



Agenda Item 4

Police Scotland – Falkirk Area Performance

Falkirk Council

Title: Police Scotland – Falkirk Area Performance

Meeting: Scrutiny Committee (External)

Date: 8 October 2020

Submitted By: Director of Corporate and Housing Services

1. Purpose of Report

- 1.1 The purpose of this report is to present the latest performance from Police Scotland from 1 April 2019 to 30 June 2020.

2. Recommendations

- 2.1 It is recommended that the Committee considers the performance of Police Scotland and select a course of action from the following options:-

- (1) Approve the report and acknowledge progress by the organisation in meeting its priorities;**
- (2) Request further information on specific aspects of the service provided; or**
- (3) Request action with a follow-up report for future consideration.**

3. Background

- 3.1 Following the establishment of Police Scotland on 1 April 2013, local commanders are required to report on performance with regard to the local policing plan. The local police plan for the period 2017 – 2020 was considered and approved by Council on 6 December 2017.
- 3.2 Section 45 of the Police and Fire Reform (Scotland) Act 2012 sets out the role of the local authority with regard to the governance of Police Scotland, as follows :-
- A local authority may monitor and provide feedback to the local commander on the policing of its area, and (in particular) may provide to the local commander:-
 - (a) Its views on any matter concerning or connected to the policing of its area, and
 - (b) Any recommendations for the improvement of the policing of its area that it thinks fit.

- A local authority may provide feedback by reference to any local police plan in force for the area.
- A local commander must provide to the local authority:
 - (a) Reports on the carrying out of police functions in its area (including by reference to any local policing plan in force for the area),
 - (b) Statistical information on complaints made about the Police Service in, or the policing of, its area, and
 - (c) Other information about the policing of its area, as the local authority may reasonably require.

3.3 In addition to considering information and scrutiny performance, the committee may also request that the local commander provides any additional information it may require.

4. The Local Policing Priorities and Performance

4.1 The local policing plan sets out the local priorities and objectives for the Falkirk Council area, and is a statutory requirement of the Police and Fire Reform (Scotland) Act 2012. The plan takes account of the following:

- The Scottish Government's overarching vision for public services;
- Strategic priorities set by Scottish Ministers;
- The Scottish Police Authority's Strategic Police Plan;
- The Chief Constable's Annual Police Plan; and
- Local context and need.

4.2 This report covers the period April 2019 to June 2020, and highlights the performance of local policing across the Falkirk Council area, in accordance with the local policing plan, and the following local priorities:

- Responsive to the concerns of our communities;
- Enhancing our collective resilience to emerging threats;
- Protecting people most at risk of harm; and
- Promoting confidence through our actions.

4.3 The Police Plan sets out actions relating to each priority:-

Responsive to the Concerns of Our Communities

Areas of action within this priority include:

- Violence, disorder and anti-social behaviour;
- Acquisitive crime;
- Hate crime; and
- Road crime and road safety.

Enhancing Our Collective Resilience to Emerging Threats

Areas of action within this priority include:

- Serious organised crime;
- Drugs misuse;
- Counter terrorism; and
- Planning for emergencies.

Protecting People Most at Risk from Harm

People and groups supported within this priority include:

- Vulnerable people;
- Children and young people; and
- Victims of sexual crime and domestic abuse.

Promoting Confidence Through Our Actions

Areas of action within this priority include:

- How police services are delivered;
- Engaging and involving local communities;
- Developing and supporting staff; and
- Future sustainability.

- 4.4 The Local Policing Plan sets out how Police Scotland will be able to demonstrate that it is making a difference on each priority, through a number of success measures. Appendix 1 provides an introduction to the report, while Appendix 2 highlights key achievements and performance. The reports will be presented by a senior officer from Police Scotland. The following provides some brief performance highlights over the reporting period:

Responsive to the Concerns of Our Communities

- Tackling the harm and vulnerability caused by drugs, including drug dealing and drug related deaths.
 - Over the past 12 months, 82 drug warrants have been enforced at addresses across the Falkirk area, resulting in the recovery of a significant amount of Class, A, B and C substances.
- Road safety
 - Local officers remain committed to ensuring the roads across Falkirk are safe.
 - A Week of Action was carried out in May 2020 to target a range of motoring offences, including speeding, driving whilst using a mobile phone and drink/drug driving. During the campaign, 95 drivers were warned and 3 fixed penalties for speeding were handed out.

- Following on from the success of this initiative, further Weeks of Action were held in July and August.
- Anti-social behavior and disorder
 - Police continue to work with partners to tackle anti-social behaviour, such as a Police Officer working full time and embedded in the Council's Conflict Resolution Service, and local School Based Officers who are deployed in secondary schools across Falkirk.
 - Police and partner organisations have responded to concerns about ASB in Falkirk Town Centre, and both the Zetland Park Regeneration Project and Community Projects Tryst are examples of good work being done on the ground.
- New community engagement initiatives such as a Coffee with a Cop.

Enhancing Our Collective Resilience to Emerging Threats

- Covid-19 Policing Response -- Police Scotland directly officers to follow a policy style which centred on the '4Es'
 - Engage: ask whether an individual is aware of the government request; establish individual circumstances and how quickly someone can comply.
 - Explain: the risks to public health, and to the NHS in line with government guidance.
 - Encourage: voluntary compliance.
 - Enforce: if faced with non-compliance and only as a last resort.

Protecting People Most at Risk from Harm

- Tackling domestic abuse is a priority not only locally but across Scotland. In Falkirk there is a dedicated team of officers who have one focus: tracing outstanding offenders for criminality associated with domestic abuse. Preventing domestic abuse remains a key priority, with actions including:
 - The Disclosure Scheme for Domestic Abuse Scotland (DSDAS) provides a framework to share information about a partner's abusive past with a potential victim.
 - There are two main triggers for proposal: the Right to Ask and the Power to Tell.
 - Multi-agency awareness training on the scheme has been undertaken by our Domestic Abuse Unit in order to give partners who may come into contact with victims the confidence to make applications.
- A preventive and enforcement approach is adopted in tackling door step crime and bogus callers. The Crime Prevention Officer regularly engages with vulnerable and elderly groups to raise their awareness of fraudulent activities.

Promoting Confidence Through Our Actions

- In order to maintain the support and cooperation of communities, local police continue to work hard to reaffirm public trust and confidence through its interactions with communities. Examples include Operation Alamo – Fireworks and Operation Christmas, where it aims to reassure the public and deter criminality.

