give an area character but the buildings which people live and shop in within the town centre which are of utmost importance."	Comment noted. No change	Online Respondent
Section 8.1 Vision for the Historic Environment of Falkirk	" Strongly agree. Do not forget small villages and towns. For instance, Dunipace which has already lost heritage to housing."	Comment noted. No change	Online Respondent
Section 8.1 Vision for the	" Strongly agree. Very good. You may wish to consider the Canal and John Muir Way as corridors through which	<b>Comment noted. No change</b> Suggestion is noted as it	Online Respondent

Historic Environment of Falkirk	to explore the Historic sites. E.g. A map which highlights nearby attractions while boating/walking/cycling along the canal with appropriate signage from the canal to the sites. Likewise for the John Muir Way. It may be unusual for a location to have 3 linear features of such importance within close proximity running almost entirely through a district."	accords with Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Increased Access, Action 3.17	
Vision for the Historic Environment of Falkirk	"Seeing buildings at risk being restored as a priority with careful planning for use in their community would be another huge boost to the local pride and tourist links that have been built up in recent years."	Comment noted. No change. Support welcomed.	Online Respondent
Vision for the Historic Environment of Falkirk	"Disagree. Concentrate on what we have and keep it in good repair"	<b>Comment noted. No change</b> Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Effective Management and Protection, Action 3.1 - this action refers to reviewing and updating local planning policies to ensure that our historic sites and buildings are legally and appropriately protected.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions 8.3.1	"We also note the intention to review and update Falkirk's Local Development Plan policies and associated guidance documents on the historic environment. We would encourage further engagement with Historic Environment Scotland on this topic, to ensure that any modified policies allow for the robust protection of individual heritage asset types."	<b>Comment noted. No change.</b> Historic Environment Scotland are a statutory consultee for the Local Development Plan and associated supplementary guidance ; on that basis they will be afforded the opportunity to offer representations on any proposed changes to existing	Historic Environment Scotland

		local plan policies on the historic environment.	
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Effective Management and Protection	"Strongly agree. I have had the distinct pleasure of working with a number of stakeholders in Falkirk which has been extremely positive. By working with the right people the council will be able to reach additional sectors of society to promote these key and essential messages."	Comment noted. No change	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Effective Management and Protection	"Strongly agree. Direct liaison with community councils and local involvement groups."	The first sentence of Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Effective Management and Protection, Action 8.3.10 will be removed and replaced by the following sentence as follows :" In taking forward critical actions from this strategy, we shall agree priorities with key partners including Falkirk Community Trust, Community Councils, local groups and other stakeholders."	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Effective Management and Protection	" Agree. Working with local heritage groups/societies would be advantageous, rather than concentrating on bigger areas, in order that visitors to Falkirk will travel further afield throughout the district.	Comment noted. See proposed change above.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions,	"Not sure. 8.3.5 We shall support the Falkirk Delivers Business Improvement District team. WHY just Falkirk	<b>Comment noted. No change</b> . This Strategy covers the whole	Online Respondent

Effective Management and Protection	why are the surrounding towns not being supported. People in Falkirk get everything handed to them. Denny Grangemouth Bo'ness etc all have to fight and fundraise to deliver projects. It is time you supported the towns better.	Falkirk Council Area; each Section mentions historic sites outwith Falkirk town centre. The intention is to develop and initiate council wide actions and projects. <i>Action 8.3.5</i> relates specifically to post THI actions for Falkirk Town Centre which may have led to this misunderstanding.	
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Effective Management and Protection	"Disagree. Better spending the money in the area if your employed by the council it should be your job to know what needs done without anyone else's help (2)."	Comment noted. No change.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Effective Management and Protection	"Not sure. Appears heavily weighted towards Falkirk and possibly Bo'ness."	<b>Comment noted. No change.</b> This Strategy covers the whole Falkirk Council Area; each Section mentions historic sites outwith Falkirk town centre. The intention is to develop and initiate council wide actions and projects.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Effective Management and Protection, 8.3.10	"We agree with the Priority Actions and welcome the inclusion of Falkirk Community Trust in 8.3.10 and the overview of its functions; however, we suggest that such an overview might sit better in section 7.2 Heritage Network where an overview of all key strategic partners and their roles in relation to delivering the Strategy could	The following 2 <sup>nd</sup> paragraph will be added to Section 7.2 Heritage Network as follows : "Falkirk Community Trust is intrinsically linked with Falkirk Council's in terms of the heritage activities role it plays	Falkirk Community Trust

Section 8.3	be added. We also feel a strategic overview is missing - one which sums up the Achievements (Section 5) and Challenges Section (6), sets the ambition for the duration of the Strategy and provides the context for the themes and key actions set out in Section 8. It might also be worth mentioning that the Trust not only has a close functional connection with Falkirk Council Development Services but is also designated as heritage advisor to the Council and so might be regarded as the closest of partners, integral to delivering this Strategy. We suggest that under Priority Actions, the sentence could read: 'We will work, where appropriate, with partner organisations to:' "	with respect to the delivery of this Strategy, in relation to place making and contributing to the economic development of the Falkirk area through its delivery of heritage engagement activity and management of heritage assets such as Callander House and Park, Kinneil Estate and The Hippodrome. Falkirk Community Trust is also a designated heritage consultee on planning matters. FCT manages Falkirk Council's archive and museum collections and maintains the Historic Environment Record." <b>The 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> sentences of</b> <i>Section 8.3 Priority Actions,</i> <i>Effective Management and</i> <i>Protection, Action 8.3.10</i> will <b>be removed.</b> <i>Section 9 Monitoring</i> <i>Performance</i> provides measurements for success which are deemed to set the ambition for the duration of the strategy.	Online
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Enhancement of Knowledge	"Strongly agree. This is essential in modern society. There is a wealth of opportunity here and Historic Environment Scotland is at the cutting edge of using technology to record the built heritage. With this	Comment noted. No change.	Respondent

	department about to move to Stirling there is a great opportunity to work with HES for the benefit of Falkirk's built heritage."		
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Enhancement of Knowledge	"Agree. As long as not students accredited by FCT and Falkirk Council for anything taken forward."	<b>Comment noted. No change.</b> The results of any student feasibility projects on local buildings will be disseminated through the planning authority to encourage development of historic buildings. The provenance of information will require to be acknowledged, nonetheless, in accordance with standard procedure.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Enhancement of Knowledge	"Strongly agree. Working with local people and amateur historians could be beneficial."	Comment noted. No change.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Enhancement of Knowledge	"Strongly disagree. Waste of tax payers money."	Comment noted. No change	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Enhancement of Knowledge, 8.3.11 (e)	"We believe that Falkirk Community Trust is also a potential partner for this work; Falkirk THI has demonstrated FCT's role in leading heritage engagement and contributing to developing public knowledge about the built environment. FCT is the key local outlet in developing the community's understanding of its heritage.	The following sentence will be added to the end of Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Enhancement of Knowledge, Action 8.3.11 (e) as follows : "Falkirk Community Trust is a key local resource for recorded	Falkirk Community Trust

	FCT is also the key local resource for recorded knowledge of local sites and manages the locality's Historic Environment Record (previously the SMR)."	knowledge of local sites and manages the locality's Historic Environment Record (previously the SMR)."	
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Knowledge Sharing	"Agree. Have discussion evenings to promote interest in local historical subjects."	<b>Comment noted. No change.</b> Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Community Involvement, Action 8.3.24 refers to greater engagement with local heritage groups and local communities which will include evening meetings.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Knowledge Sharing	"Strongly agree. Web recording should ideally be through Open Source Software and Systems, data formats etc. Avoiding proprietary data formats or tools like ESRI ArcGIS. This would allow local groups to get involved and boost data sharing."	<b>Comment noted. No change.</b> Thank you for these suggestions; we shall explore various means of information and knowledge capture as appropriate for a range of projects.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Knowledge Sharing	"Not sure. Waste of money"	Comment noted. No change	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Knowledge Sharing	"Strongly agree. Wish more information on support for communities - who would provide the support, what type of support? How will support from the 'centre' be managed to benefit local communities?"	<b>Comment noted. No change</b> Falkirk Council, its external partners and national funding organisations can provide support for local communities on a range of knowledge capture projects. Funded projects would be monitored by funding	Online Respondent

Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Knowledge Sharing	"We recognise the value in the mainstreaming of the historic environment across all departments of the Council but we suggest that mainstreaming the historic environment could be a subset of mainstreaming heritage, in all its forms, as a strategic driver of place- making. Reference is made in 7.2 to the work of Royal Society of Arts in identifying the need for heritage networks 'in managing and using heritage'. The main thrust of the RSA project, Heritage, Identity and Place, is to identify the full panoply of local heritage forms which mark a locality out as unique and which can be used as a major influence on local decisions. The RSA views networks as sustainable partnership frameworks designed to realise this strategic potential, and places emphasis on the active role of citizens in such partnerships."	organisations to ensure projected outcomes for local communities were achieved. Section 10.6 Funding Sources provides further information. <b>Comment noted. No change.</b> Section 8.3, Priority Actions 8.3.3 and 8.3.24 set out proposed actions which connect the historic environment with place making through place statements on the character of local areas and charrettes on place statements for the local development plan with local communities.	Falkirk Community Trust
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Increased Access	"Strongly agree. Critical to work in association with partners to achieved shared goals and objectives."	<b>Comment noted. No change</b> Support welcomed.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Increased Access	"Strongly agree. Falkirk has a great opportunity with the Kelpies and the Falkirk Wheel but it is essential that visitors to these also come into the town centre. Falkirk	<b>Comment noted. No change</b> Agree with this comment; refer to the last sentence of the 2 <sup>nd</sup> paragraph of <i>Section 3.4</i>	Online Respondent

	has so much to offer if it can get visitors to come into the centre."	<i>Tourism</i> which states that " transportation links and pathways to connect sites with town centres will be pivotal to economic regeneration of the area."	
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Increased Access	"Access, in all its forms, is at the heart of what Falkirk Community Trust does in relation to heritage and our resources are deployed in the majority of the examples given here. We would propose that consideration be given to prioritising key sites for development / improvement - particularly those managed by the Council and Trust - to ensure that our respective (relatively limited) resources are deployed as efficiently as possible and that we are not in competition for any external resources that may be available for this purpose."	The first sentence of Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Increased Access Action 8.3.16 will be removed and replaced with the following sentence as follows : "We shall encourage communities to access and find uses for historic assets and we shall work with key external partners such as Falkirk Community Trust to identify mutual priorities in relation to the development of tourism and cultural uses for historic buildings and sites. "	Falkirk Community Trust
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Increased Access	"Agree. Again, do not forget the importance of the smaller towns and the local groups. Supporting them could gain benefits throughout the area."	<b>Comment noted. No change</b> The proposed actions are intended to increase access to historic sites and buildings throughout the whole Falkirk Council area.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Increased Access	"Strongly agree. Excellent initiative. Please involve the local History groups especially The Friends of Kinneil in regard to Big Roman Week and the Antonine Wall Trail."	Comment noted. No change Support welcomed.	Online Respondent

Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Increased Access	"Strongly agree. Increased access and development of Kinneil House and Estate will complement the more modern and managed parks such as The Wheel, Zetland and The Helix. Ideal for those who want a more historic, natural experience. Greater focus on the James Watt Cottage. Which could be promoted as "the crucible of the Industrial Revolution".	<b>Comment noted. No change</b> A Masterplan for Kinneil Estate July 2014 : Falkirk Community Trust is included in <i>Section 4.2</i> <i>Local Context</i> as part of the key local policy context ; the Masterplan proposes a range of projects to improve visitor experience.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Increased Access	"Strongly disagree. If you're in the job you should know how to do this."	Comment noted. No change	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Increased Access	"Strongly agree. Interested to know how priorities selected."	<b>Comment noted. No change</b> Priority Actions 8.3.16 and 8.3.17 include examples of potential projects based on discussions with external partners and other organisations. Other suggestions can be explored, as appropriate.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions,	"Agree. Great if it, and the proposed new uses, all ties in	Comment noted. No change This document sets out the	Online Respondent
Sustainable Use of Assets	with a long-term strategy."	strategy for a 5 year period as per standard practice.	Respondent
Section 8.3	"Agree. Other parks have historic value such as Inchyra	Comment noted. No change	Online

Priority Actions, Sustainable Use of Assets	Park in Grangemouth, former airport and ww2 spitfire training base."	Suggestion is noted; non statutory designations present challenges from a funding perspective.	Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Sustainable Use of Assets	"Agree. Please include the thoughts of the Communities and the residents who live close to these establishments, include them in the project."	<b>Comment noted. No change</b> Suggestion noted. In most cases, local communities are heavily involved in project development – e.g. Friends of Zetland Park	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Sustainable Use of Assets	" Strongly disagree. Zetland is a fine park. It is clear that it is very busy with good to excellent facilities for families. A mile or so away is a £40+ Million park. A recent FCT funded study by Simpson and Brown suggested that Kinneil House could have a limited, technology led refurbishment for around £1.5M. Spending £2.5M on some lights, a fountain and a clock tower seem extravagant for what is already an excellent facility. Meanwhile Kinneil Estate includes the finest Renaissance wall paintings in Scotland; the home of the 2nd family in the land at the time of Mary Queen of Scots; Scotland's first race car venue; Roman heritage; fine ponds and walks in a more natural environment; a 12th Century church ruin; excellent but overgrown 17th Century bridges and the site where the efficient Steam Engine was developed. And with a Steam Railway running past. But this amazing historic location gets crumbs from the table. You've a gem waiting to be developed. Walled Garden plans are welcome but allotments will give this useful	<b>Comment noted. No change</b> The details for the proposed conservation, enhancement and development of Kinneil House and Estate are set out in "A <i>Masterplan for Kinneil Estate</i> <i>July 2014: Falkirk Community</i> <i>Trust</i> "; this document is mentioned <i>in Section 4 Policy</i> <i>Context</i> and <i>Section 5</i> <i>Achievements</i> as it is a key strategic driver for this document.	Online Respondent

	space over to a handful of very fortunate people."		
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Sustainable Use of Assets	"Strongly agree. Hopefully the aims are not limited to these heritage sites. Falkirk has a lot more to offer."	<b>Comment noted. No change</b> The proposed actions/projects relate to this particular theme; the list is not exhaustive and will be reviewed as other projects are explored and developed over time.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Sustainable Use of Assets	"Strongly disagree. If council had kept these places in good condition throughout the years this would not need done."	<b>Comment noted. No change</b> Challenges in terms of shrinking resources as described in <i>Section 6.1</i> mean that there is increasing competition for the means to maintain or enhance historic assets.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Sustainable Use of Assets	"Following on from our comment to the previous question, we strongly agree with the concept of sustainable use of historic assets. We would suggest, though, that the emphasis on examples here is more appropriate to a short/medium-term plan of action rather than a longer- term strategy. The mention of a potential project for the Walled Garden at Kinneil draws attention to the fact that this project does not presently feature in the Kinneil Masterplan, where the priority project from an historic environment point of view is the redevelopment of Kinneil House, which is not mentioned. In respect to this point, we would emphasise the need for a stronger common approach to strategic planning and development, particularly where site management is split between two	<b>Comment noted. No change.</b> This Strategy covers the period from 2017 until 2021; the projects highlighted in <i>Section</i> <i>8.3 Priority Actions, Sustainable</i> <i>Use of Assets, Actions 8.3.18 to</i> <i>8.3.21</i> represent a selection of potential local projects rather than an exhaustive list. A Masterplan for Kinneil Estate July 2014 : Falkirk Community Trust is included in <i>Section 4.2</i> <i>Local Context</i> as part of the key local policy context and on this basis is deemed to constitute a key strategic driver of this Strategy.	Falkirk Community Trust

