#### **FALKIRK COUNCIL**

Subject: RESTORATION AND REFURBISHMENT OF LATHALLAN

HOUSE TO FORM 9 FLATTED DWELLINGS, DEMOLITION OF LAUNDRY OUTBUILDING, RESTORATION & REFURBISHMENT OF STABLES TO FORM 3 DWELLINGHOUSES, ERECTION OF 36 DWELLINGHOUSES AND ASSOCIATED WORKS AT LATHALLAN HOUSE, FALKIRK FK2 0YG FOR ROWANHILL DEVELOPMENT LTD -

P/09/0370/FUL

Subject: RESTORATION AND REFURBISHMENT OF LATHALLAN

HOUSE TO FORM 9 FLATTED DWELLINGS, DEMOLITION **OF LAUNDRY OUTBUILDING**, RESTORATION REFURBISHMENT **OF STABLES** TO **FORM** 3 DWELLINGHOUSES, ERECTION OF 36 DWELLINGHOUSES ASSOCIATED WORKS ATLATHALLAN FALKIRK, FK2 0YG, FOR ROWANHILL DEVELOPMENT LTD

-P/09/0369/LBC

Meeting: PLANNING COMMITTEE

Date: 18 May 2011

Author: DIRECTOR OF DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

Local Members: Ward - Upper Braes

Councillor Gordon Hughes Councillor Stephen Fry Councillor John McLuckie

Community Council: Polmont

Case Officer Ian Dryden (Development Manager), Ext 4756

#### UPDATE REPORT FOLLOWING COMMITTEE SITE VISIT

- 1. Members will recall that the two applications above were considered at the meeting of the Planning Committee on 20 April 2011 (copy of previous reports attached as Appendix 2) when it was agreed to continue consideration to allow a site visit to be carried out by Members. This visit took place on Monday 9 May 2011.
- 2. The officer summarised the report, noted a recent email of support to the full application (see list of background papers), and advised of two proposed changes to the recommendation for the full application, so that, in paragraph 8.2 (a) of the report to the Committee on 20 April 2011, the subsections (3) and (5) would be amended to refer to the provision of a *private* footpath/cycle link to the A801 underpass to the west of the site, and to the phasing of the

development to ensure the satisfactory *stabilisation* (rather than *restoration*) of Lathallan House and stables prior to the commencement of work on any new build dwellinghouse.

- 3. The treatment of the footpath connection as private (a locked gate) had been part of the applicant's original submission and was intended to connect to possible future paths beyond the A801 (rather than to the A801 itself), while deterring anti-social behaviour on the site, particularly in view of the previous setting fire to the house. Following the discussion of this issue at the site visit, the applicant has offered to keep the gate open to the public (once there is a path beyond the underpass) but to close it before dark. The revised recommendations below have been amended to reflect this.
- The proposed change to stabilisation, rather than restoration, of the house at an early date was to reflect the likely phasing of development and the flow of funds to permit work on the house. Several Members spoke to this point at the meeting and, following these discussions, the applicant has proposed that, while some limited stabilisation of the house would take place in the near future, the main stabilisation would take place after the sale of the fourth house, with commencement of restoration after the sale of the tenth house. The revised recommendation, below, reflects this proposal but would be described in more detail in the proposed section 75 obligation.
- Following the officer's report, the applicant's agents then spoke to the proposals. Among other matters they covered the main existing buildings and proposed enabling development, the methods which have satisfied Scottish Natural Heritage (SNH) that the protected species (especially Great Crested Newts) can be accommodated; and, in view of Historic Scotland's (HS) remaining objection (to the proposed treatment of the Orchard Wall), the applicant's opinion, following historical research, that the Wall had never been for a walled garden but for an orchard. The distance between the Orchard Wall and the main House was indicated, together with the "blind spot" or lack of views from the main house towards the south east.
- 6. Following recent discussions with HS, the applicant hoped that the objection might be removed shortly. However, upon checking with HS, it was later confirmed that HS would not consider altering their present views unless the Council took a decision that it was minded to grant the application. Officers would then automatically reconsult HS and it would be at that point that HS would advise of any change to its position.
- 7. Members were heard in relation to the following matters: phasing of development; the possible use of a bond to guarantee the restoration can be completed; path access; the independent professional assessment of the applicant's economic analysis of viability; the objection from Historic Scotland regarding the Orchard Wall and its condition; the reasons for listing the buildings in 2003 (and not earlier); the proposed estate manager's house (the reasons and justification for such a person, answered by the applicant); the continuity of the company and its trading status; and a request for the proposed elevations (especially for the Orchard Wall) to be provided with the next agenda (a selection are attached as Appendix 1 to this report).
- 8. An objector was then heard in relation to the following matters: SNH and the protection of newts, the circumstances surrounding, and the reasons for, the listing of the buildings; and the number of planning policies (about 20) apparently breached by the proposal (this related to the original press notice placed by the Council in 2009).
- 9. The following are the responses, given at the time or obtained subsequently, to the matters raised by Members and the objector, other than those already covered above.

- 10. It was confirmed that an independent assessment of economic viability had been carried out for the Council by Ryden, who considered that the minimum number of houses required for viability was being proposed. It was noted that the officer's report highlights the risk associated with the proposal, but that the proposal is currently the best option to save the buildings. The applicant is not prepared to take out a bond in the current economic climate. The applicant's agent stated that the trading company had been dissolved but not the main company.
- 11. Various measures for the protection of newts were mentioned by the applicant and these included the maintenance of the high level pond at the south side of the site; maintenance of the water level at the lochan; and unobstructed routes for the newts across the site.
- 12. The advertising of a list of possible Development Plan policies which might be breached by a planning application was a requirement of legislation when the application was lodged in 2009. This has now been removed. The advert had to be placed in a newspaper at a very early stage of the process and preceded both the full assessment of the application and any further or altered information arising from further discussions with the applicant and consultees. Officers therefore had to err on the side of caution and would put in all possible policies. Where houses (albeit possibly justified enabling development) were being proposed in the countryside (also covered by green belt status) there were several policies in both the Structure Plan and Local Plan which might be breached. It was therefore quite easy to accumulate such a list of policies.
- 13. Following the assessment that enabling development was appropriate, and related to an Opportunity (in the more recently adopted Falkirk Council Local Plan) to reuse a particular building, it was considered that the proposal did not, on balance, offend the Development Plan policies except for the issues raised by Historic Scotland.
- 14. Listing. The building, by the architect Thomas Hamilton, was erected in 1826. It was entered on the Scottish Civic Trust's "Buildings at Risk Register" in September 1994 with the note "should be listed". The reason it was not listed in 1994 appears to be difficulty in establishing an owner for official contact. When this information came to light in the late 1990s/early 2000s, the matter was progressed with Historic Scotland. Councillor Nicol stated that he had been engaged with this work. Lathallan House was listed in October 2003 together with the attached Ivy Cottage, Walled Garden and "Power House".
- 15. The buildings are referenced Muiravonside Parish nos. 21-24 which includes an extensive description. For Lathallan House itself, four paragraphs are devoted to each of the elevations and one to the interior. This confirms the "particular architectural merit …of the actual building".
- 16. The recommendations that the Committee be minded to grant both planning permission and listed building consent are restated as follows, with the recommendation regarding planning permission having been amended.

#### 17. RECOMMENDATION FOR P/09/0370/FUL (revised)

- 17.1 It is therefore recommended that Committee indicates that it is minded to grant planning permission subject to resolution of outstanding roads and drainage issues to the satisfaction of the Director of Development Services and, thereafter, referral to Scottish Ministers in view of the objection of Historic Scotland.
- 17.2 On conclusion of referral of the application to Scottish Ministers, referred to in section

17.1 above, Members remit to the Director of Development Services to grant planning permission subject to:

- (a) The satisfactory completion of an obligation under the terms of Section 75 of the Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997 relating to:
- (1) Financial contribution of £,121,700 towards educational contributions;
- (2) The provision of necessary off site road works identified in the approved stage 1 Road Safety Audit, and to close off the existing access to A803, following the opening of the new access;
- (3) The provision of a private footpath/cycle link to the A801 underpass to the west of the site, with the gate to be kept open during daylight hours once there is a path on the west side of A801, to which it can connect;
- (4) A restriction of new build dwellinghouses to a maximum of 36;
- (5) The phasing of the development to ensure the satisfactory initial stabilisation of Lathallan House and stables at an early date; the complete stabilisation to proceed following the sale of the fourth house; and work on the restoration of the House to commence following the sale of the tenth house. The phasing of new build dwellinghouses thereafter shall be agreed;
- (b) and thereafter, on conclusion of the Section 75 obligation, to remit to the Director of Development Services to grant planning permission subject to appropriate planning conditions including those relating to roads, drainage, archaeological investigations, wildlife protection, ground contamination, external materials and samples as required, construction methodology, phasing of development, landscaping and boundary treatments.
- 18. RECOMMENDATION FOR P/09/0369/LBC (unchanged)
- 18.1 It is therefore recommended that Committee indicates that it is minded to grant Listed Building Consent subject to referral to Scottish Ministers.
- 18.2 On conclusion of the referral of the application to Scottish Ministers, referred to in section 18.1 above, Members remit to the Director of Development Services to grant Listed Building Consent subject to conditions relating to:

the investigation of potential archaeological remains and their subsequent recording: the specification of construction materials and samples as required; construction methodology statements; and phasing and timing of proposed works.

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### pp Director of Development Services

Date: 12 May 2011

### LIST OF BACKGROUND PAPERS FOR P/09/0370/FUL

- 1. Falkirk Council Structure Plan.
- 2. Falkirk Council Local Plan.
- 3. Falkirk Council Supplementary Planning Guidance.
- 4. Falkirk Council Economic Downturn: Action Plan
- 5. Scottish Planning Policy (SPP).
- 6. Historic Scotland's Historic Environment Policy (SHEP).
- 7. Letter of Objection received from Miss Ashley Thompson Beechmount, Kingscavil, Linlithgow EH49 6NA on 23 September 2009.
- 8. Letter of Objection received from Sandy Simpson, 44 Erskine Hill, Polmont, Falkirk FK2 0UQ on 4 August 2009.
- 9. Email of support received from Chris Carswell, 15 Sunnyside Drive, Brightons, Falkirk, FK2 0GG on 14 April 2011.