5. Consultation

5.1 Nil.

6. Implications

Financial

6.1 Nil.

Resources

6.2 Nil.

Legal

6.3 Local authorities are able to scrutinise police performance under the terms of Section 45 of the Police and Fire Reform (Scotland) Act 2012.

Risk

6.4 If these services are not provided by Police Scotland then there is a risk to the safety of our communities.

Equalities

6.5 Nil.

Sustainability/Environmental Impact

6.6 Nil.

Conclusions

6.7 Members are asked to consider the information presented in this report to ensure that Police Scotland is providing the services consistent with their agreed Strategic Plan.

Director of Corporate and Housing Services

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Date 28 September 2020

APPENDICES

Appendix One – Overview report by the local commander on Police Scotland performance.

Appendix Two – Performance report from Police Scotland.

List of Background Papers:

No papers were relied on in the preparation of this report in terms of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973.

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Subject: PERFORMANCE FALKIRK COUNCIL AREA APR 2019 – JUNE 2020
Date: 8 October 2020
Author: LOCAL POLICE COMMANDER

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 The purpose of this report is to highlight matters in Falkirk Area Command such as emerging trends, threats and issues or particular successes and difficulties.
- 1.2 The Falkirk Policing Performance Scrutiny Report table contains the current information on performance against selected performance indicators. This covering report provides complementary information to that in the table to present a rounded picture of issues affecting policing in Falkirk Council area.

The data provided in the table and report is for information purposes to allow Board Members to conduct their scrutiny responsibilities. It should be noted that the timing of this meeting of the Committee allows the reporting of year 2019/2020 statistics in addition to April to June 2020. There may be minor amendments between the information in this report and the final Q1 statistics – for example due to delayed reporting or recording of crimes, road crashes or incidents. It would not therefore be accurate or appropriate to refer to, quote or use the data in this report as official statistics.

- 1.3 The format of this report reflects the Falkirk Local Policing Plan priorities. There is also a further category of Cross Cutting Themes which are relevant to all the foregoing priorities.
- 1.4 There will be contextual information provided on current performance. For a small number of indicators only the Forth Valley Division figure is available at this time, and this is identified in the contextual comments.

2. RISKS AND THREATS

- 2.1 Some of the risks and threats which continue to present are:
- Drug Related Deaths
 - Missing People & Vulnerable People
 - Criminality associated with drugs, such as violence.

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By their nature, these remain longer-term threats and Forth Valley Division continues to focus on intervention and enforcement to address them.

- 3.2 No significant new operational issues emerged during the last reporting period.

3. UPDATES

- 3.1 This section of the report provides brief details of any matters within Falkirk Area Command which present a challenge for Forth Valley Division or which are of particular interest. Information on recent issues which emerged since the production of this report will be provided by way of a verbal report at the meeting.

4. Appendices

- 4.1 Appendix 1 – Falkirk Police Performance Report

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Chief Superintendent
LOCAL COMMANDER, FORTH VALLEY DIVISION

Date: 14/09/2020
Contact Name: PC Alan Imrie (101)

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FALKIRK COUNCIL

PERFORMANCE REPORT



POLICE PERFORMANCE REPORT
APRIL 2019 – JUNE 2020

ALAN GIBSON
CHIEF SUPERINTENDENT

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BACKGROUND TO THIS REPORT

As from April 2013, the Police and Fire Reform (Scotland) Act 2012 has required Police Scotland to produce and publish a Local Policing Plan (LPP) for each local authority area. The LPP clearly sets out the policing priorities for Falkirk.

Performance in relation to the identified policing priorities is monitored and reviewed internally on a weekly basis. Yearly reports are produced to allow scrutiny by Falkirk Council Scrutiny Committee. This report covers the period from 1 April 2019 to 30th June 2020.

In order to support effective scrutiny and determine whether our preventative approach is having a lasting positive impact, members of the Scrutiny Committee will consider information linked to the priorities outlined within this plan which includes:

- Responsive to the concerns of our communities
- Enhancing our collective resilience to emerging threats
- Protecting people most at risk from harm
- Promoting confidence through our actions

This report will make reference to crime groupings. Groups 1 - 5 refer to an amalgamation of five crime groups. They are group 1 crimes which consist of violent crime; group 2 crimes which consist of sexual offences; group 3 crimes which include a wide range of dishonesty crimes; group 4 crimes which includes vandalism, fire-raising and malicious mischief and group 5 crimes which tend to relate to crimes identified as a result of Police pro-activity, such as drug offences.

All statistics are provisional and should be treated as management information. All data is sourced from Police Scotland internal systems and is correct as at 2 July 2020.

Readers should note that all data for 2019/20 and 2020/21 was refreshed when it was extracted at the start of July 2020. This means that the data for 2019/20 Q1 published in this report will differ from the data previously published for 2019/20 Q1 last August (2019). It usually takes between one and two quarters for the data to settle and for most of the natural revisions to take place.

RESPONSIVE TO THE CONCERNS OF OUR COMMUNITIES

Our primary role is to keep our communities safe. To achieve this and ensure Falkirk is a safe place to live, visit and work it is important that we listen to the views and concerns of local communities and respond directly to these.

Daily engagement with members of the public is a key element of our business which ensures we are responding to issues which directly affect the lives of local people. We are committed to building trust and confidence in local policing so that we can work together to keep the communities of Falkirk safe.

TACKLING THE HARM AND VULNERABILITY CAUSED BY DRUGS

Drug Dealing

Local communities repeatedly tell us that addressing the harm caused by drugs and tackling drug dealing is a concern for them. We know that substance use and drug dealing can cause harm in many ways, not only to substance users, but it can have a direct link to other types of criminality including violence.

Over the past year there has been a real focus locally on working with local communities to develop intelligence associated with drug dealing and targeting drug dealers.

Over the past 12 months 82 drug search warrants have been enforced at addresses across the Falkirk area resulting in the recovery of a significant amount of Class A, B and C controlled drugs. On average this amounts to the enforcement of more than 1 search warrant per week across Falkirk.

Some notable results include the recovery of £9,000 of heroin from an address in Hallglen, the recovery of cannabis cultivation worth £80,000 from an address in Grangemouth and the recovery of £4,000 worth of amphetamine from an address in Bainsford.

We adopt an intelligence led approach in an effort to ensure our response is effective as possible and maximises the recovery of controlled drugs. Local officers from the Community Policing Teams across Falkirk are regularly supported by colleagues from regional and national specialist policing divisions who bring a range of specialist skill sets and experience.