	or more partners. (See also our response to the previous question)."		
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Growing Skills	"Agree. Do not shut out local volunteer community groups who have already been working to improve our area, including community gardens, heritage trails, cleaning up of the river and parks. They have made a great contribution to Falkirk District, and partnership with FCT and Falkirk Council is advantageous for all."	<b>Comment noted. No change.</b> The actions/projects set out under this theme are good examples of knowledge transfer and growing skills; discussions in relation to other similar projects are welcomed.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Growing Skills	"Agree. This initiative should also look at and assist other gardens in Falkirk District to achieve status on the Glorious Garden list. Not just support the existing ones. For example Kinneil Estate. It does not have its own gardening crew like Callendar Park."	<b>Comment noted. No change.</b> Suggestion noted; the Glorious Gardens Project may be further developed, dependent on additional funding.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Growing Skills	"Agree. Perhaps increase skills in creation of interpretation panels and similar for local sites. This way, planning of content and design could benefit from local knowledge."	Comment noted. Suggestion welcomed; fits with actions relating to Community Involvement. The first sentence of Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Community Involvement, Action 8.3.24 will be removed and replaced with the following sentence as follows : "We shall pursue greater engagement with local heritage groups and local communities; potential opportunities include on – line questionnaires and charrettes on place statements	Online Respondent

		for the new local development plan, discussions on creation of interpretation panels and similar local information sources and workshop sessions with community groups to increase awareness of this strategy."	
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Growing Skills	"Strongly disagree. Get the people who have community service to do this so they are actually paying something back to society."	Comment noted. No change.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Growing Skills	"We agree with the objective of Growing Skills, both voluntary and professional; the Glorious Gardens project appears to be a better fit with the following section, Community Involvement."	<b>Comment noted. No change.</b> One of the main aims of <i>Glorious Gardens</i> is to grow knowledge and skills for volunteers, not all of whom are from the local community ; it is considered to be an exemplar knowledge and skills transfer project which contributes to local and national records on the historic environment.	Falkirk Community Trust
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Community Involvement	"Strongly agree. Collaboration is so important in the modern age and identifying partner organisations to work with which share the same goals and principles will only benefit the efforts."	Comment noted. No change. Support welcomed.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Community Involvement	"Agree. Rather than giving money to outside sources, use the knowledge, experience and willingness of the local groups. Provide them with funding and support, and they	Comment noted. No change.	Online Respondent

	will support you."		
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Community Involvement	"Disagree. I am sorry I totally disagree - why should Community groups take over buildings. Working in partnership is a better idea than just passing the 'buck' to the community just to get a building off your list of buildings to look after."	<b>Comment noted. No change</b> The intention is to work in partnership with local groups by directing them towards the increasing number of fund raising resources and other specialist support mechanisms for the re – use of redundant and vacant buildings at risk. See <i>Section 10.6 Funding Sources.</i>	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Community Involvement	"Strongly agree. Charrettes " - I had to look it up. "	Comment noted. No change.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Community Involvement	"Strongly disagree. Waste of money you go with what you've already decided."	Comment noted. No change.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Community Involvement	"Strongly agree. Community liaison and consultation is essential. Identified, dedicated person(s) as contact. A list of contacts with areas of responsibility to be made available."	Comment noted. No change. Support welcomed.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Community Involvement	"This Action has a strong synergy with Falkirk Community Trust's business planning approach although our approach will take engagement beyond consultation and towards active involvement. As local authorities and other partners face increasing pressure on funding, there may	The first sentence of Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Community Involvement, Action 8.3.25 will be removed and replaced with the	Falkirk Community Trust

	be merit in expanding this section to include opportunities for community stewardship of heritage assets and facilitating community-based and community-driven heritage projects so increasing opportunities for more of our built heritage to be protected and conserved."	following two sentences as follows : "We shall consult communities on the Buildings at Risk Action Plan to gather local support for the re – use of redundant and vacant historic buildings at risk in their area ; we shall encourage local groups and others who are interested in developing proposals to explore opportunities for community stewardship of heritage assets. We shall direct them to funding sources and specialist assistance for community based and community driven heritage projects."	
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Increased Appreciation	"Strongly agree. Potential to link awards with local partners and other key stakeholders, e.g. local employers, professional institutes, etc."	Comment noted. No change. Support welcomed.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Increased Appreciation	"Strongly agree. Getting school children in appreciating the built heritage is essential. Even if it is only at a low level, they will have an appreciation which they can explore and benefit in the years ahead which will benefit the area in the long-term."	<b>Comment noted. No change.</b> Support welcomed.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions,	"Agree. Again, don't keep basing everything around	<b>Comment noted. No change.</b> This Strategy covers the whole	Online Respondent

Increased Appreciation	Falkirk town centre attractions."	Falkirk Council Area; this section mentions historic sites outwith Falkirk town centre. The intention is to develop and initiate council wide actions and projects.	
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Increased Appreciation	"Strongly disagree. Once again - all in FALKIRK. Falkirk Community Trust is only interested in events in Callendar House/Park and the Helix. NOT the surrounding towns."	<b>Comment noted. No change.</b> This Strategy covers the whole Falkirk Council Area; this section mentions historic sites outwith Falkirk town centre. The intention is to develop and initiate council wide actions and projects.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Increased Appreciation	"Strongly agree. Events are great for increasing civic pride and spreading important information. More please."	<b>Comment noted. No change.</b> Support welcomed.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Increased Appreciation	"Strongly disagree. Waste of money."	Comment noted. No change.	Online Respondent
Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Increased Appreciation	"We welcome the emphasis on partnership in this section although we suggest that the level of detail on our planned activity for 2017 will date the Strategy quite quickly. Are there other examples of other partnership activity (Big Roman Week, Local History Week, Door Open Days, THI Heritage Engagement Programme) which have a reasonable track record and the potential to continue/develop in future years and involve a number of different organisations, including FCT, working together	<b>Comment noted. No change.</b> This Strategy covers the period from 2017 until 2021and partners' projects highlighted are suggested generic types rather than an exhaustive list.	Falkirk Community Trust

	?"		
Section 8.3 Priority Actions 8.3.24	" we consider that there is some further scope to link the Historic Environment Strategy with emerging proposals within the Local Development Plan 2 as well as with work Falkirk Council is undertaking at the community level. In particular, we noted that the Main Issues Report for Local Development Plan 2 proposed to develop "Place Statements" for each settlement in consultation with local communities. We therefore consider that there may be opportunities for additional partnership working through this route."	The following sentence will be added to the end of Section 8.3 Priority Actions, Action 8.3.24 as follows : "We will investigate the scope for additional partnership working with Historic Environment Scotland in relation to the suggested linking of this Strategy with community involvement in place making as described above."	Historic Environment Scotland
Section 8.3 Priority Actions 8.3.25	"The strategy provides an opportunity to raise the profile of heritage assets that have particular challenges within the priority actions. We would suggest consideration be given to including within Section 8.3 Priority Actions, a commitment to pilot a targeted partnership approach to identify potential outcomes for historic assets that have particular challenges."	<b>Comment noted. No change.</b> <i>Action 8.3.12 (a)</i> proposes exploration of joint working with Historic Environment Scotland on the potential for local buildings at risk to be the subject of feasibility projects for post graduate students on the Advanced Professional Diploma in Technical Building Conservation. The aims of this action are to highlight heritage assets that have particular	Historic Environment Scotland

		challenges and to stimulate interest by developers in their sustainable redevelopment.	
Section 8.3 Priority Actions 8.3.25	"More broadly, we consider that communities can play an active role in identifying important historic environmental assets in their areas and finding innovative ways of contributing towards their restoration. Communities also have rights under the "Community Empowerment (Scotland) Act 2015 to take into control land or buildings owned by public bodies that they consider that they can make use of. Historic Environment Scotland would therefore be happy to provide advice on the management of the historic environment at a community level and would welcome further engagement on this."	The following additional priority action 8.3.26 will be added to Section 8.3 Priority Actions, "Community Involvement "after Action 8.3.25 as follows – note numbering of the priority actions after 8.3.26 will also be adjusted to suit : "Working in partnership with Historic Environment Scotland, we shall encourage communities to identify important historic environmental assets in their areas and to take advantage of their rights under the Community Empowerment (Scotland) Act 2015 to take into control land or buildings owned by public bodies that they believe they can restore through innovative funding."	Historic Environment Scotland
		Add corresponding action	

	within the action plan.	

#### Appendix 2: Summary of Additional Proposed Changes

Section of Strategy	Proposed Changes to Document
Title	Change the title of the Strategy as follows:
	"Our Euture is the Dest - Historie Equirement Stratemuter Follow 2010"
<b>F</b> ara and in a	"Our Future in the Past – Historic Environment Strategy for Falkirk 2018"
Executive	Delete the 1 <sup>st</sup> sentence of the 4 <sup>th</sup> paragraph and replace as follows:
Summary	"Our Euture in the Dest", Historia Environment Strategy for Folkirk 2019, 2022 will continue to deliver
	"Our Future in the Past" Historic Environment Strategy for Falkirk 2018 - 2023 will continue to deliver
	successful outcomes for the historic environment of the Falkirk Council area, by achieving the vision for
Section 1.1 The	2034 as set out in the Local Development Plan 2015:" The 2 <sup>nd</sup> paragraph in Section 1.1, The Historic Environment of Falkirk, will be removed and
Historic	replaced with the following paragraph:
Environment of	"The Falkirk Council area has a unique historic environment, reflecting its long settlement history and
Falkirk	its strategic location. It is the location of two of Scotland's most significant battlefields: the Battle of
Ιαικιικ	Falkirk in 1298 during the First War of Scottish Independence and the Battle of Falkirk Muir during the
	Jacobite rising in 1746. It was a rich and important agricultural area, hosting the huge Tryst cattle
	market in former times; it was changed dramatically by the industrial revolution. The production of iron,
	which harnessed the power of the River Carron, started in 1760. The Forth and Clyde Canal
	constructed in the 1790's and the Union Canal dating from 1820's brought industry to the area."
Section 2.1	The 2 <sup>nd</sup> paragraph in Section 2.1, Making Better Places, will be removed and replaced with the
Making Better	following paragraph as follows :
Places	"A key strategic objective set out in the vision of the Local Development Plan is "to improve the sense
	of place in our towns and villages and to protect, enhance and promote our historic environments". The
	LDP Vision highlights where we are now in terms of each strategic objective, and highlights the fact that
	"The area looks and feels better than it did 15-20 years ago, and examples of good design are starting
	to shape a more positive image of the area." The vision highlights the fact that the area has a wealth of
	historic environment assets, and the link between the LDP and the Historic Environment Strategy. It
	also highlights:
	Deduction in the level of vecent and develot levels
	<ul> <li>Reduction in the level of vacant and derelict land;</li> </ul>

	The World Heritage Site status of the Antonine Wall;
	Conservation Areas re-appraisal; and
	<ul> <li>The number of key historic buildings remaining redundant and at risk.</li> </ul>
	The Vision sets out strategic aims in terms of the historic environment which are:
	<ul> <li>Continued recognition of the value of historic gardens, designed landscapes, and battlefield sites;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Sensitively restoring and bringing back into use historic buildings;</li> </ul>
	Recognition of the Antonine Wall as an exemplar World Heritage Site.
	Going forward into the 2 <sup>nd</sup> Local Development Plan (LDP2), existing historic environment policies are
	likely to remain largely unchanged, with a focus on achieving the aims of the strategic vision. "
Section 3.1 Well	The following 4 <sup>th</sup> paragraph will be added to Section 3.1 Well - Being as follows : "The Falkirk
- Being	Open Space Strategy, adopted in October 2016, sets out a strategic vision for the future of the area's
	parks and open spaces; many parks and open spaces have historical significance, such as Kinneil
	Estate, Callander Park, Dunmore Park, Forth and Clyde Canal and The Antonine Wall. The strategy
	highlights the benefits that parks and open spaces bring to communities in terms of physical and
	mental health, the quality of our environment and wildlife habitat."
Section 3.2	The 1 <sup>st</sup> paragraph of Section 3.2, Cultural Identity, will be removed and replaced with the
Cultural Identity	following paragraph:
	"The historic environment is part of our cultural identity as a nation and community. Our sense of
	national identity has been shaped, in part, by the battles that took place within our area in 1298 during
	the First War of Scottish Independence and 1746 during the Jacobite Rising."
Section 3.4	The 1 <sup>st</sup> paragraph of Section 3.4 Tourism will be removed and replaced with the following
Tourism	paragraph as follows: "The Scotland Visitor Survey 2015 and 2016 recorded that 47% of first time
	visitors to Scotland and 29% of repeat visitors were attracted by the country's history and culture."
Section 3.4	The 1 <sup>st</sup> , 2 <sup>nd</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup> sentences of the 2 <sup>nd</sup> paragraph of Section 3.4 Tourism will be removed and
Tourism	replaced with the following sentences as follows: "Since 2009, the Falkirk Council area has
	achieved a significant increase in tourism performance, visitor numbers have risen by 50.2% and
	economic impact has grown by 51.6%, (source STEAM 2016). The Falkirk area is now home to two of
	the world's most unique attractions, the internationally acclaimed Kelpies within the Helix Park and The
	the world's most unique attractions, the internationally designing respice within the risk'r art and rise