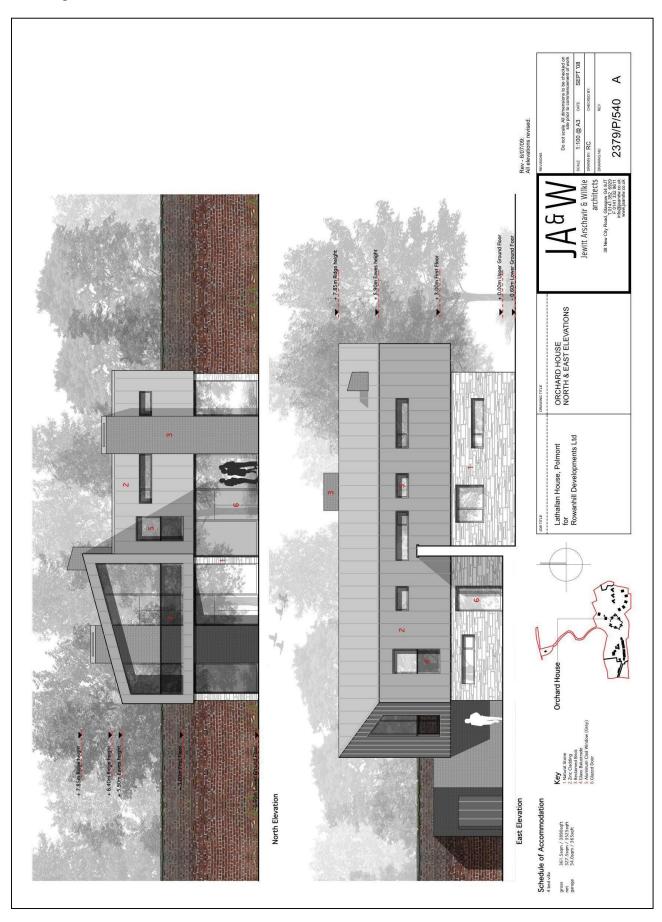
#### LIST OF BACKGROUND PAPERS FOR P/09/0369/LBC

- 1. Falkirk Council Structure Plan.
- 2. Falkirk Council Local Plan.
- 3. Scottish Planning Policy (SPP).
- 4. Historic Scotland's Historic Environment Policy (SHEP).

Any person wishing to inspect the background papers listed above should telephone Falkirk 01324 504951 and ask for John Angell.

**APPENDIX 1** 

Proposed elevations



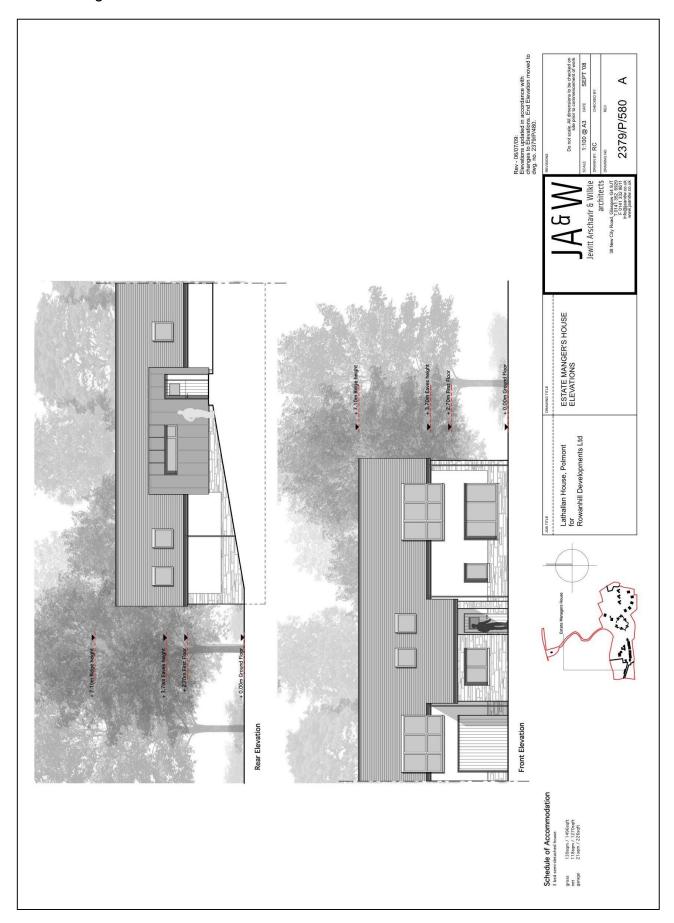
# Lochan Housing



# Lochan Housing



# Estate Manager's House

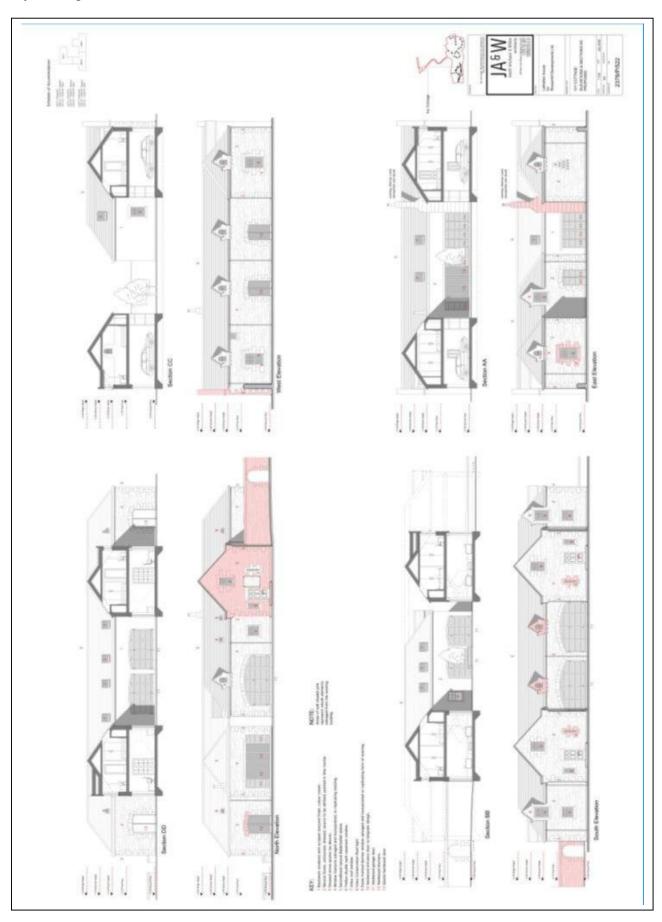


# Town House



towanhill Developments Limited JA

# Ivy Cottage



#### **APPENDIX 2**

#### **FALKIRK COUNCIL**

Subject: RESTORATION AND REFURBISHMENT OF LATHALLAN

HOUSE TO FORM 9 FLATTED DWELLINGS, DEMOLITION LAUNDRY OUTBUILDING, RESTORATION OF REFURBISHMENT **STABLES OF** TO **FORM** 3 DWELLINGHOUSES, ERECTION OF 36 DWELLINGHOUSES ASSOCIATED WORKS  $\mathbf{AT}$ LATHALLAN FALKIRK FK2 0YG FOR ROWANHILL DEVELOPMENT LTD -

P/09/0370/FUL

Meeting: PLANNING COMMITTEE

Date: 20 April 2011

Author: DIRECTOR OF DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

Local Members: Ward - Upper Braes

Councillor Gordon Hughes Councillor Stephen Fry Councillor John McLuckie

Community Council: Polmont

### 1. DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSAL / SITE LOCATION

- 1.1 This major application seeks detailed planning permission for the erection of 36 new dwellinghouses within the policies of Lathallan House and the restoration of the house and associated stables to create 12 residential units (total 48 new residential units). Lathallan House, the former stables and the remains of a walled garden, are all 'B' Listed. The House and stables lie derelict whilst the walled garden is in need of significant repair.
- 1.2 A new vehicle access to the site is proposed from the A803.
- 1.3 The proposal is to restore Lathallan House and associated stables and this is the subject of an application for Listed Building Consent (P/09/0369/LBC). The remaining elements of the proposed development pertain to new build housing. This is proposed to the immediate south of Lathallan House, in the form of terraced "mews houses", to the east, in the form of detached dwellinghouses in and around the remains of the "B" Listed walled garden and to the south east in the form of detached dwellinghouses in open agricultural land. A new 'gatehouse' is proposed at the site entrance from the A803.
- 1.4 The application site extends to approximately 12 hectares (30 acres). Ground levels fall from the A803 site access before rising to a level area on which Lathallan House is situated. From Lathallan House to both the walled garden area (to the east) and proposed townhouses (to the south) ground levels decline steadily before rising steeply further south and east.
- 1.5 The ground to which the application relates consists predominantly of fallow agricultural land with significant areas of mature woodland and wetland habitats. Evidence of European

Protected Species (EPS) of Great Crested Newts and bats have been recorded. Sightings of important wildlife such as owl, badger and deer have also been noted. The remaining site area is occupied by the grounds of Lathallan House, associated stables and outbuildings and the walled garden.

- 1.6 There are a number of informal footpaths through the site and the wider area. Footpath/cycle links to Polmont to the west and tying into existing paths to the east are proposed in the development.
- 1.7 In addition to architectural drawings, roads and drainage details, the information submitted in support of the application includes the following:
  - Financial Development Appraisal
  - Supporting Planning Statement
  - Ecological Impact Assessment
  - Architectural Design Statement
  - Tree Survey
  - Landscape Analysis and Masterplan
  - Topographic Survey
  - Drainage Impact Assessment
  - Road Safety Audit

#### 2. REASON FOR COMMITTEE CONSIDERATION

2.1 The application is contrary to the Development Plan (but not significantly so).

#### 3. SITE HISTORY

3.1 There have been no planning applications submitted for the site. Pre-application submissions have however, been made by the applicant going back for a period of three years prior to the formal submission of the planning application currently under assessment.

#### 4. CONSULTATIONS

- 4.1 Scottish Natural Heritage (SNH) has confirmed that the information submitted by the applicant in relation to Great Crested Newts European Protected Species etc is considered to be acceptable. Additional information is required in relation to bat mitigation but this can be addressed through the required European Protected Species (Bats) Licence made directly to SNH.
- 4.2 Historic Scotland fully supports an appropriate scheme to refurbish Lathallan House. Guidance has been provided on the proposed alterations to Lathallan House itself. The information submitted by the applicant with regard to specification of works was considered to be lacking in detail. Additional information has now been provided to allow a detailed assessment of the refurbished element of the proposed development to the satisfaction of Historic Scotland.
- 4.3 Historic Scotland objects, however, to the continued proposal to develop the listed walled garden in a manner to which Historic Scotland previously advised against. The proposed alterations are considered by Historic Scotland to be unacceptable on the basis of a significant reduction in the historic merit of the walled garden. Historic Scotland has also advised of the requirement for providing an assessment of proposed walled garden development in the context of the Scottish Historic Environment Policy (SHEP) 2010. This assessment has not been provided by the applicant.
- 4.4 The Scottish Environment Protection Agency (SEPA) has no objections to the proposal. Guidance has been provided to the applicant in relation to foul drainage, surface water drainage, pollution prevention, waste management, sustainability, biodiversity and nature conservation.
- 4.5 Scottish Water has no objections to the proposed development. The applicant has been advised of capacity availability and potential required infrastructure improvements to allow the connection to this capacity.
- 4.6 Falkirk Council Education Services has confirmed that development impacts on school capacity at Whitecross Primary School and St Mungo's RC High School will require a mitigatory financial contribution see para 7b.19.
- 4.7 The Roads Development Unit of Falkirk Council has assessed a Stage 1 Road Safety Audit in consideration of the proposed site access in relation to the proximity of the existing Lathallan interchange. Amendments to the submitted plans are required to address the comments of the Roads Development Unit and ensure implementation on site. The applicant's drainage impact assessment has been assessed and is considered to require additional information with regard to design and specification.
- 4.8 The Environmental Protection Unit of Falkirk Council has requested the submission of a contaminated land assessment on the basis of potential ground contamination resulting from historical uses in proximity to this site. This assessment can be required by planning condition.