In addition to removing harmful drugs from the streets of Falkirk and from drug dealers, another key focus is disrupting drug dealers by targeting their financial assets. Local officers work very closely with our Financial Investigation Unit and in one instance alone they uncovered £40,000 in cash which was being laundered.



Drug Related Deaths

In recent years drug related deaths across Scotland have continued to rise which resulted in the Scottish Government establishing the Drugs Task Force in July 2019 in an effort to tackle drug related deaths.

Within Falkirk, there is a strong collaborative approach between Police and a range of partners, including the Falkirk Alcohol and Drug Partnership and Drug Recovery Services, in an effort to reduce the number of people dying from drug related deaths in Falkirk. On a daily basis, Police Officers engage with substance users for a variety of reasons and are very often the first responders to incidents involving vulnerability and harm associated with substance use. As a result, we have enhanced our collaborative approach in Falkirk with key partners to ensure that we are doing everything we can to support substance users.

At a practical level this includes drug recovery staff from partner agencies being in contact and engaged with local officers on almost a daily basis. Some of the staff have access to Falkirk Police Station to allow them to work alongside the local Community Policing Team. Officers regularly sign-post and refer substance users to support agencies, there is excellent information sharing in place and joint out-reach patrols are regularly carried out with local officers and drug recovery staff.

ROAD SAFETY

Local communities regularly tell us that Road Safety and speeding in particular is a cause of concern for them, we also know that speeding is a contributory factor in road traffic collisions. Local officers remain committed to ensuring the roads across Falkirk are safe. They achieve this through targeting a range of offences which we know cause the greatest harm on our roads, including speeding, driving whilst using a mobile phone and drink / drug driving. Our approach is one of engagement, education and enforcement in an effort to modify and change driver behaviour.

In direct response to concerns from the local community, a Week of Action was carried out in May 2020 by officers from across Falkirk. Officers were deployed to roads in all communities across the Council area during that campaign, resulting in 95 drivers being warned and 3 issued with fixed penalties for speeding.

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Positive feedback was received from the local community and it was an excellent opportunity for officers to engage with a large number of drivers and highlights the risks associated with speeding and other driving offences.

Following on from the Week of Action in May 2020, officers have engaged in Days of Action throughout June and July 2020 resulting in a further 209 drivers being warned and engaged with in relation to their speed.



ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR & DISORDER

We know that anti-social behaviour can take many forms and that it is a cause of concern for local residents and local businesses and that it can have a significant impact on local communities. We know that Police alone cannot resolve instances of anti-social behaviour and whilst the deployment of Police Officers to areas of concern can have a short term impact, we need to work with partners to achieve longer term solutions and adopt a preventative approach. Officers work very closely with partners in an effort to prevent anti-social behaviour in the first place and to resolve it when it does occur. This includes open space disorder and anti-social behaviour in private dwellings.

In particular, we have strong relations with the Local Authority with a Police Officer working full time and embedded in Falkirk Council's Conflict Resolution Service. There is also a dedicated full time Police Officer in Falkirk whose sole role it liaison and engagement the Local Authority, focussing on prevention.

We also have a strong connection and excellent collaboration with Education through the local School Based Officers who are deployed in secondary schools across Falkirk. Their role is to work with the schools and young people to help support them to achieve positive outcomes.

Falkirk Town Centre

Particular concerns were reported to Police in relation to anti-social behaviour and disorder within Falkirk Town Centre. A dedicated Policing Plan was put in place in an effort to address this which resulted in local officers and officers from national support functions being deployed on a regular basis in the Town Centre over a number of weeks. The intention was to deter anti-social behaviour, reassure the public that use the Town Centre and indeed disrupt those intent on causing disorder. We also worked really closely with a range partners to ensure a collaborative, sustainable response was achieved.

Zetland Park Regeneration Project

In response to concerns about increasing open space anti-social behaviour and disorder within Grangemouth officers from the community team developed a collaborative approach with the Zetland Park Regeneration Project which seeks to address anti-social behaviour by implementing diversionary activities for young people. Examples of the practical approaches being adopted include the expansion of the bike library for young people which local officers will support.



Agreement has also been secured to use the Tennis Court facilities within Zetland park on a Friday night in order to introduce 'football-tennis'. This activity will be supported through detached youth workers and the activity will be promoted through Grangemouth High School. This piece of work has also been developed alongside a Youth Committee that is being established to be involve young people in the decisions about what activities would assist them. The Grangemouth School Based Officer will

being integral to this and will assist with identifying and engagement with a core group of young people who will form the committee.

Community Projects Tryst

Following a period of antisocial behaviour in the Stenhousemuir area, prolonged and focused enquiry by the local Community Policing Team resulted in the identification of the offenders who were local youths. A local business affected by the antisocial behaviour awarded a yearly grant of £10,000 towards tackling anti-social behaviour in the local area. As a result, a local group has been established to use the funds to implement diversionary projects, the group includes representatives from Larbert High School, Local Councillors, Stenhousemuir FC, Asda, Falkirk Council and the local Community Policing Team. The commitment of the local officers in identifying those responsible was the starting point for this initiative.

COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

We know that it is important to local communities and indeed important to Police Scotland that local officers are accessible and visible. Local officers regularly engage in a range of community events across the Falkirk area to provide opportunities for local residents to engage with officers.

Coffee with a Cop



The poster for the 'Coffee with a Cop' event features a dark blue header with a white shield logo containing the text 'Coffee WITH A COP' and a coffee cup icon. To the right of the logo, it says 'BUILDING RELATIONSHIPS. ONE CUP AT A TIME.' and 'Join your neighbours and police officers for coffee and conversation.' Below the header is a white section with three icons: a calendar for 'Friday 21 February 2020', a location pin for 'Beancross And Newlands Community Hall Grangemouth', and a clock for '2pm to 3pm'. The mission statement reads: 'The mission of Coffee with a Cop is to break down the barriers between police officers and the citizens they serve by removing agendas and allowing opportunities to ask questions, voice concerns, and get to know the officers in your neighbourhood.' At the bottom, it states 'THIS EVENT IS PRESENTED BY THE: Grangemouth Community Policing Team' next to the Police Scotland logo and the motto 'POILEAS ALBA'. Contact information is provided: 'QUESTIONS? PLEASE CONTACT: GrangemouthCPT@scotland.pnn.police.uk'. The website 'coffeewithacop.com' is at the bottom.

The purpose of this initiative was to have local officers located in venues within the community where local residents can engage with officers in person and discuss any concerns they have, whilst at the same time enjoying a coffee!

Dates were identified in advance and publicised to local residents via social media so that as many people as possible were aware and could attend.