	Falkirk Wheel which has just had a significant redevelopment. Both of these attractions are within Scotland's top 10 attractions and are contributing to the significant growth of tourism in the Falkirk area. The Historic Environment of Falkirk provides a number of major visitor attractions such as The Antonine Wall, Callander House, the site of the Battle of Falkirk, the site of the Battle of Falkirk Muir, Blackness Castle, The Hippodrome, Bo'ness and Kinneil Railway, Kinneil Museum and Estate, The Dunmore Pineapple, The Falkirk Steeple and Falkirk Trinity Church. "
Section 3.4 Tourism	The 5 <sup>th</sup> sentence of the 2 <sup>nd</sup> paragraph of Section 3.4 Tourism will be removed and replaced with the following sentences as follows : "Tourism Falkirk 2020, Falkirk Area Tourism Strategy 2015 – 2020, identifies clear targets for growth with a key target being : to increase visitor expenditure in the Falkirk area by 20% over the next five years to 2020. The further development of the heritage product within the Falkirk area will contribute to the achievement of this target. The Tourism Strategy has identified sites with potential to extend visitor appeal including Callendar House and Park, Kinneil House and Estate, Falkirk and Bo'ness Town centres and The Antonine Wall."
Section 4.2 Local Context	The following two sentences will be added at the end of the 3 <sup>rd</sup> paragraph of Section 4.2 Local Context as follows : "The LDP also includes a number of specific opportunities in terms of improving access to, and the interpretation of, the historic environment, often in conjunction with other green space projects. There are also specific housing, business, tourism or regeneration proposals which are linked to the restoration of historic buildings."
Section 5. Achievements	Insert additional section after section 5.5 as follows:"5.6 Falkirk: Landscape, Industry and WorkThe Falkirk Great Place Partnership (Falkirk Community Trust, Falkirk Council, Scottish Canals & the Central Scotland Green Network Trust) was successful in a bid to the Heritage Lottery Fund for funding to carry out a programme of work focusing on better connecting our heritage assets. Projects will record, interpret and celebrate Falkirk's routes and places and will be complemented by investment in

	developing social and digital networks. Funding will deliver four key projects over a 3 year programme:
	1. Falkirk Heritage Alliance – will strengthen our links with built and natural heritage groups, local history societies, schools, colleges and others and will provide a framework for collaboration an co-production on heritage projects.
	2. Falkirk's Stories: community storytelling – a comprehensive archive of memories, images and other responses to Falkirk's heritage to be hosted on a website platform to act as an enduring legacy of the project.
	3. Celebrating our heritage: art, tourism and events – a programme of events, festivities and promotions designed to raise awareness of Falkirk's heritage, attract visitors and encourage local people to explore the heritage network.
	4. Careers in a modern producer economy – will complement mainstream training provision by using heritage to influence the prevailing culture, nurture pride in Falkirk's manufacturing tradition and raise awareness of career opportunities."
Section 8.3	Delete paragraph 8.3.17 and replace with:
Priority Actions	"We shall promote the development of new heritage and landscape trails in the local area in conjunction with local communities and external partners. Included in a series of proposed projects are the Falkirk Battlefield Trail and potential visitor centre in conjunction with the 1745 Association, Scottish Battlefields Trust, Callendar Estate and Falkirk Community Trust and an Antonine Wall trail within the Falkirk Council area. Potential trails based around the history of the Carron Iron Company, the town of Bo'ness and the town of Grangemouth will be explored."
Section 8.3	Add additional sentence to the end of paragraph 8.3.26 as follows:
Priority Actions	"We will also encourage communities and local history groups to develop projects which celebrate their cultural heritage and enhance the tourism potential of our area and, where staff resources allow, assist

	them to acc	them to access sources of external funding to realise their aspirations."								
Section 8.3 Priority Actions	Add additional action in the Effective Management and Protection section as follows (numbering of the priority actions will also be adjusted to suit):									
Section 8.4 Action Plan	"We will establish the Falkirk Heritage Alliance to strengthen our links with built and natural heritage groups, local history societies, schools, colleges and others and will provide a framework for collaboration and co-production on heritage projects." Add corresponding action within the action plan as follows:									
	Theme	Action/Proj		Partners	Yea 1	r Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
	Effective Manageme and Protection	Heritage	Falkirk Commun Trust	Falkirk Council, Scottish Canals, CSGNT, local stakeholde	ers					
Section 8.3 Priority Actions		onal action in th adjusted to sui	-	ills section as	follows	s (numbei	ing of th	e priority	/ actions	
Section 8.4 Action Plan	"Through the Careers in a Modern Producer Economy project we will complement mainstream training provision by using heritage to influence the prevailing culture, nurture pride in Falkirk's manufacturing tradition and raise awareness of career opportunities." Add corresponding action within the action plan as follows:									
	Theme	Action/Project	Lead	Partners	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	

Priority Actionspriority actionSection 8.4"Through the FaAction Planof memories, in	<b>s will also be a</b> alkirk Stories: co	djusted to	suit):				-	
	Priority Actionspriority actions will also be adjusted to suit):Section 8.4"Through the Falkirk Stories: community storytelling project we shall compile a compre-							
Community	Action/Project Falkirk Stories: community	Lead FCT	Partners Falkirk Council,	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
	storytelling		CSGNT, Scottish Canals, Local Community, Local Groups					

Priority Actions	priority actions will also be adjusted to suit):								
Section 8.4 Action Plan	"Through the Celebrating our heritage: art, tourism and events project we will hold a programme of events, festivities and promotions designed to raise awareness of Falkirk's heritage, attract visitors and encourage local people to explore the heritage network." Add corresponding action within the action plan as follows:								
	Theme	Action/Project	Lead	Partners	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
	Increased Appreciation	Celebrating our heritage: art, tourism and events	FCT	Falkirk Council, CSGNT, Scottish Canals, Local Community, Local Groups					
Section 8.4	Change colur	nn headings of t	he last 5		n: "2017;	2018; 20	19; 2020;	2021" to	: "Year 1;
Action Plan	Year 2; Year 3	3; Year 4; Year 5'	,						
Section 9.1 Measuring Success	following sen further develop expenditure as to visitor numb	tence of the 18 <sup>th</sup> pa tence so that the oment of the herita per targets set o pers and expendito om Awards Schei	<b>a 18<sup>th</sup> pa</b> age prod ut in the ure are p	<b>ragraph reads</b> uct within the F Falkirk area To rovided to the (	<b>as follov</b> alkirk are urism Str Council in	<b>vs :</b> " "How a contribu ategy 201 an annua	v this will utes to an 5 – 2020 al STEAM	be measu increase i . Analytics report. M	red : The n visitor s relating easures

and Heritage and Archaeology etc demonstrate cultural, social and economic success.							

**APPENDIX 3** 

# Our Future in the Past

Historic Environment Strategy for Falkirk 20172018

## **Executive Summary**

The Falkirk Council area has a dynamic and successful history, spanning from Roman occupation and territorial disputes with the English to becoming the engine room of Scotland's industrial might.

Our historic environment is a tangible legacy of this rich past, comprising a variety of historic assets, including part of a transnational world heritage site to a variety of listed buildings, scheduled monuments, archaeological treasures, historic landscapes and battlefields.

The previous Built Heritage Strategy, adopted in March 2006, recognised the benefits of conserving and protecting the local historic environment; a programme of actions was promoted which reflected outstanding commitments from the Council's Structure and Local Plans at that time. Although many proposed actions in the 2006 strategy have been achieved, the changed context, with its new opportunities and challenges, demands the re-focussing of our priorities. Collaborative working with partners together with greater empowerment of our communities are suggested key delivery tools for this new strategy.

"Our Future in the Past" Historic Environment Strategy for Falkirk <u>2017-2018</u> - <u>2022-2023</u> will continue to deliver successful outcomes for the historic environment of the Falkirk Council area, by achieving the vision for 2034 as set out in the Local Development Plan 2015:

"Overall, our built heritage will be valued and promoted as an asset to a greater degree than at present. The Antonine Wall will be recognised as an exemplar of World Heritage Site management. Historic buildings at risk will have been sensitively restored and brought back into use. There will be wider recognition of the value of historic gardens and designed landscapes, and the area's battlefield sites."

The following themes have been identified which shape a series of proposed priority actions which are set out in the Action Plan; these themes are in part derived from key priorities set out in the Scottish Government's national strategy for the historic environment: Our Place in Time, The Historic Environment Strategy for Scotland 2014:

- Effective Management and Protection
- Enhancement of Knowledge
- Knowledge Sharing
- Increased Access
- Sustainable Use of Assets
- Growing Skills
- Community Involvement
- Increased Appreciation

Accordingly, this strategy provides an updated vision for the historic environment of the Falkirk Council area, supported by a framework of themes and priority actions for the promotion, management, appreciation, protection and better understanding of our historic sites and assets throughout the next five years and beyond.

## 1. Introduction

## **1.1 The Historic Environment of Falkirk**

The Falkirk Council area is situated at the heart of Central Scotland and its road and rail network. While Falkirk constitutes the main centre for support services and administration, a network of towns and villages set within diverse landscapes provide distinctive places for the population of 158,460 (2015) to visit, live and work.

The Falkirk Council area has a unique historic environment, reflecting its long settlement history and its strategic location. It is the location of two of Scotland's most significant battlefields: the Battle of Falkirk in 1298 during the First War of Scottish Independence and the Battle of Falkirk Muir during the Jacobite rising in 1746. It was a rich and important agricultural area, hosting the huge Tryst cattle market in former times; it was changed dramatically by the industrial revolution. The production of iron, which harnessed the power of the River Carron, started in 1760. The Forth and Clyde Canal constructed in the 1790's and the Union Canal dating from 1820's brought industry to the area.

As a result of this proud history, the local historic environment consists of a wide range of architectural, cultural, historic and archaeological assets and sites which provide us with some of our most distinctive and well - loved places; these historic assets contribute to the local economy and tourism.

The historic environment of Falkirk relates as much to the future of the Falkirk Council area as it does to its past. This strategy will ensure that the historic environment is embedded in corporate strategy as a catalyst for future growth and creation of successful places. We can stimulate better place making through encouraging development which is sympathetic to our historic environment and by properly looking after our historic assets and sites. Improved place making promotes inward investment and encourages greater economic activity. Falkirk's historic environment enriches the character and appearance of the area, and contributes to the current vision that national planning policy NPF3 and SPP have set out for Scotland as a place that is successful and sustainable, low carbon, naturally resilient and connected.

Given the current environment of reduced public funding and shrinking resources, partnership working with other organisations and the community will be required to achieve results. An holistic and collaborative approach to place making will be integral to future projects and initiatives that impact on the historic environment.

#### **1.2 Statutory Designations**

Many historic sites and assets benefit from statutory designation which protects Scotland's historic environment through planning legislation and process. Planning Authorities are required to consult Historic Environment Scotland on development proposals affecting historic sites with statutory designation. The national and local policy context is set out in detail in section 4.0.

Falkirk's statutorily designated sites are as follows:

**1 World Heritage Site**, The Antonine Wall, is part of the transnational Frontiers of the Roman Empire World Heritage Site. The Wall extends across Scotland for 37 miles, from Old Kilpatrick in West Dunbartonshire to Carriden in Bo'ness; it provides the largest and most important concentration of archaeological interest in the council area including sections of the wall itself, forts and camps.

**89 Scheduled Monuments** range from constituent and ancillary parts of the Antonine Wall such as ramparts, forts, fortlets and camps to domestic and defensive prehistoric sites, ecclesiastical sites, castles, dovecots and canals. After the Antonine Wall, the next most important archaeological sites are the Roman forts at Camelon and the associated temporary camps (one of the largest such concentrations in the world). The Forth and Clyde, and Union canals are important legacies of the area's industrial past. These were restored to navigation under the Millennium Link project.

**352 listed buildings and structures** include a rich mix of type and scale of structure including tenements, town and country villas, churches, bespoke public buildings, bridges, viaducts, aquaducts, farm houses and steadings, industrial workshops and harbours. There are 26 Category A Listed Buildings including landmark buildings such as the Pineapple, Dunmore, Blackness Castle, Callendar House and the Steeple, 196 Category B listed buildings and 130 Category C listed buildings.

**9 conservation areas** consist of the 2 town centres of Bo'ness and Falkirk, 2 Victorian town suburbs at Arnothill and Dollar Park and Grange and 5 estate and industrial villages at Airth, Allandale, Dunmore, Letham and Muirhouses.

**3 Historic Gardens and Designed Landscapes** are listed within The Inventory of Historic Gardens and Designed Landscapes - Dunmore Park, which dates from the 1820s, The Pineapple, ornamental gardens and Callendar Park, which originated in medieval times as a deer park.

There are no designated Historic Marine Protected Areas within the Falkirk Council Area.

**2** Battlefield Sites are listed within the Inventory of Historic Battlefields as nationally important battles - the Battle of Linlithgow Bridge, 4 September 1526 and the 2nd Battle of Falkirk, 17 January 1746. Linlithgow Bridge is significant as it represents the largest attempt to free the young James V from the control of the Earl of Angus by military means. The site of the battlefield is reasonably well preserved despite modern day interventions such as a nature reserve and quarry.

The 2nd Battle of Falkirk is significant as the penultimate battle of the period of the Jacobite Risings. The Jacobite army at Falkirk was the largest ever assembled, and it was the first time in the '45 Rising that the Jacobites faced an experienced Government force in battle. It was the last time the Jacobites won a battle in pursuit of their long standing goal to restore the Stuart dynasty, although it failed in the end to improve their fortunes.

Although eastern parts of the battlefield have been built over by modern development, much of the area remains as enclosed agricultural fields with localised woodland.

#### **1.3 Non - Statutory Designations**

#### 1.31 Areas of Townscape Value

There are various other areas of architectural, historic or townscape merit across the Council area which do not have conservation area status. Ranging from the mid 20th century garden city style settlement at Westquarter to Victorian and Edwardian districts in Falkirk, Grangemouth, Larbert and Polmont, these sites form coherent and interesting groups of buildings. In recognition of their significance, Falkirk Council Local Plan designated the following as Areas of Townscape Value:

- The Woodlands area of Falkirk
- Terraced Cottages in the Grahamston area
- Grahams Road frontages, Falkirk
- Sandstone properties south of the Town Centre in Bo'ness.
- Parts of Bridgeness, Bo'ness
- Parts of Bo'ness Road, Grangemouth
- Westquarter Village, "model" village
- Old Polmont
- Parts of Station Road, Polmont
- Parts of South Broomage, Larbert

1.32 Non - Inventory Designed Landscapes and Sites with Remnant Designed Landscape Features

In common with other authorities, the Falkirk Council area includes many historic gardens and landscapes that do not meet the standards required for inclusion in the national Inventory of Gardens and Designed Landscapes in Scotland. However, the following sites considered to be of local cultural and historic value are listed in the Supplementary Guidance document SG09 " Landscape Character Assessment and Landscape Designations as Non - Inventory Designed Landscapes and Sites with Remnant Designed Landscape Features within Falkirk Council Area. These are linked to Local Development Plan Policy D12 Historic Gardens and Designed Landscapes and are as follows:

- Airth Castle
- Avondale House
- Avonhill
- Balquhatstone
- Bellsdyke Hospital
- Camelon Cemetery
- Candie House
- Carriden House
- Carron House

- Carronvale House
- Castlecary
- Darroch
- Denovan House
- Dollar Park/Arnotdale
- House
- Dunipace House
- Glenbervie/Woodside/
- Torwood Castle
- Glebe Park, Bo'ness
- Gleneilrig
- Haining/Parkhall
- Kinnaird House
- Kinneil House/Estate
- Larbert House
- Lathallan/Laurence Park
- Manuel House
- Millfield
- Muiravonside House
- Parkhill House/Gray-
- Buchanan Park
- Polmont Park/Polmont
- Bank
- Powfoulis
- Quarter House
- Royal Scottish National
- Hospital
- South Bantaskine House
- Southfield House
- Summerford Park/
- Glenfuir
- Vellore
- Victoria Park, Bo'ness
- Zetland Park,
- Grangemouth

#### 1.33 Sites and Monument Record

Sites of regional or local archaeological importance (SMR) are sites which are not recognised by inclusion in national lists but are considered to be locally significant and can be found on the Sites & Monuments Record, which is held at Callendar House. At December 2016, there were 2,821 entries. They range from doocots to canals (such as the Carron canal, the Bo'ness Canal, the Stirling Canal). It also includes the find spots of relics such as Bronze Age arrowheads, Roman coins, etc.