#### 5. COMMUNITY COUNCIL

5.1 The Polmont Community Council has not commented on the proposed development.

#### 6. PUBLIC REPRESENTATION

- 6.1 Two objections have been received as a result of neighbour notification and press advertisement.
- 6.2 One objection has been received from a resident of Erskine Hill, Polmont. The grounds of objection are made with regard to contradiction to Development Plan policy, the merits of restoration of Lathallan House, an unacceptable relationship of new development to Lathallan House, inappropriate architectural design, landscape impact, impact on protected species and a questionable requirement for enabling development.
- 6.3 One objection has been received from a resident of Linlithgow. The grounds of objection relate to more appropriate uses for Lathallan House such as a hotel and adverse impact on the landscape resulting from unnecessary housing that cannot be supported in the existing education network.

#### 7. DETAILED APPRAISAL

Under section 25 of the Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997, as amended, the determination of planning applications for local and major developments shall be made in accordance with the Development Plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise.

Accordingly,

### 7a The Development Plan

#### Falkirk Council Structure Plan

- 7a.1 The following policies of the Structure Plan apply.
- 7a.2 Policy COM.5 'Developer Contributions' states:

'The Council will ensure that proper provision is made to meet the physical and social infrastructure needs of new development and to mitigate the impact of such development on the locality. Where it is required to make a proposal acceptable in land use planning terms, serve a planning purpose and is directly related to the proposed development, developer funding for on- or off-site works will be sought in respect of:

- (1) environmental enhancement required to mitigate, or compensate for landscape, townscape or ecological impacts;
- (2) physical infrastructure required to make the development acceptable, particularly transport provision required to ensure that the development meets sustainability criteria;
- (3) community and recreational facilities required to meet demand generated by the development.

The required provision will be reasonable and related to the scale and nature of the proposed development, taking into account the relevant Council standards and will be specified within Local Plans and development briefs as appropriate. Examples of the range of matters which developers may be asked to address are provided in Schedule COM.5."

- 7a.3 The proposed development includes enabling development to facilitate the restoration of the derelict Lathallan House and stables and associated walled garden, all Listed structures.
- 7a.4 Policy COM.7 'School Provision' states:

"New housing development will not be permitted unless adequate school capacity is available or will be made available."

- 7a.5 Education Services has confirmed that the needs of the proposed development for education provision can be met provided that the applicant makes a financial contribution towards the development's impacts on that capacity see para 7b.19.
- 7a.6 Policy ENV.1 'Countryside and Protected Areas' states:
  - "(1) There is a general presumption against development in areas defined as countryside, unless it can be demonstrated that a countryside location is essential or is an appropriate form of agricultural diversification. Where it is established that a countryside location is essential, development proposals will also be assessed in relation to Local Plan policies appropriate to specific protected areas as defined generally by Schedules ENV.1 and ENV.3.
  - (2) The policies applicable to countryside and protected areas within it, together with the detailed boundaries of each area, will be set out in Local Plans."
- 7a.7 The proposed redevelopment of Lathallan House and stables itself requires a rural location by virtue of the site location. The site is identified in the Falkirk Council Local Plan as an opportunity (EN.POL04) for re-use for a number of potential uses including residential. The proposed enabling development of proposed new residential units within the grounds of the House, would be contrary to the terms of Policy ENV.1 unless it could be demonstrated that the enabling development was the minimum necessary to secure the restoration of Lathallan House.
- 7a.8 Policy ENV.2 'Green Belt' states:

"There will be a system of Green Belts in the areas generally described in Schedule ENV.1 and indicated on the Key Diagram. Within these there will be a long term presumption against development in order to prevent the coalescence of settlements, protect their landscape setting, and avoid prejudicing future proposals for landscape enhancement and countryside recreation.

The detailed boundaries will be defined in Local Plans, having regard, where appropriate, to the Strategic Development Opportunities set out in Policy Econ.1 and Schedule Econ.1 and other structure plan policies."

7a.9 The application site lies within the Green Belt with considerations of landscape setting, landscape enhancement and countryside recreation of particular relevance. The proposed development is considered to be contrary to Policy ENV.2 with regard to the promotion of new residential development in the Green Belt. The applicant has, however, presented the argument that the proposed residential development is enabling development required to

restore Lathallan House, which occupies the site. This is assessed later in this report in relation to relevant material planning considerations.

# 7a.10 Policy ENV.3 'Nature Conservation' states:

"The protection and promotion of nature conservation interests will be an important consideration in assessing all development proposals. Accordingly:

- (1) Any development likely to have a significant effect on a designated or potential European Site under the Habitats or Birds Directives (Special Areas of Conservation and Special Protection Areas) or on a Ramsar or Site of Special Scientific Interest (see Schedule Env.3), must be subject to an appropriate assessment of the implications for the sites conservation objectives. The development will only be permitted where the appropriate assessment demonstrates that:
  - (a) it will not adversely affect the integrity of the site, or;
  - (b) there are no alternative solutions and there are imperative reasons of overriding national public interest.
- (2) Sites of local or regional importance, including Wildlife Sites and Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation, will be defined in Local Plans. The designation of Sites will be based on Scottish Wildlife Trust criteria. Development likely to have an adverse impact on any such site or feature will not be granted planning permission unless it can be clearly demonstrated that there are reasons which outweigh the need to safeguard the site or feature. Until such areas are defined in Local Plans, identified or potential sites will be afforded the same protection.
- (3) Local Plans will identify opportunities for enhancing the natural heritage including new habitat creation, the identification of 'wildlife corridors' and measures to ensure the protection of priority local habitats and species as identified in the forthcoming Falkirk Local Biodiversity Action Plan.
- (4) The aims and objectives of the forthcoming Falkirk Local Biodiversity Action Plan and any associated Species Action Plans and Habitat Action Plans will be a material consideration in assessing any development proposal likely to impact on local priority species and habitats."
- 7a.11 SNH has previously objected to the proposal on the grounds that insufficient provision has been made for the mitigation of development impacts on European Protected Species of Great Crested Newts and bats and other wildlife species of owl, badger and deer. The applicant has, however, submitted further information and, aside from the need for further information on the mitigation of potential impacts on bats, has satisfied the initial concerns of SNH. SNH has withdrawn its objection and confirmed that additional details can be provided and assessed in the required European Protected Species Licence made to SNH. It is considered that the proposal complies with Policy ENV.3.

#### 7a.12 Policy ENV.5 'Built Environment and Heritage' states:

'Important Archaeological Sites, Scheduled Ancient Monuments, Listed Buildings, Conservation Areas, sites included in the Inventory of Historic Gardens and Designed Landscapes and trees will be protected and enhanced. Local Plans will identify these assets and incorporate policies appropriate to the significance of the area or individual feature, including the following range of measures:

- (1) Measures to ensure that assets are maintained in a good state of repair.
- (2) Promotion of appropriate new uses for buildings.
- (3) Promoting sensitive interpretation of heritage assets.
- (4) Protection of the assets and their setting from inappropriate development.
- (5) Where development would damage, or result in the loss of the asset, that provision is made for adequate recording of the current status of the asset."
- (6) Reviewing the boundaries of areas to ensure their continuing relevance."
- 7a.13 Lathallan House is identified in the Falkirk Council Local Plan as an asset with the potential for re-development. This is detailed in paragraphs 7a.32 and 7a.33 of this report.
- 7a.14 Falkirk Council Community Services (Archaeology) has welcomed the restoration of Lathallan House, stables and associated buildings. A planning condition requiring archaeological survey on a small part of the site will be required.
- 7a.15 Objections have been received from and concern expressed by Historic Scotland. The grounds of objection relate to an unacceptable impact in both physical and historical perspective on the structure of the Listed walled garden and its relationship with Lathallan House. The impact of new development on the setting of Lathallan House and associated structures is also questioned.
- 7a.16 The principle of the restoration of Lathallan House itself could be supported by Policy ENV.5. The proposal does not, however, comply fully with Policy ENV.5.
- 7a.17 Policy ENV.7 'Quality of Development' states:
  - "(1) Priority is attached to the achievement of high standards of design in all new development. Proposals for development which would have significant visual and physical impact on a site and its surroundings must be accompanied by a "design concept statement" incorporating the relevant factors outlined in Schedule ENV.7 which sets out how design principles have been addressed and how quality objectives will be achieved.
  - (2) Local Plans and Supplementary Planning Guidance will provide detailed guidance on how significant impact will be assessed and the details to be included in such design concept statements."
- 7a.18 The proposal is accompanied by a design statement and landscape appraisal. The proposed development integrates well with the existing landscape and involves minimal loss of trees with acceptable supplementary planting. The proposal is considered to comply with Policy ENV.7.

#### Falkirk Council Local Plan

- 7a.19 The following policies of the Falkirk Council Local Plan apply:
- 7a.20 Policy SC13 'Open Space and Play Provision in New Development' states:

"New development will be required to contribute to open space and play provision. Provision should be informed by the Council's open space audit and strategy and the SPG Note on 'Open Space and New Development', once available, or a site-specific local audit of provision in the interim, and should accord with the following principles:

- (1) Open space and facilities for play and outdoor sport should be provided in broad accordance with the guidance in Table 4.2. These requirements may be increased where the extent and quality of facilities in the area are proven by the open space audit to be below a suitable standard. Above ground SUDS features, small incidental amenity areas, structure planting and road verges will not count towards requirements.
- (2) Financial contributions to off-site provision, upgrading, and maintenance, as a full or partial alternative to direct on-site provision, will be sought where
  - existing open space or play facilities are located nearby and are able to serve the development through suitable upgrading;
  - in residential developments, the size of the development falls below the threshold of 10 houses indicated in Table 4.2, or where it is otherwise not practical, reasonable or desirable to provide facilities on site; or
  - as part of a co-ordinated approach, a centralised facility is the optimum solution to serving a number of different developments in an area;
  - The required financial contribution per house will be set out in the SPG Note on 'Open Space and New Development'.
- (3) The location and design of open space should be such that it:
  - forms an integral part of the development layout, contributing to its character and identity;
  - is accessible and otherwise fit for its designated purpose;
  - links into the wider network of open space and pedestrian/cycle routes in the area;
  - sensitively incorporates existing biodiversity and natural features within the site;"
  - promotes biodiversity through appropriate landscape design and maintenance regimes; and
  - enjoys good natural surveillance;
- (4) Developers must demonstrate to the Council that arrangements are in place for the management and maintenance of open space, including any trees, paths, walls, structures, and play areas which form part of it."
- 7a.21 The proposed development is a low density development in the setting of historic lowland and open space. The standards relative to access to quality open space are easily met. Formal play provision is not proposed and, given the historic character of the site, not considered appropriate.