Venues included the Beancross Community Centre, Grangemouth and Bo'ness Community Café, Bo'ness. The officers engaged in this initiative provided a range of advice to local residents and were able to directly discuss concerns, deal with any issues or sign-post to other agencies.

The feedback from officers and the public who engaged in this was that it was very positive and worthwhile.

ENHANCING OUR COLLECTIVE RESILIENCE TO EMERGING THREATS

As well as working to prevent the issues causing our communities concern from occurring, it is important that we remain adaptive and responsive to new and emerging threats in order to protect our communities from the risks and harm that they pose. Whilst individuals may not consider themselves likely to be directly affected by these issues, our local and national strategic assessments tell us that these issues are affecting or likely to affect our communities in the forthcoming years.

COUNTY LINES

County lines is the term used by Police to describe the approach taken by gangs and criminal networks from urban areas, who travel to more rural locations to sell drugs. Gangs typically use children and vulnerable people to deliver drugs to customers and this often involves deception, intimidation, violence, debt bondage, and/or grooming.

'Cuckooing' is a term used to describe the actions of criminals who take over a person's home by intimidation or other means, including the use of violence, for the purpose of utilising the premises in the course of criminality. This methodology is normally, but not exclusively, used in conjunction with groups using the county lines model.

Police Scotland in collaboration with Crimestoppers launched the County Lines Campaign in 2019 to highlight the pain and suffering that criminals are inflicting on vulnerable people across Scotland. If local communities are aware of the signs to look out for, they then know to contact the Police and report their concerns.

In Falkirk, our School Based Police Officers engage and support young people on a daily basis. Through this engagement officers raise awareness of exploitation and drug misuse through regular inputs alerting them to the warning signals.

In December 2019, intelligence was received of potential county lines activity in Falkirk linked to a London based Serious and Organised Crime Group. Information was received that the offenders had taken up residence in a premises in Falkirk in what appeared to be 'cuckooing' scenario. Local officers swiftly reacted to this, identifying the criminals, recovering £3,000 of drugs and apprehending the offenders who were remanded in custody. This swift intervention protected a vulnerable person and demonstrated to group's intent on this activity that Falkirk will be a hostile environment for them. Since this intervention, no further reports or information has been received of this type of crime or activity operating in Falkirk, however we are not complacent and remain alert.



CYBER ENABLED CRIME

Cyber enabled crime is a growing area of concern across the world and Falkirk is no exception. Where once we could focus directly on the criminality in our community we are now faced with increasing risk of crimes online like fraud, exploitation of children (and other vulnerable groups) and serious and organised criminals who use the anonymity of the internet to their advantage. This growing trend is often perpetrated from other countries and the movement of offenders has proved challenging for law enforcement.

It is therefore critical that we adopt a prevention approach so that the communities across Falkirk are aware of latest scams and know how to remain safe online. A joint approach was recently adopted with Falkirk Council and our local Crime Prevention Officer whereby examples of online fraud which had effected local people were anonymised and then publicised. The purpose of this was to raise awareness of some of the common methods used by fraudsters and indeed some of the unusual tactics they adopt, thus ensuring people are better informed and know the warning signs to look out for. By using examples that affected people locally the hope was that this would focus people and demonstrate that it does occur in all communities across Scotland, including Falkirk.

PREPAREDNESS FOR MAJOR INCIDENTS

We remain committed to working with other emergency services and a range of partners to ensure that we are ready and prepared to respond to any major incident that unfortunately occurs. Local officers and local senior officers regularly take part in local and national collaborative training programmes.

Major Incident Control Committee (MICC) – Grangemouth

The Major Incident Control Committee (MICC) at Grangemouth has been supporting public safety at Grangemouth Industrial Complex since 1968. It is made up of technical experts from a range of local companies based in Grangemouth. Industry at Grangemouth has a fantastic safety record however training takes place regularly to ensure everyone is ready should an incident occur. Police Scotland, along with other emergency services and the Local Authority, regularly train with the local companies through the MICC structure. This includes practical, live time training on-site as well as table-top exercises.

To improve our resilience a familiarisation video was produced by our partners at the MICC which has been shared with all officers across Forth Valley to increase their awareness of the site at Grangemouth and to ensure they know what initial actions to take in the event of an incident.

Gas Outage – Falkirk – December 2019

On 1 December 2019, a major incident occurred in Falkirk when there was disruption to the gas supply affecting thousands of homes in Falkirk. This incident resulted in a range of partners, agencies and stakeholders coming together to support the collective effort and ensure the most vulnerable were protected. This incident demonstrated the excellent collaborative response that exists in Falkirk.

COVID19 POLICING RESPONSE

The Police Scotland response to the Covid-19 pandemic and the changing guidance for all during lockdown, and its subsequent easing, has meant that local officers have faced a rapidly changing picture in respect of guidance, legal powers and call demand.

Officers were directed to an agreed policing style which centred on the '4Es';

- **Engage:** ask whether an individual is aware of the government request; establish individual circumstances and how quickly someone can comply.
- **Explain:** the risks to public health, and to the NHS in line with government guidance.
- **Encourage:** voluntary compliance.
- **Enforce:** if faced with non-compliance and only as a last resort.

Areas of particular significance locally included personal protective equipment (PPE). We worked hard to ensure that officers and staff were provided with the appropriate PPE as quickly as possible. This extended to Police stations, with social distancing and enhanced cleaning regimes being implemented.

COVID19 saw the accelerated introduction of the Contact Assessment Model (CAM) in Falkirk and across Forth Valley Police Division. CAM relates to the process by which Police Scotland receives calls, assesses the risk and ensures the most appropriate response is provided. It means that certain calls are dealt with more effectively at the time of contact or by sign-posting to the most appropriate agency that is best placed to meet the needs of the caller. However, it also means that those calls to the Police with the greatest threat and risk receive a swift response through the immediate deployment of police resources.



A particular focus during the COVID19 crisis was the easing of restrictions to allow the re-opening of licensed premises. Within Falkirk, local officers worked very closely with Environmental Health Officers and Council Licensing Standard Officers to ensure a joint collaborative approach aimed to protecting public health and supporting the licensing trade. Joint visits were carried out in advance of premises opening and have continued in recent weeks in an effort to ensure compliance with the regulations and also to support licensed premises and provide advice to them. There are good information sharing processes in place between Police and Environmental Health locally and to date there has been a high level of compliance across the licensing trade in Falkirk.