Local maritime archaeology is connected with harbour and port facilities such as at Airth where the whole dock and part of the pow were lined with oak planks in the 17/18th century. The site now lies inland, under a playing field and arable field. At Bo'ness the old harbour is also inland under roads and recreational areas. The facilities at Grangemouth are industrial in scale and only date from 1770 onwards. The River Carron was a major point of access and the lower reaches have numerous wharfs.

Saltpans are associated with Blackness, Bonhard Pans, Kinglass Pans, Grangepans, Bo'ness, Kinneil, Grangemouth and Dunmore.

## 2. Why is a new Strategy Required?

#### 2.1 Making Better Places

The vision for this strategy is intrinsically linked to better place making see 8.0 Strategic Vision and Themes. Place making is at the heart of current national and local planning policy.

A key strategic objective set out in the vision of the Local Development Plan is "to improve the sense of place in our towns and villages and to protect, enhance and promote our historic environments". The LDP Vision highlights where we are now in terms of each strategic objective, and highlights the fact that "The area looks and feels better than it did 15-20 years ago, and examples of good design are starting to shape a more positive image of the area." The vision highlights the fact that the area has a wealth of historic environment assets, and the link between the LDP and the Historic Environment Strategy. It also highlights:

- Reduction in the level of vacant and derelict land;
- The World Heritage Site status of the Antonine Wall; and
- Conservation Areas re-appraisal.
- The number of key historic buildings remaining redundant and at risk.

The Vision sets out strategic aims in terms of the historic environment which are:

• Continued recognition of the value of historic gardens, designed landscapes, and battlefield sites;

- Sensitively restoring and bringing back into use historic buildings;
- Recognition of the Antonine Wall as an exemplar World Heritage Site.

<u>Going forward into the 2nd Local Development Plan (LDP2), existing historic environment policies</u> <u>are likely to remain largely unchanged, with a focus on achieving the aims of the strategic vision.</u> A key strategic objective of the Local Development Plan is "to improve the sense of place in our towns and villages and to protect, enhance and promote our historic environments". It states that the current situation with respect to this aspect is that "The area looks and feels better than it did 15-20 years ago, and examples of good design are starting to shape a more positive image of the area. The level of vacant and derelict land has reduced substantially. The area has a wealth of historic environment assets, which is receiving more co-ordinated attention through the Built Heritage Strategy. The Antonine Wall has received World Heritage Site status. Conservation areas have been reappraised. However, a number of key historic buildings remain redundant and at risk". The LDP acknowledges that much of the Falkirk area's sense of place derives from its historic environment, including a rich diversity of architectural, cultural, historic and archaeological assets. The LDP Spatial Strategy states that the focus in the Falkirk Council area for placemaking in the future will be the strategic growth areas and business locations, which present unique opportunities to influence the urban form at a strategic level, and other locations which are particularly crucial to the image and sense of place of the area. Town and village centres will continue to require reshaping and repair, whilst the quality of urban road corridors needs to be raised. The canal corridor is a key placemaking asset connecting communities across the area, whose full potential has still to be realised. The Central Scotland Green Network aims to build up the 'green' elements of place, enhancing river, road, open space and urban fringe corridors, and enhancing the setting of existing and new development. The historic environment adds diversity and interest to areas identified as local strategic priorities.

## 2.2 Changing Context

Falkirk Council benefits from an existing Built Heritage Strategy which was adopted in March 2006; at that time, it fulfilled commitments set out in the Falkirk Council Structure Plan and Local Plan. A key aim of the document was to develop a robust approach to the implementation of national and local planning policy for conservation and enhancement of local built heritage. Targeted actions addressing key issues were drawn up and prioritised.

Whilst a significant proportion of the proposed actions set out in the Built Heritage Strategy 2006 have been achieved as is set out in detail in 5.0 Achievements, the national and local context has altered with the passage of time with respect to a number of aspects including:

- The legal framework and statutory processes under which national organisations and local planning authorities operate has changed as a result of The Historic Environment Scotland Act 2014; one of the major moves was the merger of Historic Scotland and RCAHMS to form a non - departmental body, Historic Environment Scotland (HES) with charitable status. The Historic Environment Scotland Policy Statement: June 2016 was brought into force in June 2016, as a replacement for the Scottish Historic Environment Policy(SHEP 2011).The policy statement explains how HES implements its regulatory and advisory roles and sets out how planning authorities should interpret and implement national planning policy.
- Digital technology has advanced, enabling new forms of recording, access to and engagement with the historic environment; the opportunities available at a local level for interpretation, learning and access are discussed further in 6.3 Priority Actions. Scotland's Historic Environment Data Strategy (April 2014) sets out a vision for the sharing and linking of digital records on the historic environment between local and national bodies. A forum held in 2015 to take the strategy forward discussed the need for fast mobile access to linked data, as a way of avoiding searching across multiple sources. The need to standardise polygonisation across Scotland was also raised. Scotland-wide online coverage of HERs was suggested. With resourcing being constrained, the need for better communication, partnership working and supporting community engagement was identified. The opportunity to integrate historic environment data with other environment and property data 'platforms' was

highlighted. A key strand running throughout the forum was the need to package data more effectively to meet the needs of both existing and potential users.

- Funding opportunities have expanded while demand has risen for further information see 7.1 Funding Sources and 10.6
- The impacts of physical change on the historic environment have become a national issue. Climate change and other factors such as the effects of inappropriate land management, urban and rural development, transport and pollution have contributed to the continued erosion of the historic environment.

# 3. Benefits of the Historic Environment

## 3.1 Well-being

It is widely acknowledged that the historic environment contributes to the general well-being of the Scottish nation. "Our Place in Time - The Historic Environment Strategy for Scotland", published by The Scottish Government on 4 March 2014 sets out a ten year vision for the historic environment; one of its key aims is to ensure that the historic environment maintains a positive influence on the well- being of the nation. Refurbished and well-maintained buildings, streets and parks attract greater use and consequently suffer far less vandalism which improves community safety and reduces levels of crime.

The opportunities to enjoy heritage based walks within the Falkirk Area have never been better.10.5 provides further information.

In the last 20 years, Falkirk Council and partners of The Central Scotland Forest Strategy and Falkirk Greenspace Initiative have secured significant improvements to outdoor access in the area through programmes of landscape enhancement, woodland creation, and habitat improvements. The Central Scotland Green Network, which has been identified as a national development in the National Planning Framework 3, plans to further transform the quality of the landscape across 19 local authorities with Falkirk Council at the heart of a green network. Sites of historic interest and significance are scattered widely across the green network.

The Falkirk Open Space Strategy, adopted in October 2016, sets out a strategic vision for the future of the area's parks and open spaces; many parks and open spaces have historical significance, such as Kinneil Estate, Callander Park, Dunmore Park, Forth and Clyde Canal and The Antonine Wall. The strategy highlights the benefits that parks and open spaces bring to communities in terms of physical and mental health, the quality of our environment and wildlife habitat.

## 3.2 Cultural identity

The historic environment is part of our cultural identity as a nation and community. <u>Our sense of</u> <u>national identity has been shaped in part by the battles that took place within our area in 1298</u> <u>during the First War of Scottish Independence and 1746 during the Jacobite Rising.</u>

## 3.3 Economic benefit

Historic buildings and places bring significant economic benefits to Scotland as a whole and to the Falkirk Council area. Falkirk Council's economic strategy, "An Economic Strategy for Falkirk 2015-25" promises to build upon the established and growing tourism market to meet the aspirations of the local community, the businesses and public sector partners, which will consolidate a platform for further economic success.

In recent years, Falkirk's Historic Environment has attracted considerable external public funding through major heritage led regeneration projects; the Bo'ness Town Centre Townscape Heritage Initiative at Bo'ness (2003 - 2008) and Falkirk Town Centre Townscape Heritage Initiative (2013 -

2018) have been delivered directly by Falkirk Council, private businesses, individuals and community groups.

Falkirk Council, Historic Environment Scotland (HES) and the Heritage Lottery Fund (HLF) are key investors. The economic as well as social and educational benefits brought to the local and wider area are discussed in more detail in 5.00 Achievements.

The Antonine Wall Socio - Economic Impact Study by Brookdale Consulting (March 2015), commissioned by the five local authority partners, highlighted that the economic impact of the Wall generated annual benefits of £3M when direct, indirect and induced effects were included. It was also estimated that future impacts could grow from the current level of £3m to £5m over 5 years with a cumulative impact of £21.7m over 5 years based on public sector spend of £3.2m.

An innovative assessment of the value of heritage based on a Treasury approved approach, (contingent valuation) established that residents, visitors and businesses attached an economic value of between £1.2 and £1.4 billion to Edinburgh World Heritage site. Local residents, visitors and businesses confirmed their support for the conservation of the city's heritage which they deemed to represent a good, long term legacy for future generations.

# 3.4 Tourism

The Scotland Visitor Survey 2015 and 2016 recorded that 47% of first time visitors to Scotland and 29% of repeat visitors were attracted by the country's history and culture.

The Scotland Visitor Survey, Visit Scotland, 2011/12 recorded that 43% of first time visitors to Scotland and 28% of all visits to Scotland were made "to learn more about the history/culture of Scotland".

Since 2009, the Falkirk Council area has achieved a significant increase in tourism performance, visitor numbers have risen by 50.2% and economic impact has grown by 51.6%, (source STEAM 2016). The Falkirk area is now home to two of the world's most unique attractions, the internationally acclaimed Kelpies within the Helix Park and The Falkirk Wheel which has just had a significant redevelopment. Both of these attractions are within Scotland's top 10 attractions and are contributing to the significant growth of tourism in the Falkirk area. The Historic Environment of Falkirk provides a number of major visitor attractions such as The Antonine Wall, Callander House, the site of the Battle of Falkirk, the site of the Battle of Falkirk Muir, Blackness Castle, The Hippodrome, Bo'ness and Kinneil Railway, Kinneil Museum and Estate, The Dunmore Pineapple, The Falkirk Steeple and Falkirk Trinity Church. Since 2009, the Falkirk Council Area has achieved a significant increase in tourism performance in terms of numbers of visitors and expenditure in the area. The internationally acclaimed attraction, The Kelpies, together with the more recent development of The Helix Park have contributed to improved visitor numbers at other local attractions such as The Falkirk Wheel. The Historic Environment of Falkirk provides a number of major visitor attractions such as The Antonine Wall, Callendar House, Blackness Castle, The Hippodrome and Bo'ness and Kinneil Railway, The Forth and Clyde Canal and The Union Canal. Improvements including restoration and the reinstatement of historic architectural features to buildings, streets and public open spaces within Bo'ness and Falkirk implemented through the Townscape Heritage Initiatives (THI's) attract visitors to the local area. Tourism Falkirk 2020, Falkirk

Area Tourism Strategy 2015 - 2020, has identified sites with potential to extend visitor appeal including Callendar House and Park, Kinneil House and Estate, Falkirk and Bo'ness Town Centres and The Antonine Wall. <u>Tourism Falkirk 2020</u>, Falkirk Area Tourism Strategy 2015 – 2020, identifies clear targets for growth with a key target being : to increase visitor expenditure in the Falkirk area by 20% over the next five years to 2020. The further development of the heritage product within the Falkirk area will contribute to the achievement of this target. The Tourism Strategy has identified sites with potential to extend visitor appeal including Callendar House and Park, Kinneil House and Estate, Falkirk and Bo'ness Town centres and The Antonine Wall.Feasibility studies on the redevelopment of the Rosebank Distillery have been carried out which would transform this local landmark building at risk and which would provide a major visitor destination on the canal network and on the outskirts of Falkirk Town Centre. Transportation links and pathways to connect sites with town centres will be pivotal to economic regeneration of the area.

## 4. Policy Context

#### 4.1 National Framework

One of the key aims of this strategy is to deliver the vision and aims of "Our Place in Time" The Historic Environment Strategy for Scotland 2014 at a local authority level.

The vision of the national strategy is: "Scotland's historic environment is understood and valued, cared for and protected, enjoyed and enhanced. It is at the heart of a flourishing and sustainable Scotland and will be passed on with pride to benefit future generations."

The aims of the national strategy are:

• Understanding - by investigating and recording our historic environment to continually develop our knowledge, understanding and interpretation of our past and looking at how best to conserve, sustain and present it.

• Protecting - by caring for and protecting the historic environment, ensuring that we can both enjoy and benefit from it and conserve and enhance it for the enjoyment and benefit of future generations.

• Valuing - by sharing and celebrating the richness and significance of our historic environment, enabling us to enjoy the fascinating and inspirational diversity of our heritage. The vision above aligns with the 4 national planning aims which focus on a successful, sustainable place, a low carbon place, a natural resilient place and more connected place.

This strategy also reflects the general national and regional policy context which includes the following:

- Scotland's Third National Planning Framework, 2014
- Scottish Planning Policy, 2014
- The Historic Environment Scotland Act, 2014
- The Historic Environment Scotland Policy Statement, June 2016
- "Our Place in Time" The Historic Environment Strategy for Scotland 2014
- Scotland's Historic Environment Data Strategy, April 2014
- Historic Environment Circular1
- Historic Environment Scotland's Managing Change Series of Guidance Notes
- Heritage Tourism, 2020
- Scottish Canals Heritage Strategy, 2013 2018
- The Antonine Wall Management Plan, 2014 2019

• Supplementary Planning Guidance Frontiers of the Roman Empire (Antonine Wall) World Heritage Site 2011. (SG07 Supplementary Guidance is under preparation)

# 4.2 Local Context

This strategy responds to the vision and strategic objectives of Falkirk Council's Local Development Plan 2015 which in turn have been informed by the Strategic Outcomes and Local Delivery Plan.

The LDP Vision for the Falkirk area is: "A dynamic and distinctive area at the heart of Central Scotland, characterised by a network of thriving communities and greenspaces, and a vibrant and growing economy which is of strategic significance in the national context, providing an attractive and sustainable place in which to live, work, visit and invest."

A key strategic objective of the Local Development Plan is "to improve the sense of place in our towns and villages and to protect, enhance and promote our historic environments". The LDP also includes a number of specific opportunities in terms of improving access to, and the interpretation of, the historic environment, often in conjunction with other green space projects. There are also specific housing, business, tourism or regeneration proposals which are linked to the restoration of historic buildings.