#### 7a.22 Policy SC14 'Education and New Housing Development' states:

"Where there is insufficient capacity within the catchment school to accommodate children from new housing development, developer contributions will be sought in cases where improvements to the school are capable of being carried out and do not prejudice the Council's education policies. The contribution will be a proportionate one, the basis of which is set out in the SPG Note Education and New Housing Development'. In cases where the school cannot be improved in a manner consistent with the Council's education policies, the development will not be permitted."

- 7a.23 The proposed development would require contributions towards capacity improvements at Whitecross Primary School and St Mungo's RC High School see para 7b.19.
- 7a.24 Policy EQ4 'Landscape Design' states:

'Development proposals should include a landscape framework which enhances the development and assists integration with its surroundings. The landscape scheme should:

- (1) Be informed by the surrounding landscape;
- (2) Retain and incorporate existing vegetation, natural and cultural features where they contribute to the amenity and biodiversity of the site, with provision for replacement planting where removal is authorised;
- (3) Integrate with strategies for the provision of open space, pedestrian access, and sustainable urban drainage systems on the site;
- (4) Promote biodiversity, including the use of native tree and plant species (see Policy EQ25);
- (5) Incorporate robust structure planting to provide structure in larger developments, and screen the edge of developments where necessary;
- (6) Incorporate street trees and informal open space planting to assist in structuring and unifying streets and spaces;
- (7) Incorporate high quality hard landscaping, including surface materials, boundary enclosures and street furniture which are robust and complement the development; and
- (8) Demonstrate that satisfactory arrangements have been made for the future maintenance and management of all landscaped areas."
- 7a.25 The application incorporates a detailed landscape analysis and masterplan. The proposed landscaping is acceptable and complies with Policy EQ4.
- 7a.26 Policy EQ1 'Sustainable Design Principles' states:

"New development will be required to achieve a high standard of design quality and compliance with principles of sustainable development. Proposals should accord with the following principles:

- (1) <u>Natural and Built Heritage</u>. Existing natural, built or cultural heritage features should be identified, conserved, enhanced and integrated sensitively into development;
- (2) <u>Urban and Landscape Design</u>. The scale, siting and design of new development should respond positively and sympathetically to the site's surroundings, and create buildings and spaces that are attractive, safe and easy to use;
- (3) <u>Accessibility</u>. Development should be designed to encourage the use of sustainable, integrated transport and to provide safe access for all users;
- (4) <u>Resource Use.</u> Development should promote the efficient use of natural resources, and take account of life cycle costs, in terms of energy efficient design, choice and sourcing of materials, reduction of waste, recycling of materials and exploitation of renewable energy;
- (5) <u>Infrastructure</u>. Infrastructure needs and their impacts should be identified and addressed by sustainable mitigation techniques, with particular regard to drainage, surface water management, flooding, traffic, road safety and noise; and
- (6) <u>Maintenance</u>. Proposals should demonstrate that provision will be made for the satisfactory future management and maintenance of all public areas, landscaping and infrastructure."
- 7a.27 The proposed restoration and enhancement of Lathallan House complies with the aims of Policy EQ1. Additional ancillary development is considered to be of a high design standard and is necessary to ensure the retention and restoration of Lathallan House.

### 7a.28 Policy EQ14 'Listed Buildings' states:

"The Council will seek to preserve the character and appearance of listed buildings. Accordingly:

- (1) Development affecting a listed building, or its setting, shall preserve the building or its setting, or any features of special architectural or historic interest which it possesses. The layout, design, materials, scale, siting and use of any development shall be appropriate to the character and appearance of the listed building and its setting.
- (2) Proposals for the total or substantial demolition of a listed building will only be supported where it is demonstrated beyond reasonable doubt that every effort has been exerted by all concerned to find practical ways of keeping it. This will be demonstrated by inclusion of evidence to the Council that the building:
  - has been actively marketed at a reasonable price and for a period reflecting its location, condition and possible viable uses without finding a purchaser; and
  - is incapable of physical repair and re-use through the submission and verification of a thorough structural condition report; and
- (3) RCAHMS shall be formally notified of all proposals to demolish listed buildings to enable features to be recorded."
- 7a.29 The proposed restoration of Lathallan House and stables is welcomed and Historic Scotland has not objected to these elements of the proposed development. Historic Scotland has, however, objected to the proposed erection of detached dwellinghouses within and around the 'B' Listed walled garden. The objection is on the basis of an unacceptable impact on the architectural and historic importance of the wall and its relationship, physical and historical, with Lathallan House. However, in the context of an opportunity to restore the main building, the proposals for the walled garden are not sufficiently detrimental to warrant a recommendation for refusal. This element of the proposal does not therefore fully comply with Policy EQ14.
- 7a.30 Policy EQ15 'Re-Use of Buildings' states:

'The Council will generally support the re-use or conversion of existing vacant buildings of architectural and townscape merit, provided that the building is structurally sound and capable of beneficial conversion, and an acceptable internal layout and level of amenity can be provided."

- 7a.31 The re-use of Lathallan House is supported and this element of the proposed development complies with Policy EQ15.
- 7a.32 In addition to the consideration of Policy EQ15, Lathallan House is identified by Opportunity EN.POL04 'Lathallan House, Polmont' for re-use/conversion of 'House and Associated Buildings'.

7a.33 EN.POL04 Lathallan House, Polmont states:

Opportunity: Re-use/Conversion of House and Associated Buildings

Agency: Private

Comments: The opportunity exists to pursue options for the re-use or conversion of Lathallan House which is a Category B listed building. It lies in relatively close proximity to the Union Canal and enjoys good access thanks to its proximity to junction 4 of the M9 and the A801. Potential exists for a range of uses including conversion to flats, hotel, etc., subject to compliance with other Local Plan policies. Access to be from A803 only, not Nicolton Road. An

application/listed building consent for the restoration of the house, associated buildings and additional development was submitted in May 2009.

7a.34 Policy EQ22 'Landscape and Visual Assessment' states:

"Development proposals which are likely to have a significant landscape impact must be accompanied by a comprehensive landscape and visual assessment as part of the Design Statement, which demonstrates that the setting is capable of absorbing the development, in conjunction with suitable landscape mitigation measures, and that best environmental fit has been achieved, in terms of the landscape character of the area."

- 7a.35 The applicant has submitted a detailed landscape appraisal. This assessment of the landscape setting and the proposed development's impacts upon it have acceptably demonstrated that the site is capable of absorbing the development. The proposal therefore complies with Policy EQ22.
- 7a.36 Policy EQ19 'Countryside' states:
  - "(1) The Urban and Village Limits represent the desirable limit to the expansion of settlements for the period of the Local Plan. Land outwith these boundaries is designated as countryside and will be subject to the detailed policies for specific uses indicated in Table 3.3. Development proposals in the countryside for uses not covered by these policies will only be permitted where:
    - it can be demonstrated that they require a countryside location;
    - they constitute appropriate infill development; or
    - they utilise suitable existing buildings.
  - (2) In circumstances where development meets the relevant countryside policy criteria, the scale, siting and design of development will be strictly controlled to ensure that there is no adverse impact on the character of the countryside. In particular:
    - the siting should be unobtrusive, making use of natural features to integrate development into the landform and avoiding skylines;
    - building design should be sympathetic to vernacular building styles and comply with the design principles contained within the Council's 'Design Guide for Buildings in the Rural Areas'; and
    - boundary and curtilage treatments should be sympathetic to the rural area, with a preference for stone walling and hedging using native species."
- 7a.37 The proposed development requires a countryside location by virtue of the location of Lathallan House. The proposed development is not infill development but would, in part, utilise existing buildings. New residential development is unobtrusively sited and respects the landscape setting of the area. Boundary and curtilage treatments are sympathetic to a rural area. Building design is considered to be of good quality. Accordingly, it is considered that the proposal does comply with policy EQ19.
- 7a.39 Policy SC3 'Housing Development In The Countryside' states:

"Housing development in the countryside will only be permitted in the following circumstances:

- (1) Housing essential to the pursuance of agriculture, horticulture or forestry, or the management of a business for which a countryside location is essential. In these instances, the applicant must demonstrate:
  - The operational need for the additional house in association with the business
  - That no existing dwelling which might have served that need has been sold or otherwise alienated from the holding
  - That there are no reasonable opportunities for reusing or converting redundant buildings rather than building a new dwellinghouse
  - That the business as a whole is capable of providing the main source of income for the occupant;
- (2) Proposals involving the rehabilitation of former residential properties, or the conversion of farm and other buildings to residential use, where
  - The building, by virtue of its existing character, makes a positive contribution to the rural landscape
  - The building is in a reasonable state of repair, still stands substantially intact and is capable of beneficial restoration, as verified by a report and certificate from a qualified structural engineer
  - The restored or converted building is of comparable scale and character to the original building
  - In the case of former non-residential buildings, the building is no longer required for the purpose for which it was built; or
- (3) Appropriate infill opportunities within the envelope of an existing group of buildings, where the development would not result in ribbon, backland or sporadic development, and the proposal satisfies Policy SC8."
- 7a.40 The proposed housing development is not essential to the pursuance of accepted countryside uses. The proposal, in part, includes the restoration of Lathallan House and stables. New housing development seeks to relate to the siting of Lathallan House and exploit the Listed walled garden and landscape setting opportunities in order to limit visual impact. In this respect, the proposed development is considered to accord with the aims of Policy SC3.

# 7a.41 Policy EQ20 - 'Green Belt' states:

"There will be a strong presumption against development in the Green Belt except where it can be demonstrated that:

- (1) The proposal satisfies Policy EQ19 and any relevant countryside policies as set out in Table 3.3;
- (2) The proposal will not undermine the role of the Green Belt by
  - detracting from its existing landscape character;
  - reducing the visual separation between settlements; or

• compromising its existing or potential future use for countryside recreation.

Where proposals satisfy these criteria, developer contributions to landscape improvement, access and countryside recreation will be sought in accordance with Policy EQ21."