PROTECTING PEOPLE MOST AT RISK FROM HARM

Our communities are becoming more diverse and with this the needs of our society are changing. These changes have led to local policing services, along with our wider public sector partners, facing increased demand as a consequence of vulnerability and inequality that exists within our communities. We, along with our partners, are committed to shifting our approach to focus on tackling the root causes rather than the consequences of inequality in order that we can provide better, more targeted support to those who are most in need and deliver lasting change in our communities.

As police, we regularly encounter a range of vulnerable persons for a variety of different reasons. This can include people who are experiencing a crisis; physical illness or mental health problems; those who have gone missing or individuals at risk of harm, neglect or abuse due to the action or inaction of others. We are committed to working in partnership to protect the most vulnerable and at-risk members of our community who have become, or are at risk of becoming, victims or perpetrators of crime; ensuring that they receive the support they need to lead full and independent lives. Every contact with a vulnerable person will come as an opportunity to improve the outcome for the individual.

DOMESTIC ABUSE

Tackling domestic abuse is a priority not only locally for Policing in Falkirk, but across Scotland. The scale of the problem of Domestic Abuse cannot be overstated; an officer will attend a report of Domestic Abuse in Scotland every 9 minutes, 365 days a year.

Local officers have received enhanced training in relation to the responding to domestic abuse incidents and treat all reports of domestic abuse as a priority. A critical aspect of our response is ensuring that when criminality is reported we swiftly trace and apprehend the offender to ensure the safety and protection of the victim. In Falkirk, there is a dedicated team of officers who have one focus; tracing outstanding offenders for criminality associated with domestic abuse. This demonstrates our commitment and priority to tackling domestic abuse and ensure that offenders are traced swiftly and put to court.

We recognise however that prevention is a key aspect in tackling domestic abuse.

The **Multi-Agency Risk Assessment Conference** (MARAC) is a **victim focussed** process and provides a partnership forum for sharing information and taking actions that will reduce future harm to very high risk victims of domestic abuse and their children. Partners represented at MARAC include Police Scotland, Criminal Justice Social Work, Children and Families social work, Health, Housing and Independent Domestic Abuse Advocates and other specialists from the statutory and voluntary sectors.

The **Multi Agency Tasking and Coordination** (MATAC) meetings seek to ensure **perpetrators** are dealt with robustly. The MATAC structure seeks to identify high tariff perpetrators who present the greatest risk of harm and instigate a range of actions and tactics to disrupt their offending and achieve positive outcomes for victims and their families.

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The **Disclosure Scheme for Domestic Abuse Scotland** (DSDAS) provides a framework to share information about a partner's abusive past, with a potential victim. It gives people at risk of abuse the information they need to make an informed decision on whether to continue the relationship. There are two main triggers for disclosure; the Right to Ask and the Power to Tell. The Right to Ask is open to anyone who has concerns about a new partner's abusive past or has concerns about another person's new partner. The Power to Tell allows police to disclose information when we receive information or intelligence about the safety of a person who might be at risk. Multi-agency awareness training on the scheme has been undertaken by our Domestic Abuse Unit in order to give partners who may come into contact with victims the confidence to make applications for Power to Ask.

April 2019 - March 2020

Total Applications - 111

Power to Tell - 78

Right to Ask - 33

April 2020 - August 2020

Total Applications - 85

Power to Tell - 68

Right to Ask - 17

DOOR STEP CRIME AND BOGUS CALLERS

From bogus callers to rogue traders, doorstep criminals are cunning, creative, and often very convincing. Whilst anyone can be a victim of this type of crime, offenders tend to target the over 60s.

One of the most common issues which we experience locally is perpetrators offering to complete work for money up front. Once the money is received, no work is completed or any work which has started usually stops. Often travelling across divisions the perpetrators target elderly and vulnerable people. On a local level we have recidivists who move around Forth Valley.

We adopt both a preventative and enforcement approach to this type of crime in Falkirk. We regularly raise awareness, particularly amongst the elderly who are likely to be targeted, by a variety of means. Our Crime Prevention Officer carries out a great deal of community engagement work with vulnerable and elderly groups to raise their awareness of this type of crime.

In particular, we maintain contact with partner agencies to keep them up to date with current trends and emerging threats so that they are better informed and can help to protect their service users. Where relevant, our Crime Prevention Officer will make direct contact with victims and offer bogus caller equipment which provides additional support to the person should they be targeted again. Police call systems are updated to alert our control room if calls are received from addresses of previous victims.

The current partnership between Police within Forth Valley, including Falkirk, and Neighbourhood Watch is excellent. Crimes of fraud are identified by Police on a daily basis and if relevant and appropriate, an alert will be raised, highlighting the fraud and giving advice to prevent further instances of this crime type. The alerts go Forth Valley wide, with all three local authorities, including Falkirk, and approximately 11 home care providers receiving the alerts. The alerts are disseminated amongst approximately 1000 home care providers' staff who in turn advise approximately 6,500 service users within the Forth Valley Division.

We pro-actively target offenders who we know carry out this type of crime. In December 2019, officers acting on intelligence received enforced a search warrant at the home address of a known offender in the Falkirk area. He was traced within and subsequently charged for a range of bogus caller type offences resulting in him being remanded in custody.

PROMOTING CONFIDENCE THROUGH OUR ACTIONS

Our ability to fulfil the commitments outlined in this plan relies on the continued support and cooperation of our communities. In order to maintain this support it is important that we continue to reaffirm public trust and confidence through each and every one of our interactions with our communities. We understand that **how we deliver our service** is just as important as the services we provide.

To ensure we deliver an excellent policing service we will continue to review our approach to ensure that we are making the best use of the resources available to us to target the areas of greatest need identified within our partnership locality plans and responding quickly and appropriately when you need us.

Local officers have responded to a number of challenging incidents in the past 12 months but have done so effectively, with support from regional and national resources, protecting local communities.

DNP CONCERN

DNP is an industrial chemical that has become popular amongst some people wanting to lose weight rapidly, including bodybuilders and people with eating disorders. DNP is poisonous to humans and can lead to severe health problems including. Sales of DNP have been increasing in the UK in recent years, and a number of people have become seriously ill since the start of 2015, with DNP contributing to a significant number of deaths and instances of serious harm to health in the UK.

On 02/07/2020, officers from Falkirk Community Policing Team responded to intelligence that had been received indicating a male in Falkirk was involved in the sale and distribution of DNP. Two addresses were searched under warrant and whilst this was a locally led operation, officers were supported from national specialist units including our National Disruptions Unit and Financial Investigation Unit from the Scottish Crime Campus. We were also supported by the Food Standards Agency. Over 200 items of evidence were recovered and a male was reported to the Procurator Fiscal. Our operation subsequently had interested from law enforcement agencies in America.