This strategy also takes account of the associated local policy context which includes the following:

- An Economic Strategy for Falkirk 2015 25
- Strategic Outcomes and Local Delivery Plan 2016 2020
- One Council One Plan, Corporate Plan 2012 2017 Falkirk Council
- Supplementary Guidance SG04,SG07,SG09,SG16 Falkirk Council
- Falkirk Greenspace Strategy 2013 Falkirk Council
- Open Space Strategy and Park Development Plan Falkirk Council
- Falkirk Area Tourism Strategy 2015 2020 Falkirk Council
- Antonine Wall Management Plan 2014 2019
- Antonine Wall WHS Local Action Plan 2014 2019
- Culture and Sport Strategy 2014 2024 Falkirk Community Trust
- Heritage Delivery Plan 2015 2018 Falkirk Community Trust
- A Masterplan for Kinneil Estate July 2014: Falkirk Community Trust
- Callendar Park Management Plan 2015 2020 Falkirk Community Trust
- Consultative Draft Arts Plan 2016 2021 Falkirk Community Trust
- Business Plan 2015 2020 Falkirk Environment Trust

# 5. Achievements

# 5.1 Improved Sense of Place and Co - ordinated Attention to the Historic Environment

Falkirk Council's Local Development Plan states that the current, situation with respect to sense of place and historic environment is that "The area looks and feels better than it did 15-20 years ago, and examples of good design are starting to shape a more positive image of the area. The level of vacant and derelict land has reduced substantially. The area has a wealth of historic environment assets, which is receiving more co-ordinated attention through the Built Heritage Strategy. The Antonine Wall has received World Heritage Site status. Conservation areas have been reappraised. However, a number of key historic buildings remain redundant and at risk".

## 5.2 Townscape Heritage Initiatives

The Townscape Heritage Initiative programme is a national scheme through which The Heritage Lottery Fund (HLF) provides grants to help communities regenerate conservation areas displaying particular social and economic need. It encourages partnerships to carry out repairs and other works to historic properties within the THI area and improve the quality of life for all those who live, work or visit there. HLF expects schemes to deliver the following outcomes:

• Preserve and enhance the character and appearance of the conservation area that is in need of regeneration;

- Repair and reinstate authentic details and traditional materials;
- Bring historic buildings back into appropriate, sustainable and economic use;
- Increase training opportunities in heritage skills and wider community participation.

Conservation Area Regeneration Scheme (CARS)

The aims of the scheme complement those of the THI and include:

- A traditional buildings repair programme for large and small projects, for homeowners, tenants and retailers;

- Restoration of original architectural detail and re-introduction of traditional materials and designs for windows, gutters, roofs and stonework;

- Reinstatement of traditional shop fronts and improvements or repairs to existing traditional shop fronts.

- As a by-product of improvements to the exterior of buildings, increased likelihood of bringing vacant floorspace back into use by attracting new occupants;

- Public realm conservation and restoration;

- Training opportunities for traditional craftspeople;

 <u>- Community engagement through training opportunities in traditional skills and through education</u> programmes;

- Administration costs of the scheme. Conservation Area Regeneration Scheme (CARS)

This scheme provides financial assistance, over a five year period to support THI grants to businesses, tenants and residential owners of properties within the THI area. The aims of the Scheme complement those of the THI and include:

• Targeting vacant properties back into sustainable economic use;

• Creating new or improved shop fronts that reflect the town's heritage and conservation area status;

• Restoration of original architectural detail and re-introduction of traditional materials and designs for windows, gutters, roofs and stonework;

Public realm improvements;

• Training initiatives and support for independent retailers.

Bo'ness Townscape Heritage Initiative

The Bo'ness Townscape Heritage Initiative (2003 - 2008) implemented a £5 million project for heritage - led economic regeneration of the town centre. The project, which was supported by Falkirk Council and other partners including Heritage Lottery Fund and Historic Environment Scotland through their CARS Scheme, brought new life and sustainable economic use to historic buildings within the town centre, including the Hippodrome cinema. The Hippodrome was reopened in April 2009 and now shows a wide variety of films. Improvements were also made to town centre pavements, surfaces and kerbs in the main shopping areas.

# 5.3 The Falkirk Townscape Heritage Initiative

This project, which runs from 2013 to 2018, is jointly funded by the Heritage Lottery Fund (HLF), Historic Environment Scotland through their CARS Scheme, Falkirk Council, and the Falkirk Business Improvement District. Between 2013 and 2018 £5.5 million will have been invested in the town centre's unique and rich heritage. Under the auspices of this scheme, the historic town Steeple and numerous other key buildings in the area including Vicar Street, Cow Wynd have been repaired and restored; window, shop fronts and other traditional features in traditional buildings have been restored or reinstated to their original design and materials. The public realm has been improved and vacant historic floor space has been brought back into use. A programme of community engagement is being implemented which is helping school children, colleges and local people to learn more about their heritage; a training programme is also in place to facilitate job opportunities linked to the conservation of traditional buildings and historic environments. <u>Full details of the THI</u> <u>community engagement and training programmes from 2013 - 2018 are provided in 10.4.</u><del>Full details of the THI training programmes from 2013 - 2018 are provided in 10.4.</del>

The economic as well as educational benefits brought to the local and wider area, to date, by this scheme are demonstrated by the list below.

Information for the list below is based on available data at August 2017 and includes projected <u>awards. The economic as well as social and educational benefits brought to the local and wider area,</u> to date, by this scheme are demonstrated by table 1.

Info for table 1 is based on available data at September 2016

- Number of buildings grant aided: 33
- Number of owners grant aided: 83
- Number of retail or business premises grant aided: 39
- Number of residential properties developed from empty floorspace: 3
- Square metres of public realm to be improved: 6,527sqm
- Total spend on training and heritage engagement activities: £172,500

Final financial information is not available at time of writing as the THI is still in progress but at the outset the following estimations were provided:

- Owners' contributions: £1,907,230
- HLF funding: £1,949,965
- HES funding: £1,600,000
- Partnership funding: £112,005
- Total funding: £5,569,200

#### **5.4 Other Local Achievements**

The local planning authority has fulfilled its responsibilities with respect to effecting positive management and positive change within the historic environment in the Falkirk council area by the following achievements:

• A programme of Conservation Area Appraisals for the council's nine conservation areas was completed in 2013. Conservation Area Appraisals provide information on the special historical, architectural, spatial and topographical features of each area.

• A programme of Conservation Area Management Plans was completed in 2013. Conservation Area Management Plans provide detailed guidance to property owners, occupiers and their agents on the local and national planning policies to be followed when making alterations to land and premises in the conservation area.

• New Article 4 Directions were approved by Scottish Ministers in 2013. Article 4 Directions bring additional planning control over development in the conservation areas carried out by local authorities and by statutory undertakers including Gas, Drainage, Water, Electricity and general service providers.

• A Building Stone and Slate Survey of Falkirk Centre was completed by the British Geological Survey in 2013 on behalf of the local planning authority. The survey provided critical information on the provenance and geological characteristics of traditional building materials in Falkirk Town Centre to inform effective development management of historic buildings.

• New Supplementary Guidance (SG16) on Listed Buildings and Unlisted Properties in Conservation areas was produced and adopted in 2016. Together with updated guidance on Shopfronts,SG04, these SG's on the historic environment add to a suite of 17 documents which seek to provide more detailed guidance on how local development plan policies should be applied in practice. An updated version of the existing SG07, Frontiers of the Roman Empire (Antonine Wall) World Heritage Site is planned for joint production and adoption by the five local authorities concerned. Consultation on SG07 is dependent on timescales and co-ordination with the 5 other local authorities.

• Conservation Area Enhancement Projects have been implemented through partnership working with local communities and include improvements to the public realm at Muirhouses and Airth, a memorial cairn at Letham, walls, paths and railings at Allandale, traditionally styled notice boards and bus stops in several conservation areas and renovation work to the historic well in Dunmore.

• The fountain, war memorial and gates to Zetland Park have been formally recognised for their architectural and historic interest by being designated as listed buildings by HES in 2016.

• A series of heritage trails have been created in partnership with a range of organisations.

Achievements by partners working within the historic environment in the Falkirk Council area include:

• Scottish Canals have invested heavily in the infrastructure of historic canals over the last two decades; an £83 million restoration scheme was carried out from 1999 to 2002 on the Forth and Clyde and Union Canals, both of which are made up of listed buildings and scheduled monuments.

• Inauguration of the Forth Valley Traditional Building Forum in 2013 added to a growing network of local traditional building forums with representatives across the supply chain. The Forth Valley Forum includes representatives from the Falkirk, Stirling and Clackmannan Council areas as well as Loch Lomond and the Trossachs National Park; the purpose of the forum is to work together to raise the profile of specific issues relating to traditional buildings and building practices. Achievements include Scottish Apprenticeship Week Skills Demonstrations for schools and the public in Falkirk, Stirlingshire and Callander from 2014 to 2016

• The Callendar Park Management Plan 2015 – 2020 sets out aspirations for this key green space within the context of challenges which include reduced resources and an ageing infrastructure. Projects identified to meet the themes of Participation, Motivation, Venues and Partnership include changes to grassland, bedding and shrub management, improvements to signage, gateways and interpretation, changes to parking, play and activity, park furniture, paths and toilets, updated management regimes for the woodland arboretum and the George Forrest Collection, development of park buildings and park events to increase usage.

• A Masterplan for Kinneil Estate, produced in 2014 by Falkirk Community Trust, provides a ten year plan for the conservation, enhancement and development of the estate. This document highlights

the need for change to address the changing role of parks and proposes a range of projects to improve visitor experience and interpretation.

• The Friends of Kinneil won a 2016 Scottish Heritage Angels Award in the Sharing and Celebrating category for their volunteer-led projects promoting local history, architecture and archaeology.

• The Friends of Kinneil arranged an event in the Scottish Parliament celebrating 250 years of James Watt's condensing steam engine and Big Roman Week which promoted the Antonine Wall World Heritage Site.

• Falkirk Community Trust introduced energy saving infrastructure to the category A listed Callander House via a district heating plant linked to adjoining housing

# 5.5 Antonine Wall Frontiers of the Roman Empire World Heritage Site

The inscription of the Antonine Wall in 2008 marked increasing recognition of the extent and significance of the Frontiers of the Roman Empire World Heritage Site (FREWHS). The FREWHS is a serial transnational World Heritage Site currently comprising Hadrian's Wall (inscribed in 1987), the German Limes (inscribed in 2005) and the Antonine Wall. In Scotland, Falkirk Council belongs to a partnership of key local authorities and government agencies who deliver strategic and operational functions specifically for the Antonine Wall. The other partners are East Dunbartonshire Council, Glasgow City Council Historic Environment Scotland (HES), North Lanarkshire Council and West Dunbartonshire Council. The Antonine Wall Management Plan 2014 -19 provides a broad framework for the management, conservation and enhancement of the Antonine Wall. The Management Plan is accompanied and supported by a five-year Action Plan. This captures and prioritises key actions for the partners and wider stakeholders and sustainably builds both infrastructure and public engagement. As well as focusing on practical work such as interpretive panels, road signage and paths to specific sites, it also includes actions to improve partnership working internationally and to achieve best practice approaches to site monitoring and management.

A programme of community projects, entitled Rediscovering the Antonine Wall, is being planned for 2018 - 2021 by the five partner authorities to help people discover and enjoy the Antonine Wall. A bid will be submitted to HLF for the programme which includes a community produced film showing changes in the wall since 1960, 5 replica stone distance markers like Bridgeness Slab, community curated exhibitions, arts projects and events, outdoor interpretation features making use of play and technology, outreach programmes to be taken to hub museums across Scotland, large scale public celebration and schools resource packs to support cross - curricular learning.

# 5.6 Falkirk: Landscape, Industry and Work

The Falkirk Great Place Partnership (Falkirk Community Trust, Falkirk Council, Scottish Canals & the Central Scotland Green Network Trust) was successful in a bid to the Heritage Lottery Fund for funding to carry out a programme of work focusing on better connecting our heritage assets. Projects will record, interpret and celebrate Falkirk's routes and places and will be complemented by investment in developing social and digital networks. Funding will deliver four key projects over a 3 year programme:

- Falkirk Heritage Alliance will strengthen our links with built and natural heritage groups, local history societies, schools, colleges and others and will provide a framework for collaboration and co-production on heritage projects.
- 2. Falkirk's Stories: community storytelling a comprehensive archive of memories, images and other responses to Falkirk's heritage to be hosted on a website platform to act as an enduring legacy of the project.
- 3. Celebrating our heritage: art, tourism and events a programme of events, festivities and promotions designed to raise awareness of Falkirk's heritage, attract visitors and encourage local people to explore the heritage network.
- 4. Careers in a modern producer economy will complement mainstream training provision by using heritage to influence the prevailing culture, nurture pride in Falkirk's manufacturing tradition and raise awareness of career opportunities.

## 6. Challenges

## **6.1 Shrinking Resources**

While the value of Falkirk's historic environment is being increasingly acknowledged, there is increasing competition for the resources required to maintain and enhance our historic places and buildings.

Constraints on public finance and the slowing down of growth and recovery in some sectors in the post - recession era present difficult challenges to overcome. The reduction in monies allocated by central government to grant giving bodies such as Historic Environment Scotland means that organisations often struggle to get heritage projects off the ground. Smart, imaginative cross – funding has become a common feature of successful heritage projects such as the Bo'ness and Falkirk Townscape Heritage Initiatives discussed previously. Partnership working on a number of potential projects could mitigate resource limitations within individual organisations and could offer further opportunities for cross funding as suggested in 8.3 Priority Actions.

## 6.2 Deteriorating Condition and Erosion

A wide variety of both publicly and privately owned buildings feature in the national register of Buildings at Risk, reflecting the spread and scale of the issue. While there were 2503 historic buildings in Scotland recorded as being at risk on the register at December 2016, within the Falkirk Council boundary, 28 buildings at risk were recorded, ranging in type and scale from a doocot to large country mansions. Diagram 4 - to be inserted - illustrates the variety and numbers of buildings at risk within the Falkirk Council area. See 8.3 Priority Actions for information on a proposed local Buildings at Risk Action Plan.

Historic gardens and landscapes are gradually being eroded due to a number of factors including lack of awareness and modern developments, which often take the form of enabling development; this type of development aims to address the conservation deficit which is an unfortunate feature in many larger heritage - led regeneration projects. See 8.3 Priority Actions for details of the Glorious Gardens project on historic landscapes within the Falkirk Council area.

The Scottish Government estimates that £600 million is spent on pre- 1919 buildings each year but the Scottish Housing Condition Survey highlights that 72% are not wind and watertight and this has shown little improvement over the years despite significant private investment. Accordingly, the condition of pre - 1919 buildings in towns and villages throughout Scotland is a growing concern. However, new initiatives have been developed over the past 20 years to address the lack of awareness and the knowledge gap. Events have been held in towns and cities to demonstrate traditional building skills to key influencers in young people's career choices but also to raise to raise awareness of the need to properly repair and maintain historic, traditional buildings using appropriate materials and skills. In the Falkirk, Stirling, Clackmannan Council Areas and Loch Lomond and the Trossachs National Park, the Forth Valley Traditional Building Forum, inaugurated in 2013, has arranged several events for school pupils and members of the public to raise the profile of traditional building skills as a rewarding career choice. Another key success is the ongoing Falkirk Townscape Heritage Initiative which has been delivering a community engagement programme and

training seminars. See Section10.4 Falkirk THI Community Engagement Programme 2013 - 2018 and Seminar Programme 2016 - 2017

Inappropriate repairs contribute to current problems; damage from previous air pollution can be exacerbated by the presence of cement-based repairs ('plastic repairs') which have trapped or focussed moisture in the stone, leading to accelerated decay. In a number of buildings, stone cleaning has resulted in the loss of the stable outer surface of the stone exposing a weakened underlying zone which is more prone to erosion. Discolouration of blonde sandstone resulting from chemical stone cleaning is another common issue with the normally uniform pale colour becoming a variable orange and brown colour or bleached to a dull grey.