- 7a.42 Policy EQ20 presumes against new development in the green belt unless for justifiable uses of farming, forestry or tourism. The proposed development is not for these uses but requires this location due to the presence of Lathallan House on the site. The renovation of Lathallan House and stables for residential use has been shown to comply with Policy EQ15 'Re-use of Buildings' and Opportunity EN.POL04. The additional new residential development in the grounds of Lathallan House does not detract from the existing landscape character of the area; reduce the visual separation between settlements; or compromise its existing or potential future use for countryside recreation. Accordingly, the proposal is not considered to compromise the aims and objectives of the Green Belt. As stated above in para 7a.37, the proposal complies with Policy EQ19. Cycling access will be improved see 7a.48.
- 7a.43 Policy EQ24 'Ecological Sites and Features' states:
  - "(1) Development likely to have a significant effect on Natura 2000 sites (including Special Protection Areas, Special Areas of Conservation, and Ramsar Sites) will be subject to an appropriate assessment. Where an assessment is unable to conclude that a development will not adversely affect the integrity of the site, development will only be permitted where there are no alternative solutions; and there are imperative reasons of overriding public interest, including those of a social or economic nature. These can be of a social or economic nature except where the site has been designated for a European priority habitat or species. Consent can only be issued in such cases where the reasons for overriding public interest relate to human health, public safety, beneficial consequences of primary importance for the environment or other reasons subject to the opinion of the European Commission (via Scottish Ministers).
  - (2) Development affecting Sites of Special Scientific interest will not be permitted unless it can be demonstrated that the overall objectives of the designation and the overall integrity of the designated area would not be compromised, or any adverse effects are clearly outweighed by social or economic benefits of national importance.
  - (3) Development affecting Wildlife Sites, Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation, Local Nature Reserves, wildlife corridors and other nature conservation sites of regional or local importance will not be permitted unless it can be demonstrated that the overall integrity of the site will not be compromised, or any adverse effects are clearly outweighed by social or economic benefits of substantial local importance.
  - (4) Development likely to have an adverse affect on species which are protected under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981, as amended, the Habitats and Birds Directives, or the Protection of Badgers Act 1992, will not be permitted.
  - (5) Where development is to be approved which could adversely affect any site of significant nature conservation value, the Council will require mitigating measures to conserve and secure future management of the site's natural heritage interest. Where habitat loss is unavoidable, the creation of replacement habitat to compensate for any losses will be required.
  - (6) The Council, in partnership with landowners and other relevant interests, will seek the preparation and implementation of management plans for sites of nature conservation interest."
- 7a.44 The proposed development has demonstrated, through detailed assessment of wildlife survey and mitigation studies, that potential impacts on European Protected Species of Great Crested Newts and Bats and other important species of badger and deer are unlikely

to occur. Where potential impact has been identified appropriate mitigation is considered to have been demonstrated.

### 7a.45 Policy EQ26 - 'Trees, Woodland And Hedgerows' states:

"The Council recognises the ecological, landscape, economic and recreational importance of trees, woodland and hedgerows. Accordingly:

- (1) Felling detrimental to landscape, amenity, nature conservation or recreational interests will be discouraged. In particular ancient, long-established and semi-natural woodlands will be protected as a habitat resource of irreplaceable value;
- (2) In an area covered by a Tree Preservation Order (TPO) or a Conservation Area, development will not be permitted unless it can be proven that the proposal will not adversely affect the longevity, stability or appearance of the trees. Where necessary, endangered trees and woodlands will be protected through the designation of further TPOs;
- (3) Where development is permitted which will involve the loss of trees or hedgerows of amenity value, the Council will normally require replacement planting appropriate in terms of number, size, species and position;
- (4) The enhancement and management of existing woodland and hedgerows will be encouraged. Where the retention of a woodland area is integral to a development proposal, developers will normally be required to prepare a plan and make provision for its future management; and
- (5) There will be a preference for the use of appropriate local native species in new and replacement planting schemes, or non-native species which are integral to the historic landscape character."
- 7a.46 The proposed development has demonstrated, through landscape assessment and tree conservation measures, that the ecological, landscape and recreational importance of trees, woodland and hedgerows has been recognised and will be respected.

#### 7a.47 Policy EQ29 'Outdoor Access' states:

- "(1) The Council will seek to safeguard, improve and extend the network of outdoor access routes, with particular emphasis on the core path network once it is defined.
- (2) In promoting new routes particular emphasis will be placed on
  - opportunities specified on the Proposals Map
  - other opportunities which support and provide linkages in respect of the Falkirk Greenspace Initiative, the recreational use of the major river corridors, including the Forth Estuary, and sustainable travel within and between settlements;
  - other areas of proven demand as identified through community consultation; and
  - the need to safeguard protected habitats and species in accordance with Policies EQ24 and EQ25.
- (3) When considering planning applications, the Council will
  - Safeguard the line of any existing or proposed access route affected by the development, and require its incorporation into the development unless a satisfactory alternative route can be agreed.
  - Seek to secure any additional outdoor access opportunities which may be achievable as a result of the development, particularly where they relate to the priority areas identified in sub-section (2) above.
  - Where an access route is to be temporarily disrupted, require the provision of an alternative route for the duration of construction work and the satisfactory reinstatement of the route on completion of the development."

- 7a.48 The proposed development provides informal countryside access within the site and to the A803 to the north. Opportunity exists, however, for access to the west where a pedestrian/cycle link could be provided under the A801 to the identified opportunity for office/industrial/distribution development at Gilston, Polmont (ED.POL01 of the Falkirk Local Plan). A planning condition requiring the provision of a footpath/cycle link to Gilston is therefore proposed.
- 7a.49 Accordingly, the proposed development does not fully accord with the Development Plan.

#### 7b Material Considerations

7b.1 The material considerations to be assessed are the site history, the principle of enabling development required to fund the restoration of Lathallan House, National Planning Guidance, Falkirk Council's Economic Downturn: Action Plan and the views expressed by consultees and in objections.

## Site History

- 7b.2 The principle of the renovation of Lathallan House and ancillary development including enabling development has been discussed, at the initiation of the current applicant, for a period in excess of three years. The principle of sensitive renovation of Lathallan House, with carefully considered and financially justified enabling development has been informally accepted.
- 7b.3 The proposed development constraints of European Protected Species existence and the importance for mitigation of any development impacts have long been established. In addition the stringent requirements of the redevelopment of Lathallan House and ancillary structures, as important "B" Listed Buildings has also been stressed.

#### Enabling Development

- 7b.4 The applicant has submitted a detailed financial appraisal of the land purchase costs, development costs and profit levels anticipated. This appraisal has been the subject of review by Falkirk Council development surveyors and construction professionals and by an external planning and surveying consultancy.
- 7b.5 The applicant has submitted a financial summary of costs that provides quantified expenditure on land acquisition, emergency works, construction costs, infrastructure costs, preliminaries and contingencies. In addition, quantified costs on professional fees, finance, sales costs, company formation costs, profits and VAT have been provided.
- 7b.6 The conclusion of the submitted financial summary is that the enabling development proposed is the minimum required to secure the renovation of Lathallan House.
- 7b.7 Peer review of the applicant's financial appraisal has indicated that the proposed enabling development to restore Lathallan House etc would not be excessive.

#### National Planning Guidance

- 7b.8 Scottish Planning Policy (SPP) establishes national planning policy in relation to housing land use. In the context of the proposed development, Scottish Planning Policy seeks to create quality residential environments, guide new housing to the right places and deliver housing land in the context of historic buildings, landscapes and natural heritage.
- 7b.9 It is considered that the renovation of Lathallan House and stables and provision of high quality housing of mixed type, to include terraced and detached units, is consistent with the aims and objectives of Scottish Planning Policy.
- 7b.10 Scottish Planning Policy advises of the need for a sensitive response to increasing demand for development in the countryside. The aims behind Scottish Planning Policy are that Scotland has a prosperous rural economy with a stable or increasing population and that the housing needs of that population need to be accommodated.
- 7b.11 Scottish Planning Policy establishes Scottish Government policy in relation to development affecting Listed Buildings and their settings with a view to protection, conservation and enhancement of the historic environment.
- 7b.12 The policy expressions in Scottish Planning Policy that are relevant to the proposed development relate to the renovation of Lathallan House, stables and walled garden as 'B' Listed Buildings and the potential impact on the setting of these buildings of new enabling development.
- 7b.13 The proposals to renovate Lathallan House and stables are welcomed both in policy terms and by Historic Scotland as statutory consultee. The agreed renovation works would ensure the restoration of these buildings and the re-introduction of residential use would ensure their long term care and protection. This position is consistent with the aims and policy expressions of Scottish Planning Policy.
- 7b.14 The impacts of the development on Lathallan House walled garden and the opposition to the current proposals by Historic Scotland have been outlined in this report, above. The objection by Historic Scotland with respect to the impacts of the proposed development on the Listed Walled Garden are acknowledged.
- 7b.15 Historic Scotland's Scottish Historic Environment Policy (SHEP) provides guidance on the statutory responsibility for the protection and enhancement of Listed Buildings and their setting.
- 7b.16 The proposed renovation of Lathallan House and stables is consistent with the requirements of SHEP. The renovation and long term survival of these buildings is considered to accord with the aims of SHEP and no objections to these proposed developments are held by Historic Scotland. It should be noted that there is an associated Listed Building Consent application (P/09/0369/LBC).
- 7b.17 Historic Scotland has, however, expressed concerns with regard to the impact of new development on the setting of Lathallan House and has objected to the proposed impacts on the walled garden. In this respect these elements of the development are considered to be contrary to Historic Scotland's SHEP guidance.

#### Falkirk Council's Economic Downturn: Action Plan

7b.18 This policy emphasises the need for flexibility in the current economic climate.

#### Consultation Responses

- 7b.19 The requirements of consultation responses from within Falkirk Council in relation to Education, Environmental Protection, Community Services (Archaeology), Transport Planning and Roads Development can be achieved either by developer contribution or appropriately worded planning conditions, except for a few remaining roads/drainage issues which would have to be resolved following any minded to grant decision by the Committee prior to referral to Ministers. Education Services consider that developer contributions would be necessary for Whitecross Primary School and St Mungo's RC High School. The contributions would be £2,150 per house and £1,250 per flat for Whitecross PS, with the equivalent figures being £650 and £450 for St Mungo's RCHS; totalling £121,700.
- 7b.20 The requirements of SNH in relation to protection of wildlife have been addressed in the information submitted by the applicant to date. SNH has, however, requested further information in relation to the mitigation of potential impacts on bats. This information can be acceptably achieved by means of planning condition.
- 7b.21 SEPA and Scottish Water have expressed no objections to the proposed development.
- 7b.22 Historic Scotland welcomes the restoration of Lathallan House and stables but has expressed objection to the development impacts on the listed walled garden and expressed concern in relation to development impacts on the setting of Lathallan House and associated buildings. The concerns of Historic Scotland have been relayed to the applicant and revisions, most notably to the new development in and around the walled garden, have been requested. The applicant has not agreed to suggested revision to the proposed development. The concerns of Historic Scotland have therefore not been addressed.
- 7b.23 It is accepted that there would be an impact on the setting of Lathallan House, stables and ancillary buildings with any new development. On balance, the proposed new development is acceptable on the grounds that it would secure the restoration and future of Lathallan House. With regard to the financial appraisal that has been submitted by the applicant and reviewed, it is questionable whether this could be achieved if the proposed new development does not proceed.