FENTANYL CONCERN

Between the months of March and April 2020, intelligence was received that persons were concerned in the supply of fentanyl in Falkirk. Fentanyl is an opioid that is similar to heroin but is 50 – 100 more potent is associated with a high rate of fatalities. On 29 April 2020, a multi-agency operation took place involving local officers and specialist CBRN and Public Order officers which resulted in a search warrant being enforced at a local address. Controlled drugs were recovered and whilst no fentanyl was recovered, this demonstrates the capability of our resources to react swiftly to keep communities across Falkirk safe.



OPERATION ALAMO - FIREWORKS

Operation Alamo is a multi-agency operation which focuses on addressing the increased disorder within local communities and increased demand placed on the emergency services which can occur in the lead up to and including 5 November.

A range of activities are undertaken by a variety of partners in the weeks leading up to 5 November. This includes, joint visits by Trading Standards and Police Scotland to all relevant licensed businesses throughout the Falkirk Council area to ensure responsible sale of fireworks and compliance with the regulations. An awareness raising campaign is instigated to ensure the public are aware of the dangers and to encourage safe and responsible use of fireworks and bonfires.

Police Scotland School Based Officers, supported by the Fire Service, undertake prevention inputs to young people. Patrols are increased by Police and Falkirk Council Community Safety Teams to repeat locations where unauthorised bonfires have previously been arranged and an efficient process is implemented with Falkirk Council Waste Management allowing first responders, such as the Police, to arrange for the swift removal of unauthorised bonfires which are identified prior to 5 November.



The operation took place in 2019 and was so successful that locally there was not a significant increase in demand for policing services. Plans are underway for 2020.

OPERATION CHRISTMAS

The annual Operation Christmas ran from 02/12/2019 – 26/12/2019 in Falkirk Town Centre. Howgate Management provided a retail unit for partners to base themselves from providing a focal point for the local community to engage, raise concerns and seek assistance. This included partners from SafeBase, Falkirk District Community Safety Panel, Change, Grow, Live, Signpost, Scottish Fire and Rescue Service and the NHS.



In addition to this, increased Police patrols were instigated in the Town Centre in an effort to reassure the public and deter criminality by the deployment of high visibility police resources. We were supported by officers from national units who deployed in Falkirk, including officers from our Operational Support Division and the Mounted Branch. Overall we saw a reduction in reported shopliftings and thefts in Falkirk Town Centre compared with the previous year.

A notable result was the execution of a warrant by Police along with Trading Standards which resulted in the recovery of hundreds of counterfeit items with a potential real-value of between £30k and £50k. A man and woman were arrested who had been operating a base just outside the town centre.

Public Satisfaction Survey January 2020 - July 2020

In January 2020, a redesigned and refreshed approach to understanding public experience with Police Scotland services was launched. Monthly telephone surveys, previously known as ‘user satisfaction surveys’, are now conducted by an external agency, Progressive Partnership Ltd. Monthly, a random sample of people who have contacted Police Scotland to report an incident and crime are contacted to share their opinion about the service they have received.

In May 2020 the telephone survey was been replaced with an online survey. Our partners, Progressive LTD, have shut their offices in line with current Government advice and thus unable to conduct telephone fieldwork. Instead, an online survey is distributed to the sample of potential participants via SMS.

| | | C Division | Force total |
|--|--------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Q1: You contacted the police using [CONTACT METHOD FROM SAMPLE]. How easy was it to contact them? (% Easy and Very Easy) | Jan-20 | 90% | 88% |
| | Feb-20 | 91% | 90% |
| | Mar-20 | 90% | 92% |
| | Apr-20 | 83% | 79% |
| | May-20 | 89% | 83% |
| | Jun-20 | 80% | 80% |
| | Jul-20 | 80% | 80% |
| | YTD | 86% | 85% |

| | | C Division | Force total |
|---|--------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Q2: During the initial contact, how satisfied are you with the way you were treated by a staff member on the [CONTACT METHOD FROM SAMPLE]? (% Satisfied & Very satisfied) | Jan-20 | 96% | 95% |
| | Feb-20 | 97% | 95% |
| | Mar-20 | 93% | 95% |
| | Apr-20 | 82% | 86% |
| | May-20 | 83% | 87% |
| | Jun-20 | 88% | 87% |
| | Jul-20 | 84% | 87% |
| | YTD | 89% | 90% |

| | | C Division | Force total |
|---|--------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Q3: Did you feel staff properly understood what you needed? (% Yes) | Jan-20 | 84% | 93% |
| | Feb-20 | 92% | 93% |
| | Mar-20 | 95% | 95% |
| | Apr-20 | 85% | 86% |
| | May-20 | 88% | 89% |
| | Jun-20 | 87% | 89% |
| | Jul-20 | 93% | 88% |
| | YTD | 89% | 90% |

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| Q4: Do you feel that the police provided the appropriate response to the incident you reported? (% yes) | | C Division | Force total |
|---|--------|------------|-------------|
| | Jan-20 | 80% | 79% |
| | Feb-20 | 83% | 77% |
| | Mar-20 | 84% | 78% |
| | Apr-20 | 67% | 69% |
| | May-20 | 63% | 64% |
| | Jun-20 | 68% | 66% |
| | Jul-20 | 68% | 66% |
| | YTD | 73% | 71% |

| Q5: Do you feel you were adequately informed about the progress made with what you reported? (% Yes) | | C Division | Force total |
|--|--------|------------|-------------|
| | Jan-20 | 67% | 62% |
| | Feb-20 | 63% | 63% |
| | Mar-20 | 61% | 64% |
| | Apr-20 | 53% | 56% |
| | May-20 | 51% | 51% |
| | Jun-20 | 56% | 53% |
| | Jul-20 | 56% | 53% |
| | YTD | 58% | 57% |

| Q6: How satisfied are you with the way you were treated by the officers who attended the incident? (% Satisfied & Very Satisfied) | | C Division | Force total |
|---|--------|------------|-------------|
| | Jan-20 | 90% | 89% |
| | Feb-20 | 97% | 93% |
| | Mar-20 | 100% | 95% |
| | Apr-20 | 83% | 81% |
| | May-20 | 83% | 79% |
| | Jun-20 | 78% | 79% |
| | Jul-20 | 78% | 79% |
| | YTD | 87% | 85% |

| Q7: Based on your overall experience, how satisfied are you with Police Scotland? (% Satisfied & Very Satisfied) | | C Division | Force total |
|--|--------|------------|-------------|
| | Jan-20 | 78% | 84% |
| | Feb-20 | 91% | 84% |
| | Mar-20 | 89% | 84% |
| | Apr-20 | 69% | 73% |
| | May-20 | 79% | 70% |
| | Jun-20 | 71% | 70% |
| | Jul-20 | 71% | 70% |
| | YTD | 78% | 76% |