The use of inappropriate materials for repairs to historic structures can cause more than superficial damage. For example, inaccurate stone replacement to an historic façade stonework can lead to further damage and increase the need for more repairs.

The economic case needs to be made that prevention now will be a fraction of the cost of repairs in the future, resulting in considerable financial savings. Further knowledge transfer and awareness raising initiatives will be developed - see 8.3 Priority Actions.

# 6.3 Energy Efficiency

To be effective and sustainable in the modern world, traditional buildings must achieve energy efficiencies and carbon reductions. Scotland is committed to ambitious carbon reductions under The Climate Change (Scotland) Act 2009. The reduction of emissions from domestic energy consumption is key to meeting targets. Scotland has around 400,000 pre-1919 buildings, representing around 20% of the total building stock, approximately 47,000 of which are listed buildings. Research and practical trials by Historic Environment Scotland, have demonstrated that fabric improvements can be carried out to historic buildings without the wholesale loss of original building fabric and without the introduction of materials which erode the special character of appearance of the building. By their nature, historic buildings have benefits in terms of environmental sustainability, including their longevity, thermal mass construction, use of locally sourced materials and natural ventilation. Challenges include thorough assessment of the energy efficiency capabilities of the existing fabric of a building together with sensitive choice and location of any fixtures and fittings. Pilot projects and case studies by Historic Environment Scotland and partners are available - see <a href="https://www.engineshed.org/publications/">www.engineshed.org/publications/</a>

## 6.4 Shortage of Traditional Building Skills and Materials

The shortage of traditional skills and materials is acknowledged to be a national problem.

Surveys carried out within the last ten years to assess the level of available traditional building skills against current and estimated demand, include Safeguarding Glasgow's Stone Built Heritage Skills and Materials Requirements: Façade Surveys and Building Stone Analysis: A Report commissioned by the Scottish Stone Liaison Group April 2006. This survey established serious shortfalls in suitable qualified crafts persons and local materials for the maintenance and repair of the historic environment.

Historic Environment Scotland and the Construction Industry Training Board (CITB) have been working in partnership to improve education provision to meet the shortfall in traditional skills. Locally, Falkirk Council Employment Training Unit and other departments within Falkirk Council, Forth Valley College and Falkirk Townscape Heritage Initiative are working together to improve regional skills and employment opportunities.

A desk top assessment of building stone quarries in the central belt of Scotland carried out as part of a study of building stone and roofing slate in the Falkirk area by British Geological Survey for the planning authority in Falkirk Council in 2013, identified that there had been 66 quarries in central Scotland, providing local building stone from the mid to late 18thcentury. Production ceased by early 20th century and since then many of the quarries have been infilled or flooded. The study identified that six types of blonde sandstone and four types of red sandstone future would be required for future repairs. Not all the required stone can be obtained from the current quarry output in the UK, both in terms of volumes of stone and stone types. Further research would be required to establish the potential for re - opening of local quarries.

# 6.5 Climate Change

Predictions of climate change suggest that rainfall levels may significantly increase in parts of Scotland over this century, placing more pressure on the historic environment and increasing the chances of damage to fabric.

Damage to stone masonry due to water penetration is a significant cause of stone decay. In many cases this could be avoided if appropriate maintenance was carried out, particularly in relation to rainwater protection (e.g. gutters and downpipes) and pointing of masonry joints using an appropriate mortar. Falkirk Council's Economic Strategy, "An Economic Strategy for Falkirk 2015 – 25", acknowledges the need to find alternative means of powering our towns and cities; it sets out the ambition to make Falkirk a prime location for sustainability and innovation in energy.

# 7. Opportunities

# 7.1 Funding Sources

Funding sources for projects relating to all aspects of the historic environment from parks and landscapes to oral history are available from a number of national and local organisations. The Heritage Lottery Fund is the largest dedicated funder of heritage in Great Britain, having awarded £7.1billion to over 40,000 projects since 1994. A range of different grant programmes are available from £3,000 to over £5million. Applications for project funding are assessed against achievable outcomes for heritage, people and communities.

Historic Environment Scotland offers a range of funding schemes from repair grants for buildings and places of worship to event funding, core support for organisations, support for regeneration and conservation initiatives over a five-year period known as Conservation Area Regeneration Schemes (CARS) to archaeological research work, thatched building repairs, grants for ancient monuments, maintenance plans, landscape management and centenary memorials restoration fund. Falkirk Environment Trust is a local charitable trust which aims to support environmental projects by awarding grants and supplying advice and guidance.

See Appendix 10.6 Funding Sources for further information.

# 7.2 Heritage Network

The Royal Society for the Encouragement of Arts, Manufactures and Commerce suggests that a heritage network of large and small organisations would empower communities to step up as producers, participants and co -commissioners in managing and using heritage. Connections between local groups and more centralised organisations will create the opportunity for co - ordinated action.

Falkirk Community Trust is intrinsically linked with Falkirk Council's in terms of the heritage activities role it plays with respect to the delivery of this Strategy, in relation to place making and contributing to the economic development of the Falkirk area through its delivery of heritage engagement activity and management of heritage assets such as Callander House and Park, Kinneil Estate and The Hippodrome. Falkirk Community Trust is also a designated heritage consultee on planning matters. FCT manages Falkirk Council's archive and museum collections and maintains the Historic Environment Record.

# 8. Strategic Vision and Themes

## 8.1 Vision for Historic Environment of Falkirk

Falkirk Council's vision for the area in 2034, relative to place making and the historic environment is set out in the Local Development Plan:

"High quality design will be the norm, rather than the exception, and will be exemplified within the strategic growth areas, our town and village centres, our conservation areas, the approaches to our towns and the canal corridor. Overall, our built heritage will be valued and promoted as an asset to a greater degree than at present. The Antonine Wall will be recognised as an exemplar of World Heritage Site management. Historic buildings at risk will have been sensitively restored and brought back into use. There will be wider recognition of the value of historic gardens and designed landscapes, and the area's battlefield sites."

## 8.2 Themes

Theme	Principle of National Strategy			
Enhancement of Knowledge	Understand – Investigate and Record			
Knowledge Sharing				
Effective Management & Protection	Protect - Care and Protect			
Sustainable Use of Assets				
Increased Access	Value - Share and Celebrate			
Growing Skills				
Community Involvement				
Increased Appreciation				

To achieve this vision, a series of themes have been identified which are linked to the key principles behind the national strategy:

## 8.3 Priority Actions

Effective Management and Protection

8.3.1 We shall continue to review and update as required local planning policies as set out in the Local Development Plan and associated supplementary guidance on the historic environment including the Antonine Wall, scheduled monuments, listed buildings, conservation areas, areas of townscape value, historic gardens and designed landscapes and battlefield sites to ensure that our historic environment is legally and appropriately protected.

8.3.2 We shall review and update as required existing planning guidance on the historic environment to support national and local planning policies including conservation area appraisals and conservation area management plans.

8.3.3 We shall draw up a programme for the implementation of Character Appraisals of Areas of Townscape Value which aligns with strategic priorities as set out in the Local Development Plan. The programme will prioritise town centres first and other key target areas. Initially a brief appraisal of each existing area of townscape value will be carried out and an outline character statement produced. This exercise may screen out some areas out if it is considered that they do not merit a fully detailed character appraisal, in which case the option to de - designate an Area of Townscape Value will be investigated. Full character appraisals on other areas will follow with a view to assessing their potential as new conservation areas. The proposed designation of a conservation area requires public consultation, committee approval and adoption.

Suggested linked actions include the possible production of new supplementary guidance on Areas of Townscape Value and incorporation of information on the character of areas into suggested place statements for each community. Place statements are proposed as an action towards Making Better Places in the Main Issues Report for the new Local Development Plan. Place statements could be a material consideration in the determination of planning applications and they could inform future briefs and masterplans for development sites.

8.3.4 We shall work with key partners such as local education providers, Historic Environment Scotland, Scottish Canals and Forth Valley Traditional Building Forum to promote proper maintenance of historic buildings, structures and sites and to disseminate knowledge and skills relating to the care and preservation of historic assets through a combination of seminars, events, skills demonstrations, educational and other projects as identified through joint discussion.

8.3.5 We shall support the Falkirk Delivers Business Improvement District team in their potential involvement in the delivery of a Town Centre Factoring contract for communally owned properties within Falkirk town centre. Professional factoring services will help to maintain communally owned properties that have benefitted from grant aided refurbishment work through the Townscape Heritage Initiative and will assist other communally owned properties in everyday management and maintenance.

8.3.6 We shall review the need for Areas of Special Advertisement Control for the Falkirk and Bo'ness town centre areas; these controls are aimed at simplifying processes in relation to the implementation by planning authority of enforcement and other statutory actions.

8.3.7 We shall explore funding opportunities with partner organisations and communities for improvement projects varying in scale from small work such as repair and replacement of original historic building features and details to area based regeneration schemes such as Conservation Area Regeneration Schemes to maintain the momentum created by townscape heritage initiatives and community led conservation area improvement projects.

8.3.8 We shall evaluate the potential for the existing Steering Group for the Falkirk Town Centre Townscape Heritage Initiative to continue under a new remit and name after completion of the THI Scheme to take forward and promote proper maintenance and repair of buildings and open space within the town centre of Falkirk and possibly including Bo'ness.

8.3.9 Following research into successful practice and processes, we shall devise a local Buildings at Risk Action Plan for consultation and approval.

8.3.10 In taking forward critical actions from this strategy, we shall agree priorities with key partners including Falkirk Community Trust, Community Councils, local groups and other stakeholders. In taking forward critical actions from this strategy, we shall agree joint priorities with key partners including Falkirk Community Trust and other stakeholders. Falkirk Community Trust plays a significant role with respect to place making and contributing to the economic development of the Falkirk area through its delivery of heritage engagement activity and management of heritage assets such as Callendar House and Park, Kinneil Estate and The Hippodrome. FCT manages Falkirk Council's archive and museum collections, maintains the Historic Environment Record and provides archaeological advice to the planning process.

8.3.11 We will establish the Falkirk Heritage Alliance to strengthen our links with built and natural heritage groups, local history societies, schools, colleges and others and will provide a framework for collaboration an co-production on heritage projects.

## Enhancement of Knowledge

8.3.1<u>2</u> We shall explore the options for developing knowledge and applying new technology and techniques by working in partnership with others. Potential projects include:

(a) - Joint working with Historic Environment Scotland, providers of a new post graduate course: Advanced Professional Diploma in Technical Building Conservation. Preliminary discussions have highlighted the potential opportunity for Buildings at Risk in the Falkirk Council area to be the subject of student feasibility projects as part of their course work. Potential buildings will need to be accessible and quirky with easy and safe access for site surveys. Students will be expected to carry out condition surveys, analyse, research and consult community groups on proposals for alternative uses and fabric repairs. Information procured through this exercise could be disseminated as new knowledge and could be used by the planning authority to encourage sustainable development in historic buildings that the commercial developers may consider to be unviable. Further discussions with HES will be required around Autumn 2017.

(b) - We shall investigate partnership working with key partners including HES and Forth Valley College on the laser scanning of significant local historic sites as a means of joint learning for students and data sharing; emerging data could be used by stakeholders of the local historic environment to raise awareness and understanding of historic sites and to promote local tourism.

(d) - We shall investigate new ways of researching and recording our historic environment with partner organisations, education providers and with volunteers groups. Condition surveys of Scheduled Ancient Monuments by HES field officers, conducted on a 5 yearly cycle, could be shared with Falkirk Council. Means of procuring and implementing condition surveys of the council area's 352 listed buildings and structures in the Falkirk Council Area will be explored. Potential for Architectural Conservation / Urban Design post graduate students to conduct survey work on historic buildings as part of their coursework will be investigated with Scottish Universities.

(e) - We shall explore working with partner organisations who have resources to record archaeological sites, historic gardens and landscapes, battlefields. <u>Falkirk Community Trust is a key</u> <u>local resource for recorded knowledge of local sites and manages the locality's Historic Environment</u> <u>Record (previously the SMR).</u>

#### Knowledge Sharing

A key aim of this strategy is to mainstream the historic environment across all departments of Falkirk Council so it is taken account of in all corporate strategies and future planning. We shall consider various means of achieving this aim including promotional workshops to other council departments, local partner organisations and to local communities.

8.3.1<u>3</u> We shall work with relevant local and national partners to ensure that information on the historic environment is updated and made accessible to everyone; information sources include HES designations database, the local archives collection and the sites and monuments record maintained by Falkirk Community Trust.

8.3.1<u>4</u> We shall pursue the production of a Falkirk Council hosted and managed, on - line register of local historic assets including listed buildings, list of addresses of properties in conservation areas, list of scheduled monuments, lists of inventory and non - inventory historic gardens and designed landscapes with locational data and other associated information such as that procured through the Glorious Gardens project.

8.3.<u>15</u> We shall investigate with relevant partners the integration of local records with the proposed Scotland's Historic Environment Data System as set out in Scotland's Historic Environment Data Strategy, April 2014.

8.3.<u>16</u> We shall encourage and support communities in the development and implementation of knowledge capture projects such as Scotland's Urban Past, which is a five-year nationwide project about the history of Scotland's towns and cities, led by Historic Environment Scotland and supported by the Heritage Lottery Fund.

#### **Increased Access**

8.3.<u>17</u> We shall encourage communities to access and find uses for historic assets and we shall work with key external partners such as Falkirk Community Trust to identify mutual priorities in relation to the development of tourism and cultural uses for historic buildings and sites. We shall encourage communities to access and find uses for historic assets and we shall support initiatives by other council departments and external organisations for tourism and cultural uses for historic buildings and sites. Opportunities to explore include Falkirk Rocks Festival, Funny in Falkirk, Roman Week, local folk festivals and drama performances.

8.3.<u>18</u> We shall promote the development of new heritage and landscape trails in the local area in conjunction with local communities and external partners. Included in a series of proposed projects are the Falkirk Battlefield Trail<u>and visitor centre</u> in conjunction with the 1745 Association, Scottish Battlefields Trust, Callendar Estate and Falkirk Community Trust and an Antonine Wall trail within the Falkirk Council area. Potential trails based around the history of the Carron Iron Company, the town of Bo'ness and the town of Grangemouth will be explored.

Sustainable Use of Assets

8.3.<u>19</u> We shall support Scottish Canals in the potential redevelopment of Rosebank Distillery as an example of local industrial heritage reinvigorated in a key landmark building.

8.3.<u>20</u> We shall investigate the potential for joint working with Scottish Canals and FVC on funding bids for restoration of Dollar Park which is close to Rosebank Distillery.