## Representations

- 7b.24 Objections on the grounds of contradiction to Development Plan policy and architectural design have, in part, been substantiated during detailed assessment of the development proposal.
- 7b.25 Objections on the grounds of adverse impact on the landscape setting of Lathallan House, potential impacts on wildlife and the need for enabling development have not been substantiated. The suitability of Lathallan House for alternative uses other than residential is noted. The consideration of the current application does not, however, include such a use.

#### 7c Conclusion

- 7c.1 The proposed development represents a significant opportunity to secure the sensitive restoration of Lathallan House, stables and associated buildings. The proposal has been assessed against the terms of the Development Plan, and National Planning Policy. The conclusion of this assessment is that the proposal is, in part, contrary to the Development Plan. Also, the concerns raised by Historic Scotland should not be dismissed lightly. There is a relevant concern regarding the impact of the new development on the setting of the Listed Building and, in particular, the listed walled garden. Members should also note that, in the current economic climate, the proposed enabling development may not be sufficient to make this project economically viable.
- 7c.2 However, a balanced and pragmatic approach is considered to be appropriate. The design quality of the proposed new build is considered to be high. There is no other opportunity proposed to secure the restoration of Lathallan House, stables and associated buildings and, therefore, the risk of further deterioration and the possible loss of the Listed Building is real.

#### 8. RECOMMENDATION

- 8.1 It is therefore recommended that Committee indicates that it is minded to grant planning permission subject to resolution of outstanding roads and drainage issues to the satisfaction of the Director of Development Services and, thereafter, referral to Scottish Ministers in view of the objection of Historic Scotland.
- 8.2 On conclusion of referral of the application to Scottish Ministers, referred to in section 8.1 above, Members remit to the Director of Development Services to grant planning permission subject to:
  - (a) The satisfactory completion of an obligation under the terms of Section 75 of the Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997 relating to:
  - (1) Financial contribution of f, 121,700 towards educational contributions;
  - (2) The provision of necessary off site road works identified in the approved stage 1 Road Safety Audit, and to close off the existing access to A803, following the opening of the new access;
  - (3) The provision of a footpath/cycle link to the A801 underpass to the west of the site;
  - (4) A restriction of new build dwellinghouses to a maximum of 36;
  - (5) The phasing of the development to ensure the satisfactory restoration of Lathallan House and stables prior to the commencement of work on any new build dwellinghouse. The phasing of new build dwellinghouses thereafter shall be agreed;
  - (b) and thereafter, on conclusion of the Section 75, to remit to the Director of Development Services to grant planning permission subject to appropriate planning conditions including these relating to roads, drainage, archaeological investigations, wildlife protection, ground contamination, external materials and samples as required, construction methodology, phasing of development, landscaping and boundary treatments.



**Date:** 12 April 2011

#### **LIST OF BACKGROUND PAPERS**

- 1. Falkirk Council Structure Plan.
- 2. Falkirk Council Local Plan.
- 3. Falkirk Council Supplementary Planning Guidance.
- 4. Falkirk Council Economic Downturn: Action Plan
- 5. Scottish Planning Policy (SPP).
- 6. Historic Scotland's Historic Environment Policy (SHEP).
- 7. Letter of Objection received from Miss Ashley Thompson Beechmount, Kingscavil, Linlithgow EH49 6NA on 23 September 2009.
- 8. Letter of Objection received from Sandy Simpson, 44 Erskine Hill, Polmont, Falkirk FK2 0UQ on 4 August 2009.

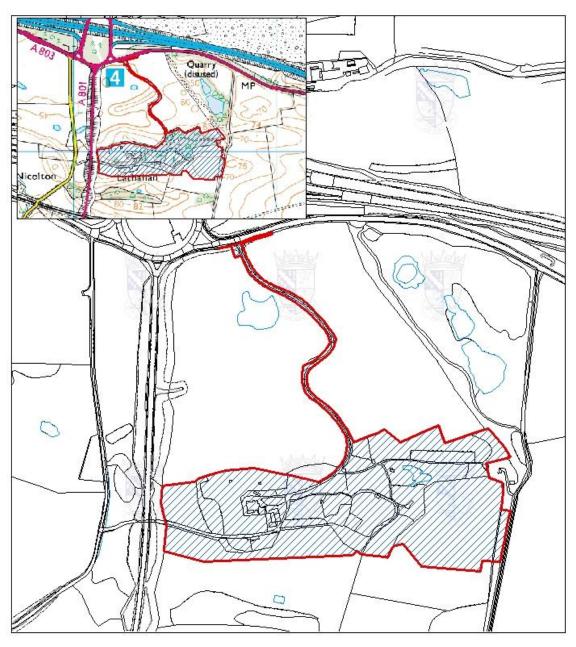
Any person wishing to inspect the background papers listed above should telephone Falkirk 01324 504951 and ask for John Angell.

# **Planning Committee**

# Planning Application Location Plan

P/09/0370/FUL

This plan is for location purposes only. It should not be interpreted as an exact representation of the application site.







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#### **FALKIRK COUNCIL**

Subject: RESTORATION AND REFURBISHMENT OF LATHALLAN

HOUSE TO FORM 9 FLATTED DWELLINGS, DEMOLITION RESTORATION OF LAUNDRY OUTBUILDING, REFURBISHMENT **OF STABLES** TO **FORM** 3 DWELLINGHOUSES, ERECTION OF 36 DWELLINGHOUSES  $\mathbf{AT}$ LATHALLAN **ASSOCIATED** WORKS HOUSE, FALKIRK, FK2 0YG, FOR ROWANHILL DEVELOPMENT LTD

-P/09/0369/LBC

Meeting: PLANNING COMMITTEE

Date: 20 April 2011

Author: DIRECTOR OF DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

Local Members: Ward - Upper Braes

Councillor Gordon Hughes Councillor Stephen Fry Councillor John McLuckie

Community Council: Polmont

## 1. DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSAL / SITE LOCATION

- 1.1 This Listed Building Consent application seeks Listed Building Consent for the restoration of Lathallan House and associated stables to create 12 residential units. In addition, the proposals include the erection of 36 new dwellinghouses within the policies of Lathallan House. Lathallan House, the former stables and the remains of a walled garden, are all 'B' Listed. The House and stables lie derelict whilst the walled garden is in need of significant repair.
- 1.2 The proposal is to restore Lathallan House and associated stables. The remaining elements of the proposed development pertain to new build housing. This is proposed to the immediate south of Lathallan House, in the form of terraced "mews houses", to the east, in the form of detached dwellinghouses in and around the remains of the "B" Listed walled garden and to the south east in the form of detached dwellinghouses in open agricultural land. A new 'gatehouse' is proposed at the site entrance from the A803.
- 1.3 The application site extends to approximately 12 hectares (30 acres). Ground levels fall from the A803 site access before rising to a level area on which Lathallan House is situated. From Lathallan House to both the walled garden area (to the east) and proposed townhouses (to the south) ground levels decline steadily before rising steeply further south and east.

- 1.4 The ground to which the application relates consists predominantly of fallow agricultural land with significant areas of mature woodland and wetland habitats. Evidence of European Protected Species (EPS) of Great Crested Newts and bats have been recorded. Sightings of important wildlife such as owl, badger and deer have also been noted. The remaining site area is occupied by the former grounds of Lathallan House, associated stables and outbuildings and the walled garden.
- 1.5 In addition to architectural drawings, the information submitted in support of the application includes the following:
  - Supporting Planning Statement
  - Architectural Design Statement
  - Landscape Analysis and Masterplan
  - Topographic Survey

#### 2. REASON FOR COMMITTEE CONSIDERATION

2.1 The application is associated with planning application P/09/0370/FUL which is on the agenda of applications presented to this Planning Committee. In addition, Historic Scotland, a statutory consultee, has objected to elements of the proposed development.

#### 3. SITE HISTORY

3.1 There have been no applications submitted for the site prior to the submission of the current planning and Listed Building Consent applications. Pre-application submissions have however, been made by the applicant going back for a period of three years prior to the formal submission of the applications currently under assessment.

#### 4. CONSULTATIONS

- 4.1 Historic Scotland fully supports an appropriate scheme to refurbish Lathallan House. Guidance has been provided on the proposed alterations to Lathallan House itself. The information submitted by the applicant with regard to specification of works was considered to be lacking in detail. Additional information has now been provided to allow a detailed assessment of the refurbished element of the proposed development.
- 4.2 Historic Scotland objects, however, to the continued proposal to develop the Listed walled garden in a manner to which Historic Scotland has previously advised against. The proposed alterations are considered by Historic Scotland to be unacceptable on the basis of a significant reduction in the historic merit of the walled garden. Historic Scotland has also advised of the requirement for providing an assessment of proposed walled garden development in the context of the Scottish Historic Environment Policy (SHEP) 2010. This assessment has not been provided by the applicant.
- 4.3 The Scottish Civic Trust has welcomed proposals to restore and re-use Lathallan House. The acceptance of enabling development is noted.

- 4.4 The Civic Trust does not accept that the existing Ivy Cottage / Stables building should be dismantled and re-built. A more appropriate approach is considered to be the conversion of existing building fabric which appears to the Trust to be capable, in particular the south elevation and courtyard area, of re-use. The Civic Trust considers that the originally proposed "jagged" roofline of "mews house" and proposed building heights are not appropriate to the setting of Lathallan House. The applicant has subsequently amended the roof design to address the concerns of the Civic Trust, and others, but has not reduced building heights.
- 4.5 The Civic Trust has questioned the conjectural recreation of the proposed North Lodge when a contemporary approach to new development is being advanced elsewhere in the proposals. The grouping of housing around the Listed walled garden is considered to be innovative although timber fenestration is suggested as being more appropriate than the aluminium materials proposed.
- The Garden History Society notes that Lathallan House is not included in 'An Inventory of Gardens and Designed Landscapes: List of Sites 2007' but recognises the importance of the grounds as a designed landscape of significance. The Garden History Society has no objections to the conversion of Lathallan House and associated buildings and accepts the requirement for enabling development. The Society does, however, have significant concerns in relation to the scale and location of enabling development proposed both along the access road and in the area of the walled garden. In addition, concern is raised that the perceived suburban style "mews houses" are entirely inappropriate for the rural location and unrelated in style to Lathallan House. The insertion of new build housing within the Listed walled garden is considered to be contrary to the status of this structure. Scope for more sensitive enabling development is, however, acknowledged.
- 4.7 The Garden History Society advises that the local and regional importance of the grounds of Lathallan House, also referred to as Laurence Park, should be formally recognised by Falkirk Council and appropriate protection provided.
- 4.8 Falkirk Council Community Services (Archaeology) has no objections to the proposed development. Contradictory references to the proposed alterations to the Listed gas house building are noted relating to whether limited building take down and full dismantling and rebuilding is proposed. The applicant's agent has confirmed that the gas house building is proposed to be entirely dismantled, stored and re-built at a later date. A separate Listed Building Consent application is to be submitted to allow detailed assessment of these proposed works. Community Services has advised of the potential for archaeological remains to exist at the site and a condition requiring archaeological investigation prior to work commencing on site is therefore required.