OFFICIAL**LOCAL AUTHORITY SCRUTINY BOARD - Falkirk
March 2020**

| Violence, Disorder & Antisocial Behaviour | | | | | |
|--|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|-------------|
| | | Apr 2019 - Mar 2020 | Apr 2018 - Mar 2019 | Victims | % Change |
| 1 | Total No Group1: Crimes of Violence | 262 | 210 | 52 more | 24.8% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 2 | Murder | 3 | 1 | 2 more | 200.0% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 3 | Attempted Murder | 7 | 13 | 6 fewer | -46.2% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 4 | Culpable Homicide (common law) | 0 | 0 | None | - |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 5 | Culpable Homicide (other) | 1 | 1 | same number | 0.0% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 6 | Serious Assault detection rate | 88.2% | 80.4% | | 7.8% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 7 | Serious Assault | 93 | 107 | 14 fewer | -13.1% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 8 | Robbery detection rate | 74.6% | 83.3% | | -8.7% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 9 | Robbery | 55 | 36 | 19 more | 52.8% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 10 | Common assault detection rate | 74.3% | 74.0% | | 0.3% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 11 | Common assault | 1,894 | 2,114 | 220 fewer | -10.4% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 12 | Number of complaints regarding disorder | 7,705 | 7,704 | 1 more | 0.0% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 13 | Number of Domestic Abuse Incidents Reported to the Police | 2,084 | 1,971 | | 5.7% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 14 | Total Crimes and offences in domestic abuse incidents | 1,473 | 1,382 | | 6.6% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 15 | Percentage of Domestic Incidents that result in a crime being recorded | 44.4% | 47.8% | | -3.4% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 16 | Total crimes and offences in domestic abuse incidents detection rate | 70.1% | 72.0% | | -1.9% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 17 | Total Detections for Domestic Bail Offences | 96 | 125 | | -23.2% |
| (Context) | | | | | |

**LOCAL AUTHORITY SCRUTINY BOARD - Falkirk
March 2020**

| Violence, Disorder & Antisocial Behaviour (continued) | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------|----------|
| | | Apr 2019 - Mar 2020 | Apr 2018 - Mar 2019 | Victims | % Change |
| 18 | Ensure 95% of domestic abuse initial bail checks are conducted within a prescribed timeframe (24hrs) | 86.3% | - | | - |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 19 | Hate Crime and offences detection rate | 81.8% | 78.8% | | 3.0% |
| (Context) | | | | | |

| Violence, Disorder & Antisocial Behaviour - Stop and Searches | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------|------------------------------|---------|----------|
| | | Apr 2019 - Mar 2020 | Apr 2019 - Mar 2020 Positive | Victims | % Change |
| 20 | Number of stop and searches conducted (total) | 1,015 | 357 | | |
| 21 | Number of statutory stop and searches conducted | 1,015 | 357 | | |
| 22 | Number of consensual stop and searches conducted | 0 | 0 | | |
| 23 | Number of consensual stop and searches refused | 0 | - | | |
| 24 | Number of seizures made | 6 | - | | |
| On the 11th May 2017 Police Scotland adopted a new code of practice on the use of stop and search. At this time the use of non-statutory (Consensual) search ceased. | | | | | |
| (Context) | | | | | |

| Public Confidence | | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| | | Apr 2019 - Mar 2020 | | | |
| | | Number of Complaints about the Police | | Number of Complaints per 10,000 Police Incidents | |
| 43 | Complaints received about the Police | 196 | | 37.8 | |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| | | On Duty Allegations | Off Duty Allegations | Quality of Service Allegations | Total Number of Allegations |
| 44 | Total Allegations Recorded | 208 | 0 | 82 | 290 |
| (Context) | | | | | |

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LOCAL AUTHORITY SCRUTINY BOARD - Falkirk
March 2020

| Additional Identified Local Priorities | | | | | |
|---|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|-------------|
| | | Apr 2019 - Mar 2020 | Apr 2018 - Mar 2019 | Victims | % Change |
| 25 | Number of detections for drugs supply, drugs productions, drugs cultivation | 126 | 139 | | -9.4% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 26 | Theft by housebreaking (including attempts) detection rate | 31.3% | 29.4% | | 1.9% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 27 | Theft by housebreaking (including attempts) | 403 | 316 | 87 more | 27.5% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 28 | Theft by shoplifting detection rate | 72.4% | 77.2% | | -4.8% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 29 | Theft by shoplifting | 833 | 843 | 10 fewer | -1.2% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 30 | Vandalism & Malicious Mischief detection rate | 34.5% | 29.1% | | 5.4% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 31 | Vandalism & Malicious Mischief | 1,276 | 1,346 | 70 fewer | -5.2% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 32 | Number of detections for Consuming Alcohol in a designated place (where appropriate byelaws exist) | 40 | 73 | | -45.2% |
| (Context) | | | | | |

| Public Protection | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|-------------|
| | | Apr 2019 - Mar 2020 | Apr 2018 - Mar 2019 | Victims | % Change |
| 33 | Number of Sexual Crimes | 427 | 438 | 11 fewer | -2.5% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 34 | Sexual Crimes detection rate | 52.0% | 59.1% | | -7.1% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 35 | Rape detection rate | 45.6% | 60.9% | | -15.3% |
| (Context) | | | | | |

LOCAL AUTHORITY SCRUTINY BOARD - Falkirk
March 2020

| Road Traffic Casualty Statistics | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|-------------|
| | | Apr 2019 - Mar 2020 | Apr 2018 - Mar 2019 | Victims | % Change |
| People Killed | | 2 | 6 | 4 fewer | -66.7% |
| People Seriously injured | | 30 | 35 | 5 fewer | -14.3% |
| People Slightly Injured | | 107 | 174 | 67 fewer | -38.5% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| Children (aged<16) Killed | | 0 | 0 | None | - |
| Children (aged<16) Seriously Injured | | 5 | 6 | 1 fewer | -16.7% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| Road Safety & Road Crime | | | | | |
| | | Apr 2019 - Mar 2020 | Apr 2018 - Mar 2019 | Victims | % Change |
| 36 | Dangerous driving | 59 | 53 | | 11.3% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 37 | Speeding | 709 | 641 | | 10.6% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 38 | Disqualified driving | 40 | 32 | | 25.0% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 39 | Driving Licence | 127 | 130 | | -2.3% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 40 | Insurance | 295 | 331 | | -10.9% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 41 | Seat Belts | 38 | 54 | | -29.6% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 42 | Mobile Phone | 39 | 38 | | 2.6% |
| (Context) | | | | | |