8.3.<u>21</u> We shall submit a bid for £2.5M from Heritage Lottery Fund for the restoration and repair of historic features within historic Zetland Park in Grangemouth; works proposed include restoration of the cenotaph and public realm, feature lighting to illuminate cenotaph, refurbishment of the fountain including reinstatement of missing components and restoration and relocation of Grangemouth Old Town Clock.

8.3.22 We shall support Falkirk Community Trust in exploring and developing sustainable new uses within the Walled Garden in Kinneil Estate; suggested uses include small scale businesses such as bio – char manufacture and allotments.

## Growing Skills

8.3.23 We shall continue to support the work of Scotland's Garden and Landscape Heritage in their Glorious Gardens Project, a pilot project over three years to record local and regionally significant non - inventory designed landscapes in the Falkirk Council and Clyde and Avon Valley Landscape Partnership areas. This project has been designed to grow knowledge and skills for volunteers; it will also increase appreciation of their local historic environment. Skills developed through this project include the identification, research, survey, manual and electronic recording of data, interpretation and evaluation of historic gardens and landscapes. Working in partnership with a contractor, Northlight Heritage, this project has benefitted from in kind support from Falkirk Council and funding from HLF through the Clyde and Avon Valley Landscape. One of the aims of this project is to devise a flexible method for recording historic gardens and landscapes which can be applied in other areas to increase knowledge in some cases, initiate consideration for conservation and /or statutory designation. The data procured will be made available to the public via CANMORE, the online catalogue for Scotland's archaeology, buildings, industrial and maritime heritage. A bid has been submitted for grant funding from Historic Environment Scotland to complete work in the Clyde and Avon Valley Landscape Area in 2017 -2018 and in the Falkirk Area in 2018 - 19. If funding is secured, we shall convene further discussion with the Glorious Gardens project leader on the possible development of a conservation strategy for historic gardens and designed landscapes in the Falkirk Council area, which will include a conservation guide for landowners.

8.3.2<u>4</u> We shall continue to conduct knowledge transfer and skills raising sessions on all aspects of the historic environment with planning officers and other disciplines as is considered appropriate through in house seminars and talks by external specialists from time to time.

8.2.25 Through the Careers in a Modern Producer Economy project we will complement mainstream training provision by using heritage to influence the prevailing culture, nurture pride in Falkirk's manufacturing tradition and raise awareness of career opportunities.

#### **Community Involvement**

8.3.26 We shall pursue greater engagement with local heritage groups and local communities; potential opportunities include on – line questionnaires and charrettes on place statements for the new local development plan, discussions on creation of interpretation panels and similar local information sources and workshop sessions with community groups to increase awareness of this strategy. We shall pursue greater engagement with local heritage groups and local communities; potential opportunities include on – line questionnaires and charrettes on place statements for the new local development plan and workshop sessions with community groups to increase awareness of the new local development plan and workshop sessions with community groups to increase awareness of this strategy. We will investigate the scope for additional partnership working with Historic Environment Scotland in relation to the suggested linking of this Strategy with community involvement in place making as described above.

8.3.27 We shall consult communities on the Buildings at Risk Action Plan to gather local support for the re – use of redundant and vacant historic buildings at risk in their area ; we shall encourage local groups and others who are interested in developing proposals to explore opportunities for community stewardship of heritage assets. We shall direct them to funding sources and specialist assistance for community based and community driven heritage projects. We shall consult communities on the Buildings at Risk Action Plan to gather local support for the re - use of redundant and vacant historic buildings at risk in their area; we shall encourage local groups and others who are interested in developing proposals and we shall direct them to fund raising resources and to sources for specialist assistance on feasibility schemes.

8.3.28 Working in partnership with Historic Environment Scotland, we shall encourage communities to identify important historic environmental assets in their areas and to take advantage of their rights under the "Community Empowerment (Scotland) Act 2015 to take into control land or buildings owned by public bodies that they believe they can restore through innovative funding. We will also encourage communities and local history groups to develop projects which celebrate their cultural heritage and enhance the tourism potential of our area and, where staff resources allow, assist them to access sources of external funding to realise their aspirations.

8.3.29 Through the Falkirk Stories: community storytelling project we shall compile a comprehensive archive of memories, images and other responses to Falkirk's heritage to be hosted on a website platform to act as an enduring legacy of the Falkirk: Landscape, Industry and Work project.

#### Increased Appreciation

The national series of focus years such as The Year mof Architecture, Innovation and Design 2016, The Year of History Heritage and Archaeology 2017 and recurring events such as Doors Open Days, Scottish Apprenticeship Week, promote and instigate activity by communities involved with all aspects of the historic environment.

8.3.<u>30</u> We will explore joint objectives with partners to enable local communities to celebrate every facet of the historic environment that fits with local and national objectives.

Falkirk Community Trust has developed of a series of events, programmes and activities for 2017 -Year of History, Heritage and Archaeology - based on 3 key themes: The Romans (in recognition of the extensive presence of the Antonine Wall in our area), Industry (to mark the rise and decline of local industry) and The Horse (marking the dependency of mankind to the horse as acknowledged by the area's iconic Kelpie's scupitures). Horse themes activities under consideration include a large scale event focusing on horsepower at Helix Park, home of The Kelpies, equestrian themed exhibition, a film, commemorative pavement slabs and library displays. Roman themed activities suggested include exhibitions in Callendar House, digital storytelling workshops, event for World Heritage Day in association with Dig It and a joint project with Parks, Libraries and Heritage to build the Antonine Wall out of books. Activities celebrating the legacy of the local iron industry include a film, an exhibition, possible joint project with Historic Environment at the new Engine Shed in Stirling and restoration of Carron memorials in Larbert Churchyard.

Other Falkirk Community Trust activities include a public consultation on the future use of the refurbished Falkirk Steeple, promoting the Jacobite connection with Callendar House and ancestral tourism.

8.3.<u>31</u> We shall seek out partners such as the local Stirling Chapter of the Royal Incorporation of Architects in Scotland, the Central chapter of the Royal Town Planning Institute and Falkirk Delivers for the development of local award schemes which celebrate and raise awareness of the value of the historic environment. Falkirk Delivers BID promotes responsible development through their Taking a Pride Initiative. Suggested awards include best practice in the conservation and repair of historic buildings, best practice in the conservation and repair of shopfronts or other minor works, and best creative re – use and adaptation of historic buildings - the last being bi - annual only. An annual awards ceremony could be promoted on line and in local media to raise community awareness of the value of the value of preservation and enhancement of historic environment.

8.3.<u>32</u> We shall support Forth Valley Traditional Building Forum with their proposed future programme for local secondary schools on historic buildings, traditional building skills and materials including skills demonstration events and Summer Schools.

8.3.33 Through the Celebrating our heritage: art, tourism and events project we will hold a programme of events, festivities and promotions designed to raise awareness of Falkirk's heritage, attract visitors and encourage local people to explore the heritage network.

# 8.4 Action Plan

Ref	Theme	Action/Project	Lead	Partners	2017Year	2018Year	<u>2019Year</u>	2020Year	2021Year
					<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>
8.3.1	Effective Management and Protection	Review and update planning policies and guidance	PEU, Falkirk Council						
8.3.2	Effective Management and Protection	Review and update Conservation Area Appraisals and CAMPS if required	PEU, Falkirk Council						
8.3.3	Effective Management and Protection	Programme of Character Appraisals of Areas of Townscape Value	PEU, Falkirk Council						
8.3.4	Effective Management and Protection	Disseminate knowledge of and promote maintenance	FVTBF, Falkirk Townscape Heritage Initiative	HES, Scottish Canals, FVTBF, FCT					
8.3.5	Effective Management and Protection	Promote factoring of communal properties	Falkirk Delivers, BID	PEU, Falkirk Council					
8.3.6	Effective	Review of	Development	PEU, Falkirk					

Ref	Theme	Action/Project	Lead	Partners	2017Year	2018Year	2019Year	2020Year	2021Year
					<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>
	Management and Protection	Areas of Special Advertisement	management, Falkirk Council	Council					
8.3.7	Effective Management and Protection	Control Explore funding for improvement projects	PEU, Falkirk Council	Local Groups, HES, HLF, FET,FCT					
8.3.8	Effective Management and Protection	Explore forming of Steering Group to continue monitoring of former THI Schemes	PEU, Falkirk Council	Falkirk Council, FCT, Local Groups					
8.3.9	Effective Management and Protection	Devise Buildings at Risk Action Plan	PEU, Falkirk Council	Falkirk Council, HES, Local Groups					
8.3.10	Effective Management and Protection	Agree joint priorities with key local partners	PEU Falkirk Council	FCT, HES					
8.3.11	Effective Management and Protection	Establish Falkirk Heritage Alliance	Falkirk Community Trust	Falkirk Council, Scottish Canals, CSGNT, local					

	Ref	Theme	Action/Project	Lead	Partners	2017 <u>Year</u>	2018Year	2019Year	2020Year	2021Year
						<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>
					stakeholders					
	8.3.1 <mark>2</mark>	Enhancement	Explore	PEU, Falkirk	HES, Forth					
		of Knowledge	options	Council	Valley					
			for developing		College,					
			knowledge of		volunteer					
			historic assets		groups,					
			and applying		local					
			new		universities					
			technology		and schools					
			and							
			techniques							
			to surveying							
			and							
			recording							
	8.3.1 <u>3</u>	Knowledge	Update	HES, FCT,						
		Sharing	records	PEU, Falkirk						
				Council						
	8.3.1 <u>4</u>	Knowledge	Create web	PEU, Falkirk	Glorious					
		Sharing	based	Council	Gardens					
			local		Project					
			information							
			resource							
	8.3.1 <u>5</u>	Knowledge	Integrate local	HES	PEU, Falkirk					
		Sharing	records with		Council					
			national SHED							
,			data							
	8.3. <u>16</u>	Knowledge	Encourage	Local Groups,	PEU, Falkirk					
		Sharing	local	HES	Council					
			knowledge							
			capture							
			projects							

Ref	Theme	Action/Project	Lead	Partners	<del>2017</del> Year	2018Year	2019Year	<del>2020</del> Year	2021Year
					<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>
8.3. <u>17</u>	Increased Access	Encourage new uses - tourism	PEU, Falkirk Council	Falkirk Council, FCT, FET, Local					
		and cultural uses - for historic sites		Groups					
8.3. <u>18</u>	Increased Access	Promote local heritage and landscape trails	PEU, Falkirk Council	1745 Association, Scottish Battlefields Trust, Callendar Estate, FCT, HES					
8.3. <u>19</u>	Sustainable Use of Assets	Support new uses for Rosebank Distillery	Scottish Canals	PEU, Falkirk Council					
8.3. <u>20</u>	Sustainable Use of Assets	Investigate funding for restoration of Dollar Park	PEU, Falkirk Council	Scottish Canals, HLF, FVC					
8.3. <u>21</u>	Sustainable Use of Assets	Submit funding bid for Zetland Park	PEU, Falkirk Council	Local Groups					
8.3. <mark>22</mark>	Sustainable Use of Assets	Support new uses for Walled	PEU, FCT	HES, Local Businesses, Falkirk					

Ref	Theme	Action/Project	Lead	Partners	2017 <u>Year</u>	2018Year	2019Year	2020Year	2021 <u>Year</u>
I					<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>
		Garden		Allotment					
		in Kinneil		Society					
		Estate							
8.3. <u>23</u>	Growing	Continue to	Scotland's	PEU, Falkirk					
	Skills	support	Garden and	Council, HES					
		Glorious	Landscape						
		Gardens	Heritage						
		Project							
8.3. <u>24</u>	Growing	Continue to	PEU, Falkirk	HES, other					
	Skills	convene in	Council	external					
		house		agencies					
		knowledge							
		transfer							
		events							
8.3.25	Growing	Careers in a	Falkirk	<u>Falkirk</u>					
	Skills	Modern	Community	<u>Council,</u>					
		Producer	Trust	<u>Scottish</u>					
		Economy		Canals,					
				<u>CSGNT,</u>					
				Forth Valley					
				<u>College,</u>					
				local					
				stakeholders					
8.3. <u>26</u>	Community	Pursue	PEU, Falkirk	Local					
	Involvement	involvement	Council	Groups,					
		with local		HES, A+DS					
		community							
8.3. <u>27</u>	Community	Consult Local	PEU, Falkirk	Local					
	Involvement	groups on	Council	Groups,					
		Buildings		HES					
		at Risk Action							

Ref	Theme	Action/Project	Lead	Partners	<del>2017</del> Year	<del>2018</del> Year	<del>2019</del> Year	<del>2020</del> Year	<del>2021</del> Year
		Plan			<u>1</u>	2	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>
8.3.28	Community	Encourage	PEU, Falkirk Council	Local					
	Involvement	to develop heritage projects and take control of	Council	Groups, HES					
		historic buildings							
8.3.29	Community	Falkirk Stories:	FCT	Falkirk					
	Involvement	community		Council,					
		storytelling		CSGNT,					
				Scottish					
				Canals, Local					
				Community,					
				Local					
0.0.00	1	E dese		Groups					
8.3. <u>30</u>	Increased	Explore	PEU, Falkirk	HES, Falkirk					
	Appreciation	partnership working on	Council, FCT	Council					
		projects							
		such as focus							
		year							
		events and							
		similar							
8.3. <mark>31</mark>	Increased	Devise Local	PEU, Falkirk	RIAS, RTPI,					
'	Appreciation	Award	Council	Falkirk					
		Schemes		Delivers BID					
8.3. <mark>32</mark>	Increased	Support	Forth Valley	PEU, Falkirk					
	Appreciation	focussed	Traditional	Council,					
		programmes	Building	Forth Valley					

Ref	Theme	Action/Project	Lead	Partners	<del>2017</del> Year	<del>2018</del> Year	<del>2019</del> Year	<del>2020</del> Year	<del>2021</del> Year
					<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>
		for secondary schools	Forum	College					
8.3.33	Increased Appreciation	Celebrating our heritage: art, tourism and events	FCT	Falkirk Council, CSGNT, Scottish Canals, Local Community, Local Groups					

# 9. Monitoring Performance

## 9.1 Measuring Success

A national model for measuring success is under development. The national strategy suggests that successful delivery of its vision and key aims relies on collaborative working and making the most efficient use of resources. Monitoring and measuring success for this local strategy will reply on assistance and in some cases leadership from partners.