#### 5. COMMUNITY COUNCIL

5.1 No comments have been received from the Community Council.

#### 6. PUBLIC REPRESENTATION

6.1 No comments have been received from members of the public.

#### 7. **DETAILED APPRAISAL**

Under section 25 of the Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997, as amended, the determination of planning applications for local and major developments shall be made in accordance with the Development Plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise.

Accordingly,

### 7a The Development Plan

#### Falkirk Council Structure Plan

- 7a.1 The following policies of the Structure Plan apply.
- 7a.2 Policy ENV.5 'Built Environment and Heritage' states:

'Important Archaeological Sites, Scheduled Ancient Monuments, Listed Buildings, Conservation Areas, sites included in the Inventory of Historic Gardens and Designed Landscapes and trees will be protected and enhanced. Local Plans will identify these assets and incorporate policies appropriate to the significance of the area or individual feature, including the following range of measures:

- (1) Measures to ensure that assets are maintained in a good state of repair.
- (2) Promotion of appropriate new uses for buildings.
- (3) Promoting sensitive interpretation of heritage assets.
- (4) Protection of the assets and their setting from inappropriate development.
- (5) Where development would damage, or result in the loss of the asset, that provision is made for adequate recording of the current status of the asset."
- (6) Reviewing the boundaries of areas to ensure their continuing relevance."
- 7a.3 Lathallan House is identified in the Falkirk Council Local Plan as an asset with the potential for re-development. This is detailed in paragraphs 7a.18 and 7a.19 of this report.
- 7a.4 Falkirk Council Community Services (Archaeology) has welcomed the proposed restoration of Lathallan House, stables and associated buildings. A planning condition requiring archaeological survey on a small part of the site will be required.
- 7a.5 Objections have been received from and concern expressed by Historic Scotland. The grounds of objection relate to an unacceptable impact in both physical and historical perspective on the structure of the Listed walled garden and its relationship with Lathallan House. The impact of new development on the setting of Lathallan House and associated structures is also questioned.
- 7a.6 The principle of the restoration of Lathallan House could be supported by Policy ENV.5. The proposal does not, however, fully comply with Policy ENV.5.

- "(1) Priority is attached to the achievement of high standards of design in all new development. Proposals for development which would have significant visual and physical impact on a site and its surroundings must be accompanied by a "design concept statement" incorporating the relevant factors outlined in Schedule ENV.7 which sets out how design principles have been addressed and how quality objectives will be achieved.
- (2) Local Plans and Supplementary Planning Guidance will provide detailed guidance on how significant impact will be assessed and the details to be included in such design concept statements."
- 7a.8 The proposal is accompanied by a design statement and landscape appraisal. The proposed development integrates well with the existing landscape and involves minimal loss of trees with acceptable supplementary planting. The proposal is considered to comply with Policy ENV.7.

#### Falkirk Council Local Plan

- 7a.9 The following policies of the Falkirk Council Local Plan apply:
- 7a.10 Policy EQ4 'Landscape Design' states:

'Development proposals should include a landscape framework which enhances the development and assists integration with its surroundings. The landscape scheme should:

- (1) Be informed by the surrounding landscape;
- (2) Retain and incorporate existing vegetation, natural and cultural features where they contribute to the amenity and biodiversity of the site, with provision for replacement planting where removal is authorised;
- (3) Integrate with strategies for the provision of open space, pedestrian access, and sustainable urban drainage systems on the site;
- (4) Promote biodiversity, including the use of native tree and plant species (see Policy EQ25);
- (5) Incorporate robust structure planting to provide structure in larger developments, and screen the edge of developments where necessary;
- (6) Incorporate street trees and informal open space planting to assist in structuring and unifying streets and spaces;
- (7) Incorporate high quality hard landscaping, including surface materials, boundary enclosures and street furniture which are robust and complement the development; and
- (8) Demonstrate that satisfactory arrangements have been made for the future maintenance and management of all landscaped areas."
- 7a.11 The application incorporates a detailed landscape analysis and masterplan. The proposed landscaping is acceptable and complies with Policy EQ4.

"New development will be required to achieve a high standard of design quality and compliance with principles of sustainable development. Proposals should accord with the following principles:

- (1) <u>Natural and Built Heritage</u>. Existing natural, built or cultural heritage features should be identified, conserved, enhanced and integrated sensitively into development;
- (2) <u>Urban and Landscape Design</u>. The scale, siting and design of new development should respond positively and sympathetically to the site's surroundings, and create buildings and spaces that are attractive, safe and easy to use;
- (3) <u>Accessibility</u>. Development should be designed to encourage the use of sustainable, integrated transport and to provide safe access for all users;
- (4) <u>Resource Use.</u> Development should promote the efficient use of natural resources, and take account of life cycle costs, in terms of energy efficient design, choice and sourcing of materials, reduction of waste, recycling of materials and exploitation of renewable energy;
- (5) <u>Infrastructure</u>. Infrastructure needs and their impacts should be identified and addressed by sustainable mitigation techniques, with particular regard to drainage, surface water management, flooding, traffic, road safety and noise; and
- (6) <u>Maintenance</u>. Proposals should demonstrate that provision will be made for the satisfactory future management and maintenance of all public areas, landscaping and infrastructure."
- 7a.13 The proposed construction and enhancement of Lathallan House complies with the aims of Policy EQ1. Additional ancillary development is considered to be of a high design standard and is necessary to ensure the retention and restoration of Lathallan House.
- 7a.14 Policy EQ14 'Listed Buildings' states:

"The Council will seek to preserve the character and appearance of listed buildings. Accordingly:

- (1) Development affecting a listed building, or its setting, shall preserve the building or its setting, or any features of special architectural or historic interest which it possesses. The layout, design, materials, scale, siting and use of any development shall be appropriate to the character and appearance of the listed building and its setting.
- (2) Proposals for the total or substantial demolition of a listed building will only be supported where it is demonstrated beyond reasonable doubt that every effort has been exerted by all concerned to find practical ways of keeping it. This will be demonstrated by inclusion of evidence to the Council that the building:
  - has been actively marketed at a reasonable price and for a period reflecting its location, condition and possible viable uses without finding a purchaser; and
  - is incapable of physical repair and re-use through the submission and verification of a thorough structural condition report; and
- (3) RCAHMS shall be formally notified of all proposals to demolish listed buildings to enable features to be recorded."

7a.15 The proposed restoration of Lathallan House and stables is welcomed and Historic Scotland has not objected to these elements of the proposed development. Historic Scotland has, however, objected to the proposed erection of detached dwellinghouses within and around the

'B' Listed walled garden. The objection is on the basis of an unacceptable impact on the architectural and historic importance of the wall and its relationship, physical and historical, with Lathallan House. However, in the context of an opportunity to restore the main building, the proposals for the walled garden are not sufficiently detrimental to warrant a recommendation for refusal. This element of the proposal does not therefore fully comply with Policy EQ14.

7a.16 Policy EQ15 - 'Re-Use of Buildings' states:

"The Council will generally support the re-use or conversion of existing vacant buildings of architectural and townscape merit, provided that the building is structurally sound and capable of beneficial conversion, and an acceptable internal layout and level of amenity can be provided."

- 7a.17 The re-use of Lathallan House is supported and this element of the proposed development complies with Policy EQ15.
- 7a.18 In addition to the consideration of Policy EQ15, Lathallan House is identified by Proposal and Opportunity EN.POL04 'Lathallan House, Polmont'. The re-use and conversion of Lathallan House and associated buildings is identified as an opportunity.

7a.19 EN.POL04 Lathallan House, Polmont states:

Opportunity: Re-use/Conversion of House and Associated Buildings

Agency: Private

Comments: The opportunity exists to pursue options for the re-use or conversion of

Lathallan House which is a Category B listed building. It lies in relatively close proximity to the Union Canal and enjoys good access thanks to its proximity to junction 4 of the M9 and the A801. Potential exists for a range of uses including conversion to flats, hotel, etc., subject to compliance with other Local Plan policies. Access to be from A803 only, not Nicolton Road. An application/listed building consent for the restoration of the house, associated

buildings and additional development was submitted in May 2009.

7a.20 Policy EQ22 'Landscape and Visual Assessment' states:

"Development proposals which are likely to have a significant landscape impact must be accompanied by a comprehensive landscape and visual assessment as part of the Design Statement, which demonstrates that the setting is capable of absorbing the development, in conjunction with suitable landscape mitigation measures, and that best environmental fit has been achieved, in terms of the landscape character of the area."

7a.21 The applicant has submitted a detailed landscape appraisal. This assessment of the landscape setting and the proposed development's impacts upon it have acceptably demonstrated that the site is capable of absorbing the development. The proposal therefore complies with Policy EQ22.

#### 7a.22 Policy EQ19 - 'Countryside' states:

"(1) The Urban and Village Limits represent the desirable limit to the expansion of settlements for the period of the Local Plan. Land outwith these boundaries is designated as countryside

and will be subject to the detailed policies for specific uses indicated in Table 3.3. Development proposals in the countryside for uses not covered by these policies will only be permitted where:

- it can be demonstrated that they require a countryside location;
- they constitute appropriate infill development; or
- they utilise suitable existing buildings.
- (2) In circumstances where development meets the relevant countryside policy criteria, the scale, siting and design of development will be strictly controlled to ensure that there is no adverse impact on the character of the countryside. In particular:
  - the siting should be unobtrusive, making use of natural features to integrate development into the landform and avoiding skylines;
  - building design should be sympathetic to vernacular building styles and comply with the design principles contained within the Council's 'Design Guide for Buildings in the Rural Areas'; and
  - boundary and curtilage treatments should be sympathetic to the rural area, with a preference for stone walling and hedging using native species."
- 7a.23 The proposed development requires a countryside location by virtue of the location of Lathallan House. The proposed development is not infill development but will, in part, utilise existing buildings. New residential development is unobtrusively sited and respects the landscape setting of the area. Boundary and curtilage treatments are sympathetic to a rural area. Building design is considered to be of a good quality. Accordingly, it is considered that the proposal does comply with policy EQ19.
- 7a.24 Policy EQ26 'Trees, Woodland And Hedgerows' states:

'The Council recognises the ecological, landscape, economic and recreational importance of trees, woodland and hedgerows. Accordingly:

- (1) Felling detrimental to landscape, amenity, nature conservation or recreational interests will be discouraged. In particular ancient, long-established and semi-natural woodlands will be protected as a habitat resource of irreplaceable value;
- (2) In an area covered by a Tree Preservation Order (TPO) or a Conservation Area, development will not be permitted unless it can be proven that the proposal will not adversely affect the longevity, stability or appearance of the trees. Where necessary, endangered trees and woodlands will be protected through the designation of further TPOs;
- (3) Where development is permitted which will involve the loss of trees or hedgerows of amenity value, the Council will normally require replacement planting appropriate in terms of number, size, species and position;
- (4) The enhancement and management of existing woodland and hedgerows will be encouraged. Where the retention of a woodland area is integral to a development proposal, developers will normally be required to prepare a plan and make provision for its future management; and
- (5) There will be a preference for the use of appropriate local native species in new and replacement planting schemes, or non-native species which are integral to the historic landscape character."
- 7a.25 The proposed development has demonstrated, through landscape assessment and tree conservation measures, that the ecological, landscape and recreational importance of trees,

- woodland and hedgerows has been recognised and will be respected. The proposals accord with Policy EQ26.
- 7a.26 Accordingly, the proposed development does not fully accord with the Development Plan.