LOCAL AUTHORITY SCRUTINY BOARD - Falkirk
June 2020

| Violence, Disorder & Antisocial Behaviour | | | | | |
|--|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|-------------|
| | | Apr 2020 - Jun 2020 | Apr 2019 - Jun 2019 | Victims | % Change |
| 1 | Total No Group1: Crimes of Violence | 64 | 78 | 14 fewer | -17.9% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 2 | Murder | 2 | 2 | same number | 0.0% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 3 | Attempted Murder | 2 | 5 | 3 fewer | -60.0% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 4 | Culpable Homicide (common law) | 0 | 0 | None | - |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 5 | Culpable Homicide (other) | 0 | 0 | None | - |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 6 | Serious Assault detection rate | 100.0% | 76.0% | | 24.0% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 7 | Serious Assault | 22 | 25 | 3 fewer | -12.0% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 8 | Robbery detection rate | 71.4% | 61.5% | | 9.9% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 9 | Robbery | 7 | 13 | 6 fewer | -46.2% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 10 | Common assault detection rate | 75.3% | 69.8% | | 5.5% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 11 | Common assault | 425 | 496 | 71 fewer | -14.3% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 12 | Number of complaints regarding disorder | 3,499 | 2,116 | 1383 more | 65.4% |

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| Violence, Disorder & Antisocial Behaviour (continued) | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| | | Apr 2020 - Jun 2020 | Apr 2019 - Jun 2019 | Victims | % Change |
| 13 | Number of Domestic Abuse Incidents Reported to the Police | 572 | 494 | | 15.8% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 14 | Total Crimes and offences in domestic abuse incidents | 362 | 347 | | 4.3% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 15 | Percentage of Domestic Incidents that result in a crime being recorded | 44.6% | 43.3% | | 1.3% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 16 | Total crimes and offences in domestic abuse incidents detection rate | 71.0% | 61.1% | | 9.9% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 17 | Total Detections for Domestic Bail Offences | 37 | 21 | | 76.2% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 18 | Ensure 95% of domestic abuse initial bail checks are conducted within a prescribed timeframe (24hrs) | 88.6% | - | | - |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 19 | Hate Crime and offences detection rate | 80.8% | 80.0% | | 0.8% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| Violence, Disorder & Antisocial Behaviour - Stop and Searches | | | | | |
| | | Apr 2020 - Jun 2020 | Apr 2020 - Jun 2020 Positive | Victims | % Change |
| 20 | Number of stop and searches conducted (total) | 322 | 153 | | |
| 21 | Number of statutory stop and searches conducted | 322 | 153 | | |
| 22 | Number of consensual stop and searches conducted | 0 | 0 | | |
| 23 | Number of consensual stop and searches refused | 0 | - | | |
| 24 | Number of seizures made | 0 | - | | |
| On the 11th May 2017 Police Scotland adopted a new code of practice on the use of stop and search. At this time the use of non-statutory (Consensual) search ceased. | | | | | |
| Public Confidence | | | | | |
| | | Apr 2020 - Jun 2020 | | | |
| | | Number of Complaints about the Police | | Number of Complaints per 10,000 Police Incidents | |
| 43 | Complaints received about the Police | 51 | | 37.2 | |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| | | On Duty Allegations | Off Duty Allegations | Quality of Service Allegations | Total Number of Allegations |
| 44 | Total Allegations Recorded | 20 | 49 | 0 | 69 |
| (Context) | | | | | |

| Additional Identified Local Priorities | | | | | |
|---|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|-------------|
| | | Apr 2020 - Jun 2020 | Apr 2019 - Jun 2019 | Victims | % Change |
| 25 | Number of detections for drugs supply, drugs productions, drugs cultivation | 33 | 35 | | -5.7% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 26 | Theft by housebreaking (including attempts) detection rate | 40.8% | 31.7% | | 9.1% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 27 | Theft by housebreaking (including attempts) | 71 | 142 | 71 fewer | -50.0% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 28 | Theft by shoplifting detection rate | 98.3% | 72.8% | | 25.5% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 29 | Theft by shoplifting | 115 | 206 | 91 fewer | -44.2% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 30 | Vandalism & Malicious Mischief detection rate | 36.5% | 34.8% | | 1.7% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 31 | Vandalism & Malicious Mischief | 244 | 339 | 95 fewer | -28.0% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 32 | Number of detections for Consuming Alcohol in a designated place (where appropriate byelaws exist) | 51 | 4 | | 1175.0% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Public Protection | | | | | |
| | | Apr 2020 - Jun 2020 | Apr 2019 - Jun 2019 | Victims | % Change |
| 33 | Number of Sexual Crimes | 70 | 98 | 28 fewer | -28.6% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 34 | Sexual Crimes detection rate | 87.1% | 40.8% | | 46.3% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 35 | Rape detection rate | 50.0% | 50.0% | | 0.0% |
| (Context) | | | | | |

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| Road Traffic Casualty Statistics | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------|----------|
| | Apr 2020 - Jun 2020 | Apr 2019 - Jun 2019 | Victims | % Change |
| People Killed | 0 | 0 | None | - |
| People Seriously injured | 1 | 2 | 1 fewer | -50.0% |
| People Slightly Injured | 3 | 35 | 32 fewer | -91.4% |
| (Context) | | | | |
| Children (aged<16) Killed | 0 | 0 | None | - |
| Children (aged<16) Seriously Injured | 0 | 0 | None | - |
| (Context) | | | | |

| Road Safety & Road Crime | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------|----------|
| | | Apr 2020 - Jun 2020 | Apr 2019 - Jun 2019 | Victims | % Change |
| 36 | Dangerous driving | 14 | 12 | | 16.7% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 37 | Speeding | 214 | 181 | | 18.2% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 38 | Disqualified driving | 2 | 9 | | -77.8% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 39 | Driving Licence | 45 | 28 | | 60.7% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 40 | Insurance | 103 | 65 | | 58.5% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 41 | Seat Belts | 13 | 7 | | 85.7% |
| (Context) | | | | | |
| 42 | Mobile Phone | 10 | 10 | | 0.0% |
| (Context) | | | | | |