The Built Environment Forum Scotland (BEFS) has been working with stakeholders to develop a Performance Measurement Framework (Framework) to inform the delivery of the national strategy. Results are set out in Our Place in Time: Measuring Success Analysis of consultation responses and recommended next steps Final Report 13/02/15

Historic Environment Strategy for Falkirk Outcome	How this will be measured
The historic environment of the Falkirk Area is	number of demolitions of listed buildings and
protected and safeguarded for the long term; its	scheduled monuments,
contribution to better place making is recognised	number of approved developments affecting the
and valued.	Antonine Wall, Battlefields, Inventory and Non -
	Inventory Designed Landscapes and Sites with
	Remnant Designed Landscape Features,
	number of buildings at risk rescued and brought
	into use,
	number of enforcement actions affecting the
	historic environment,
	number of planning applications for sustainable
	use of listed buildings and unlisted buildings in
	conservation areas.
	The programme of Character Appraisals for
	Areas of Townscape Value is progressing in
	accordance with programme.
	A Buildings at Risk Action Plan is developed,
	approved and adopted.
The application of new technology and	Number of opportunities explored for the
techniques to survey and record historic assets	application of new techniques and new
are understood and available.	technology in partnership with external agencies
	and educations providers.
The range, quality and quantity of easily	number of opportunities for knowledge transfer
accessible information on the historic	created (talks, meetings, events) where audience
environment in the Falkirk area has improved.	profiles demonstrate widespread impact on local
Local records align with aims and principles of	community and other stakeholders.
national records as set out in Scotland's Historic	Data of Falkirk's historic assets in a range of
Environment Data Strategy, April 2014.	formats and from various sources is monitored;
	consultations / questionnaires with local
	stakeholders on accessible records regarding
	quality and effectiveness.
Access to local historic assets has increased.	Number of opportunities for new uses in historic
	sites and buildings and new heritage and
	landscape trails explored through partnership
	working with others.

Historic Environment Strategy for Falkirk	How this will be measured
Outcome	now this will be measured
	Number of volumeters trained and enreed of
Skills related to better understanding of the	Number of volunteers trained and spread of
historic environment in the Falkirk area have	skills gained. Number and range of knowledge
been grown.	transfer events.
Projects for the sustainable use of historic assets	Number of projects explored and developed.
are under development with funders and other	
project partners.	
Engagement with local communities is captured	Number and range of opportunities created for
through a range of initiatives and events.	engagement and evaluation surveys.
The historic environment of the Falkirk Area is	The further development of the heritage product
promoted and celebrated.	within the Falkirk area contributes to an increase
	in visitor expenditure as per targets set out in
	the Falkirk area Tourism Strategy 2015 – 2020.
	Analytics relating to visitor numbers and
	expenditure are provided to the Council in an
	annual STEAM report. Measures of outcomes
	from Awards Schemes and events such as Doors
	Open Day, Year of History, Heritage and Heritage
	and Archaeology etc. demonstrate cultural,
	social and economic successVisitor numbers
	and ratings are contrasted with other tourism
	offers in the local area.
	Measures of outcomes from Awards Schemes
	and events such as Doors Open Day, Year of
	History, heritage and Archaeology etc
	demonstrate cultural, social and economic
	success.

# 9.2 Reviewing Progress

To measure ongoing attainment of success and, more significantly, to identify and learn from failure, an annual review of progress will be provided over the five year currency of the adopted strategy; this review will be submitted for scrutiny by key stakeholders including the relevant Falkirk Council Committee(s), Falkirk Community Trust, Scottish Government and Historic Environment Scotland.

## **10.** Further Information Sources

# **10.1** Links to Planning Policies, Supplementary Guidance, Conservation Area Appraisals and Management Plans

Falkirk Local Development Plan (Planning Policy Context on The Historic Environment):

Available at www.falkirk.gov.uk/localplan

Supplementary Guidance:

SG09 Landscape Character Assessment and Landscape Designations SG07 Frontiers of the Roman Empire (Antonine Wall) World Heritage Site (Under preparation) SG16 Listed Buildings and Unlisted Properties in Conservation Areas

Available at <a href="http://www.falkirk.gov.uk/sg">www.falkirk.gov.uk/sg</a>

Conservation Area Appraisals and Conservation Area Management Plans

Available at www.falkirk.gov.uk/conservation

## 10.2 Links to sites and monument record and HES Designations

Sites and Monument Record: <u>http://collections.falkirk.gov.uk/search.do?view=lightbox&keyword=sites&db=object</u>

HES Designations: http://portal.historicenvironment.scot/designations

#### 10.3 Falkirk's Buildings at Risk

www.buildingsatrisk.org.uk/search/planning\_authority/187

# 10.4 THI Community Engagement Programme 2013 - 2018

Wider Town Centre / Falkirk Community Events

Launch Event

Event to promote the THI project. The THI Team provided information on what the THI does and what it means for the community, as well as what it means to live in a conservation area. We had demonstrations from stonemason and traditional signwriter. Our exhibition of old photographs of Falkirk and old films were very popular.

2014 • 512 Visitors • Sign-making activity: 70 children

Our Falkirk Steeple Exhibition

Exhibition about history of steeple, its uses, context in Falkirk and importance as a public timepiece.

The Heritage Engagement Officer led craft activities in the exhibition on Saturdays and a group visited the exhibition from the Sensory Centre.

2014 • 3502 Visitors • 56 Children at Craft Sessions

Stories in Stone Exhibition

We worked with architecture students from Glasgow School of Art exploring the architecture of buildings in Falkirk Town. The GSA students produced 11 sketches and 13 3D models of the buildings which were displayed in the exhibition.

2015-2016 • 2,877 Visitors

Falkirk's Shops Exhibition

Exhibition exploring the history of Falkirk's shops from the Victorian to the Post-War period. This included architects drawings which were on display for the first time.'

2016 • 1631 Visitors

Lost Falkirk Exhibition

Exhibition about aspects of town centre which have changed or disappeared (i.e. cinemas, Wynds/roads, Aitkin's brewery, Old Town Hall).

2017

Our Built Heritage Exhibition

Exhibition about impact of projects like the THI can make. Show why conservation of historical buildings is important.

2018

Travelling Exhibition

Travelling exhibition about work and legacy of THI

2017-2018

Photography Competition

Working with Falkirk Delivers we had a photography competition to find out what the town centre meant to the local community.

2015 • 7 entries

Photography Exhibition

Then and now comparisons of old and new photos of town centre.

2018

## Artist in Residence

An artist will be appointed to complete a12-month residency. They will use art to start conversations with the local community.

2017-2018

Falkirk Apprenticeship Day

Free drop-in event with traditional building skills demonstrations.

2014, 2015

Festival of Architecture High Street Installation

Worked with Arka Architects and architecture students from the University of Strathclyde on a Festival of Architecture project. A 'cube' like installation was produced on the High Street exploring the architecture and history of the town.

2016

Chalk Art

In partnership with Falkirk BIB we commissioned a local artist to create chalk art around the Steeple for the duration of the Steeple works. The art includes references to Steeple history and the shops at the base of the Steeple.

2016-2017

Doors Open Day Events

Steeple 200 Weekend

Special Event across Doors Open Day weekend to celebrate the Steeple's 200th anniversary, in partnership with Falkirk Council, Falkirk Community Trust, Falkirk BID and Falkirk Local History Society. Event included live music, traditional market heritage street games, tours of the Steeple, Steeple Exhibition, THI information stall.

2014 • Steeple Tours: 400+ Visitors

Steeple Tours

Public Tours of the inside of Falkirk Steeple

2015 • 200 Visitors

THI Stall

Information on Falkirk THI Project and Events

2015 • 40 Visitors Exploring Historic Shops

For Doors Open Day Lindsay Lennie gave a talk about the history of shops before leading a walk exploring Falkirk examples

2016 • 15

Let's Build LEGO Drop-in Event

Doors Open Day event for the younger generation. Children created buildings and other designs in Lego, Duplo and Soft Bricks.

2016, 2017 • 80 Visitors

Primary and Secondary Schools Events School Town Heritage Walk

The THI Heritage Engagement Officer took Primary 2 pupils from St Andrews School on a walk around the town centre

2013 • 54 (2 P2 Classes)

Picturing Our Steeple School Art Project

Artist Susheila Jamieson delivered this heritage art based project to primary schools. The artist worked with P6 or 7 pupils to create artwork based on the Steeple. The artwork produced was displayed alongside the Steeple Exhibition.

2014 • Four Local Primary Schools

Steeple History Teacher CPD

CPD for Teachers based on the Steeple Education Pack. Looking at exploring the history of the Steeple both in and outside the classroom

2015 • 3 Teachers

**Steeple Education Pack** 

Pack of Learning Resources for Teachers about the history of Falkirk Steeple. Produced for Steeple 200 anniversary.

2014 • Distributed to 38 schools

Falkirk's Shops: First Impressions

Artist Sarah Wakeford has been working with P6 or/ and P7 pupils at four local Primary Schools on this art project exploring historic shopfronts.

2016 • Four Local Primary Schools

Architecture Education Pack

Pack of Learning Resources for Teachers exploring different architecture styles of buildings in Falkirk town centre.

2016-2017

Exploring Heritage on Your Doorstep CPD

The THI Heritage Engagement Officer will lead a CPD for Teachers exploring how built heritage can be used as a learning resource both inside and outside the Classroom.

2016-2017

Heritage Trail Pack for Teachers

Create a Town Heritage Trail Resource for Primary School Teachers.

2017-2018

Heritage Interpretation Events

Falkirk Town Heritage Trail App

Produce a Smart Phone App walking tour / heritage guide to Falkirk town centre.

2017

Volunteer Tour Guides

Train a number of volunteers to become Tour Guides of the town centre.

2017

Falkirk Local History Society

Research Group

The THI supported 10 members of FLHS we had never undertaken historical research before. The members of the group picked a building in the town centre and researched into its history. The groups also exploring the buildings through art sketches of architectural details.

10 members of FLHS

Calatria

September 2014: Special Edition of Calatria on Falkirk Steeple

November 2015: Special Edition of Calatria on Falkirk Town Centre

2016-2018: Two further editions of Calatria Walks

FLHS delivered a number of walks for the THI.

2014 • 2 Walks • 10 attendees

2016 • 4 Walks • 20 attendees

Talks/Consultations

Talk at FLHS Meeting The THI Heritage Engagement Officer did a short talk at the start of the FLHS Meeting about the THI and the launch event.

2014 • 60 FLHS members

Callendar House Talks

Heritage Engagement Officer did three lunchtime talks at Callender House to members of the public about the THI.

2015 • 40 attendees approx

Talk to Falkirk Probus Club

Heritage Engagement Officer talked to Probus Club about the THI.

2015

3D Scanning Talk

Doug Prittchard from Herriot Watt University gave a talk in Callendar House about 3D scanning and built heritage.

2015 • 28 people

THI Public Realm Consultation

Informal consultation with the public about plans for improving the Public Realm.

2016

THI Seminar Programme 2016 - 2017

Looking after Traditional Shopfronts:

Tuesday 22nd November 2016

Dampness & Organising Shared Repairs:

Wednesday 30th November 2016 Looking after your Roof - leaks:

Wednesday 7th December 2016

Looking after the Exterior Walls of your Property - stone decay and repair, harling and paint issues:

Wednesday 11th January 2017

Looking after your Windows and Doors - draughts, leaks and broken windows

Wednesday 18th January 2017

Energy Efficiency in Traditional Buildings:

Wednesday 1st Feb 2017.

#### **10.5 Local Trails and Information Panels**

Existing: Bo'ness Town Trail, Falkirk Heritage Trail, Airth Paths Leaflet, Denny Paths Leaflet, Bonnybridge Interpretation Panel, Antonine Wall Paths Leaflet, River Avon Heritage Trail

Under Development: Falkirk Battlefield Trail, Antonine Wall Trail, Braes Paths Leaflet, Larbert and Stenhousemuir Path Leaflet and Grangemouth Town Leaflet

Future Projects Under Consideration: Carron Iron Company Trail, Bo'ness Heritage Trail

#### **10.6 Funding Sources**

Historic Environment Scotland:

Historic Environment Repair Grant

A scheme which helps with the cost of repairs to buildings of special interest.

Grants for Places of Worship Scheme

Help with the cost of urgent repairs to listed places of worship.

Historic Environment Support Fund

A small fund used to provide support for one-off heritage events.

Organisational Support Fund

Providing financial support to organisations responsible for the operation, management or safeguarding of historic environment assets.

Conservation Area Regeneration Scheme (CARS)

Support for regeneration and conservation initiatives over a five-year period.

Ancient Monument Grant Scheme

Funding for the conservation and maintenance of Scotland's ancient monuments.

Archaeology Programme funding

Funding for research and intervention projects to further our knowledge of the historic environment and rescue archaeological information.

Thatched Buildings Maintenance Scheme

Financial support for the repair of historic traditional thatched properties.

Maintenance Plan Grants Scheme

Help with the preparation of maintenance plans for historic buildings.

Landscape Management Plan Grants Scheme

Help towards the preparation of landscape management plans for Inventory gardens.

**Centenary Memorials Restoration Fund** 

Financial support for communities for the conservation and repair of war memorials.

Falkirk Environment Trust

Falkirk Environment Trust is a local charitable trust which aims to support environmental projects by awarding grants and supplying advice and support.

FET operates Small Grants Schemes - £10k total fund level every year with max grant up to £2k. Funded training for surveys is available.

Heritage Lottery Fund Programmes:

Sharing Heritage (£3,000 to £10,000) - is part of the Year of History, Heritage and Archaeology 2017. The Sharing Heritage programme is for any type of project related to national, regional or local heritage in the UK

Young Roots (£10,000 to £50,000) - The Young Roots programme is for projects that engage young people with heritage in the UK.

Heritage Enterprise (£100k to £5m) - The Heritage Enterprise programme is for projects that seek to achieve economic growth by investing in heritage. It is primarily for enterprising community organisations to help them rescue neglected historic buildings and sites and return them to a viable productive use.

Our Heritage( £10k to £100k)

Outcomes for heritage: With our investment, heritage will be: better managed in better condition better interpreted and explained identified/recorded

Outcomes for people: With our investment, people will have: developed skills learnt about heritage changed their attitudes and/or behaviour had an enjoyable experience volunteered time.

Parks for People (£100k to £5m) Historic public parks and cemeteries are valued places at the centre of local communities. Help to conserve them with funding of £100,000-£5million.

Resilient Heritage - Resilient Heritage programme will accept applications for grants of between £3,000 and £10,000 for activities currently supported through Start-up Grants programme.

Landscape Partnerships (£100,000 to £3,000,000) - From majestic mountains to open countryside and windswept coasts, conserve areas of distinctive landscape character.

#### Heritage Grants over £100k

"Heritage includes many different things from the past that we value and want to pass on to future generations, for example: archaeological sites; collections of objects, books or documents in museums, libraries or archives; cultural traditions such as stories, festivals, crafts, music, dance and costumes; historic buildings; histories of people and communities; histories of places and events; the heritage of languages and dialects; natural and designed landscapes and gardens; people's memories and experiences (often recorded as 'oral history'); places and objects linked to our industrial, maritime and transport history; and natural heritage including habitats, species and geology.

Parks for People (£100,000 to £5million) Parks for People is for projects related to historic parks and cemeteries in the UK.

Our Heritage (£10,000 to £100,000) The Our Heritage programme is for any type of project related to national, regional or local heritage in the UK

Heritage Enterprise (£100,000 to £5million)

Useful contacts

Planning and Environment Development Services Falkirk Council Abbotsford House David's Loan Falkirk FK2 7YZ 01324 504950 planenv@falkirk.gov,uk

For further information on world heritage sites, scheduled monuments, battlefield sites, listed buildings, conservation areas, historic gardens and designed landscapes, historic marine protected areas in Scotland:

http://portal.historicenvironment.scot/designations