#### 7b Material Considerations

7b.1 The material considerations to be assessed are the site history, the principle of enabling development required to fund the restoration of Lathallan House, National Planning Guidance and the views expressed by consultees.

#### Site History

- 7b.2 The principle of the renovation of Lathallan House and ancillary development including enabling development has been discussed, at the initiation of the current applicant, for a period in excess of three years. The principle of sensitive renovation of Lathallan House, with carefully considered and financially justified enabling development has been informally accepted.
- 7b.3 The stringent requirements of the redevelopment of Lathallan House and ancillary structures, as important "B" Listed Buildings has been stressed.

#### Enabling Development

- 7b.4 The applicant has submitted a detailed financial appraisal of the land purchase costs, development costs and profit levels anticipated. This appraisal has been the subject of review by Falkirk Council development surveyors and construction professionals and by an external planning and surveying consultancy.
- 7b.5 The applicant has submitted a financial summary of costs that provides quantified expenditure on land acquisition, emergency works, construction costs, infrastructure costs, preliminaries and contingencies. In addition, quantified costs on professional fees, finance, sales costs, company formation costs, profits and VAT have been provided.
- 7b.6 The conclusion of the submitted financial summary is that the enabling development proposed is the minimum required to secure the renovation of Lathallan House.
- 7b.7 Peer review of the applicant financial appraisal has indicated that the proposed enabling development to restore Lathallan House etc would not be excessive.

#### National Planning Guidance

- 7b.8 Scottish Planning Policy (SPP) establishes national planning policy in relation to housing land use. In the context of the proposed development, Scottish Planning Policy seeks to create quality residential environments, guide new housing to the right places and deliver housing land in the context of historic buildings and landscape as natural heritage.
- 7b.9 It is considered that the renovation of Lathallan House and Stables and provision of high quality housing of mixed type to include, terraced and detached units is consistent with the aims and objectives of Scottish Planning Policy.
- 7b.10 Scottish Planning Policy advises of the need for a sensitive response to increasing demand for development in the countryside. The aims behind Scottish Planning Policy are that Scotland

- has a prosperous rural economy with a stable or increasing population and that the housing needs of that population need to be accommodated.
- 7b.11 Scottish Planning Policy establishes Scottish Government policy in relation to development affecting Listed Buildings and their settings with a view to protection, conservation and enhancement of the historic environment.
- 7b.12 The policy expressions in Scottish Planning Policy that are relevant to the proposed development relate to the renovation of Lathallan House, stables and walled garden as 'B' Listed Buildings and the potential impact on the setting of these buildings of new enabling development.
- 7b.13 The proposals to renovate Lathallan House and stables are welcomed both in policy terms and by Historic Scotland as statutory consultee. The agreed renovation works would ensure the renovation of these buildings and the re-introduction of residential use would ensure their long term care and protection. This position is consistent with the aims and policy expressions of Scottish Planning Policy.
- 7b.14 The impacts of the development on Lathallan House walled garden and the opposition to the current proposals by Historic Scotland have been outlined in this report, above. The objection by Historic Scotland with respect to the impacts of the proposed development on the Listed Walled Garden are acknowledged.
- 7b.15 Historic Scotland's Scottish Historic Environment Policy (SHEP) provides guidance on the statutory responsibility for the protection and enhancement of Listed Buildings and their setting.
- 7b.16 The proposed renovation of Lathallan House and stables is consistent with the requirements of SHEP. The renovation and long term survival of these buildings is considered to accord with the aims of SHEP and no objections to these proposed developments are held by Historic Scotland. It should be noted that an associated Listed Building Consent application remains under consideration.
- 7b.17 Historic Scotland has, however, expressed concerns with regard to the impact of new development on the setting of Lathallan House and has objected to the proposed impacts on the walled garden. In this respect these elements of the development are considered to be contrary to Historic Scotland's SHEP guidance.

#### Consultation Responses

- 7b.18 The requirements of consultation responses from within Falkirk Council in relation to Community Services (Archaeology), can be achieved by planning conditions.
- 7b.19 Historic Scotland welcomes the restoration of Lathallan House and stables but has expressed objection to the development impacts on the listed walled garden and expressed concern in relation to development impacts on the setting of Lathallan House and associated buildings. The concerns of Historic Scotland have been relayed to the applicant and revisions, most notably to the new development in and around the walled garden, have been requested. The applicant has not agreed to suggested revision to the proposed development. The concerns of Historic Scotland have therefore not been addressed.

- 7b.20 It is accepted that there would be an impact on the setting of Lathallan House, stables and ancillary buildings with any new development. On balance, the proposed new development is acceptable on the grounds that it would secure the restoration and future of Lathallan House. With regard to the financial appraisal that has been submitted by the applicant and reviewed, it is questionable whether this could be achieved if the proposed new development does not proceed.
- 7b.21 The consultation response from The Scottish Trust is noted and the proposed restoration of Lathallan House accords with the views expressed. Comment made with regard to the reuse of fabric of Ivy Cottage / Stables building are noted but the views of the Trust are contrary to the structural advice provided by the applicant's agent which requires more significant building work than The Trust appreciates.
- 7b.22 Comments made with regard to the conjectural recreation of the proposed North Lodge are also noted along with the acknowledgement by the Trust that the development proposals seek to emphasis the type of rural estate that may have previously existed. This matter is considered to be one of subjective judgment and is not considered to significantly affect the consideration of the proposed development in its entirety.
- 7b.23 The comments of the Trust with regard to an innovative approach to the re-use of the Listed walled garden are noted.
- 7b.24 The Trust has questioned the roof design of proposed 'mews houses' and the height of these buildings. As previously advised, the applicant's agent has re-designed the proposed roof treatment to take into account the comments raised. Building height has not been reduced. The agent has advised that the situation of the proposed houses at a lower level than Lathallan House does not justify a reduction in height.
- 7b.25 The comments received from the Garden History Society, "based on a basic desk-top study of the site and the information contained in the submitted documents", acknowledge that the site is not formally recognised as a Designed Landscape. The conversion of Lathallan House is welcomed and requirement for some enabling development also recognised. However, they have concerns in relation to the scale and location of proposed enabling development, Mews housing design and new housing within the Listed walled garden, and object to the application in its current form.
- 7b.27 Falkirk Council has no plans to formally recognize the grounds of Lathallan House as a designed landscape. It is considered that the most effective method of securing the protected future of the grounds of Lathallan House is by agreeing sensitive development within the grounds and resultant management and maintenance arrangements being approved and thereafter controlled.

#### 7c Conclusion

7c.1 The proposed development represents a significant opportunity to secure the sensitive restoration of Lathallan House stables and associated buildings. The proposal has been assessed against the terms of the Development Plan, and National Planning Policy. The conclusion of this assessment is that the proposal is in part contrary to the Development Plan. Also, the concerns raised by Historic Scotland should not be dismissed lightly. There is a relevant concern regarding the impact of the new development on the setting of the Listed Building and, in particular, the listed walled garden. Members should also note that, in the current

economic climate, the proposed enabling development may not be sufficient to make this project economically viable.

- 7c.2 However, a balanced and pragmatic approach is considered to be appropriate. The design quality of the proposed new build is considered to be high. There is no other opportunity proposed to secure the restoration of Lathallan House, stables and associated buildings and, therefore, the risk of further deterioration and the possible loss of the Listed Building is real.
- 7c.3 If Members are minded to grant listed building consent, the application would have to be referred to Scottish Ministers because it is a category B Listed Building and because of Historic Scotland's outstanding objection.

#### 8. **RECOMMENDATION**

- 8.1 It is therefore recommended that Committee indicates that it is minded to grant Listed Building Consent subject to referral to Scottish Ministers.
- 8.2 On conclusion of the referral of the application to Scottish Ministers, referred to in section 8.1 above, Members remit to the Director of Development Services to grant Listed Building Consent subject to conditions relating to:

the investigation of potential archaeological remains and their subsequent recording;

the specification of construction materials and samples as required; construction methodology statements; and phasing and timing of proposed works.

pp Director of Development Services

**Date:** 12 April 2011

#### LIST OF BACKGROUND PAPERS

- 1. Falkirk Council Structure Plan.
- 2. Falkirk Council Local Plan.
- 3. Scottish Planning Policy (SPP).
- 4. Historic Scotland's Historic Environment Policy (SHEP).

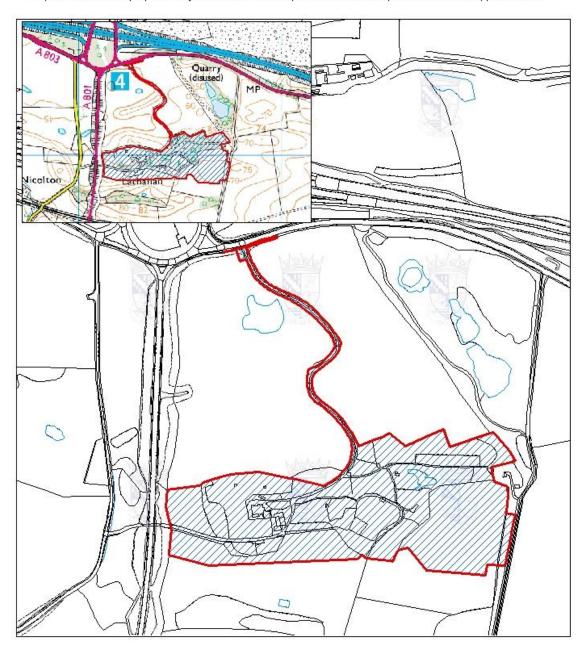
Any person wishing to inspect the background papers listed above should telephone Falkirk 01324 504951 and ask for John Angell.

# **Planning Committee**

# Planning Application Location Plan

P/09/0369/LBC

This plan is for location purposes only. It should not be interpreted as an exact representation of the application site.







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